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STATE OF	NEW YORK			COUNTY OF	SEI
	MEETING OF	THE TECHNI	CAL REVIEW CO	MMITTEE	
HELD AT:		Seneca Romula	a Army Depot us, New York		
HELD ON:		March	15, 1995		
REPORTED	RV:	MARY (	RASEK		
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MR. STRUZIK: Good afternoon, ladies and gentlemen. I'd like to welcome you to our March Technical Review Committee meeting. On behalf of both Lieutenant Colonel Roy Johnson and the Depot, thank you for coming. My name is Tony Struzik. I am the Chief of Installation Management Division.

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Lieutenant Colonel Johnson is out of town on business; as is Steve Absolom who normally attends these meetings, and is the regular Chairman.

We welcome you here. I hope the meeting will be fruitful. I ask you to please speak up so that the recorder can hear the comments that are being made. And if you are in the backdrop, away from the table, if you ask a question, please identify yourself clearly so the stenographer can pick up your name and question.

With that, I'm going to ask the people at the table to introducing themselves.

MR. HEALY: Kevin Healy. I am the lead engineer for the Huntsville Division on all the section RIF work.

22 MR. DUCHESNEAU: Mike Duchesneau. Project 23 manager in Parson Engineering Science.

MR. CHAPLICK: Jim Chaplick. Engineering

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3 Manager for Parsons Engineering Science. 1 MS. FALLO: Janet Fallo. Engineer for Seneca 2 3 Army. Tony Struzik, I. M. D. MR. STRUZIK: 4 MR. JOHNSON: Bruce Johnson. Civilian 5 Executive Assistant. 6 MR. GERAGHTY: Dan Geraghty. New York State 7 Department of Health. 8 MR. SCHANTZ: Program Manager New York 9 District Corp of Engineers. 10 MR. ENROTH: Tom Enroth. Environmental 11 Engineer, Seneca Army Depot. 12 MR. SCOTT: Robert Scott. New York State 13 Environmental Conservation Permit Administrator. 14 MR. DOMBROWSKI: Brian Dombrowski, Seneca 15 County Health Department. 16 MR. GUPTA: Kamal Gupta, project manager for 17 New York State Department of Environmental 18 Conservation. 19 MS. STRUBLE: Carla Struble, USEPA. 20 MR. NELSON: Bruce Nelson, Malcolm Pirnie. 21 MR. BATTAGLIA: Randy Battaglia, Seneca Army 22 Depot. 23 MR. COOL: Bill Cool, Town of Varick. 24 Tiro Reporting Service 536 Executive Office Building Rochester, New York 14614

MR. STAFFORD: Ken Stafford, Supervisor Town 1 of Varick. 2 MR. BATTAGLIA: At this time we are going to 3 talk about the Restoration Advisory Board. 4 Janet Fallo. 5 My name is Janet MS. FALLO: Good afternoon. 6 Fallo. I am a chemical engineer. I work at the 7 Seneca Army Environment Office. 8 Today I'm going to give you an introduction 9 on expanding the Technical Review Committee to a 10 Restoration Advisory Board, also called RAB. 11 That -- the information that I'm going to 12 present to you is based upon Department of Defense 13 policies. And when a RAB is formed it will 14 replace the Technical Review Committee. 15 Right now we are going to take the first 16 steps to determine how much community interest 17 If the base is going to there is to start a RAB. 18 be closed, which we should know around July, then 19 starting a RAB will be mandatory. 20 I'm going to pass around some copies of my 21 There is not enough; if you could handouts. 22 share. If somebody would like some more after, 23 just talk to me after the meeting. 24

1 Now, I'm going to go over some changes that 2 will make the TRC -- how it will reach out to the 3 community and some responsibilities of the Restoration Advisory Board. 4 5 We are going to expand the TRC by adding a community co-chair, with making the agendas and 6 7 getting the community more involved. 8 We are going to recruit additional community representatives to be a part of the Advisory, 9 10 Restoration Advisory Board. And publish the meeting minutes as a concise summary so they are 11 easier to understand and mail those out to a 12 13 mailing list. Some of the ways that we are going to try to 14 increase the community involvement are: We are 15 going to be mailing out surveys to poll the 16 17 interest. Interviewing community members, and advertising notice in the local newspapers. 18 19 Some additional responsibilities of the Restoration Advisory Board will be to review and 20 21 an evaluate documents to get the community more involved earlier on in the process. Recommending 22 priorities among the sites or projects, and 23 24 conducting the meeting at convenient times and

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1	locations.
2	The transition to Restoration Advisory Board
3	has been successful at other installations
4	including closure installations; as well as bases
5	that are remaining open where there is more
6	community interest.
7	If you would like to know the status of the
8	Restoration Advisory Board, you contact myself or
9	Jerry Whitaker, who is the Public Affairs Officer,
10	at the phone numbers right here.
11	And are there any questions?
12	MR. JOHNSON: Janet, just to clarify what you
13	mentioned to us yesterday, the RAB is mandatory if
14	we are officially on base closure?
15	MS. FALLO: Right. It's an option until then
16	so
17	MR. JOHNSON: But until we find out for sure
18	that these are the directions we are going to be
19	going, we are going to be planning, we are going
20	to close. Official notification would be sometime
21	in mid-September. We have a pretty good
22	indication now, but mid-September would be the
23	actual official date.
24	MS. FALLO: Okay. That's it.

MR. DUCHESNEAU: I have got handouts, presentations prepared here so you can follow along.

My name is Mike Duchesneau. I am the Project Manager of the Seneca Army project. I work for Parson's Engineering Science. We work through the Huntsville Division at Seneca. We have been fairly active over the last few years at the Depot in regards to the CERCLA work that's being performed here. I'll be providing you today an update on the status of a lot of these projects.

12I see we have a few out of order here.13MR. COOL: That's all right. We never14understand it anyway.

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MR. DUCHESNEAU: Bear with me.

MR. COOL: Just a joke.

MR. DUCHESNEAU: We are going to begin here with a kind of layout of the organization here for the projects that I'm involved in. Just a brief description. Many of you have seen this before.

21 We have two regulatory -- three regulatory 22 bodies that are involved. In the EPA, which Carla 23 Struble is project manager. New York State 24 Department of Environmental Conservation,

otherwise known as NYSDEC, whom Kamal Gupta is the Project Manager representing them.

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The Department of Health is represented by Dan Geraghty. And that provides, of course, the regulatory review, people that review our documents, provide us any input in terms of workplans, and the direction of where we are going.

Representing the Army, also providing regulatory review, several agencies. I have outlined the ones that have been most active. The Army Environmental Center represented by Doctor Kathleen Buchi. The AHA provides health risk That is Keith Hoddinott. evaluation.

The Depot System Command, John Biernacki. North Atlantic and New York District. Blair Schantz represents the New York Division. Jack Pickett represents the North Atlantic Division; all provide us army comment.

And the last one, the Corps of Engineers, the 20 Omaha Division represented by Andrew Winslow who 21 are involved in the interim remediation that is 22 taking place at the ash landfill. 23 Myself, the Project Manager for Parsons. And

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1	we have technical staff that provides us the
2	capability of performing all the RI/FS work that
3	includes unexploded ordinance support, laboratory
4	support, as well as drilling support.
5	What I'm discussing today is pretty much an
6	update on the areas of concern and CERCLA
7	practices that we are going through. Essentially
8	the four areas I would like to discuss today,
9	those being the SWMU investigation or
10	classification status, the RI/FS's work where
11	what we have been very active on, and also a
12	portion of the federal facilities agreement
13	process called removal action or completion
14	report, to take some of these sites out of the
15	investigation loop.
16	The final thing will be a description of
17	interim remedial measures that are currently
18	ongoing at the ash landfill.
19	To begin the process of my presentation we
20	will be looking at the SWMU investigation or
21	classification status update. What I have done, I
22	have prepared a description or a flowchart
23	outlining what the requirements are in the Federal
24	Facilities Agreement. That agreement was signed

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between the Army, the New York State Department of 1 Environmental Conservation and the EPA. 2 And there is basically three phases to this 3 There is a SWMU identification and process. 4 classification stage, which is pretty much 5 completed. Following that stage of work, a SWMU 6 is either identified as a no action SWMU or an 7 area of concern. 8 If it's an area of concern, there has to be a 9 reason why it's an area of concern. We want to 10 look at that a little bit further. Which moves to 11 the site investigation phase to answer a critical 12 Is there a threat? If a threat does question: 13

exist, then generally we will move into the RI/FS phase for a lot more in depth and thorough analysis. Which the end of which would be project completion close out or a ROD.

In between the SWMU identification and classification, we go through a process of evaluating the site in terms of, can the site threat be eliminated by performing a removal action. Every site isn't totally contaminated. There might be instances where the small expedite removal action would be the best way of

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11 eliminating the threat. And so the IAG accounts 1 2 for the possibility. The end of that process is the completion report which would then be followed 3 by the completion report finalized in a ROD. 4 The ROD is an acronym for Record of 5 6 Decision, which is really all contracts between 7 EPA and the State and the Army in terms of implementing some kind of remedial action. 8 The SWMU classification report all 72 SWMU's, 9 10 Sold Waste Management Unit, have been identified and classified as either a no action or area of 11 12 concern. 13 That report was issued final in mid-September 14 and it is the first primary document identified in the Federal Facilities Agreement. So, we are 15 pretty happy that we got at least that one 16 finalized and we are moving on. 17 The summary of that SWMU classification 18 19 report is, as I depicted here, we have 24 no 20 action SWMU's. We have 12 that we believe can be evaluated, completion report prepared, and a ROD 21 22 prepared. The removal action completion report/ROD 23 24 process, we believe, is appropriate for 8 SWMU's.

And there are 28 that are currently planning going the RI/FS root.

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We are getting at a critical point in time in the process where we need to make some decisions in terms of what sites and what criteria we apply for determining how the sites are classified and evaluated and move through this Federal Facilities Agreement flowchart or process as I depicted earlier.

I'm not going to give you a detailed description of each of the SWMU's and mainly because you probably can't read them. Here is a listing of the SWMU's we believe no further action is required. And they include scrap wood piles, the sewage treatment plants, the waste oil burners, the columbite ore storage pile; those type of things.

The next group are AOC's. I believe we can perform -- we performed investigations or have some information we can evaluate. We will prepare completion reports and RODs from that information that will close out the sites.

The third group, of which there are 8, we would be proposing to perform removal actions,

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prepare completion reports, and finalize that with RODs. And they include sites that are basically impacted with petroleum products, volatiles, BTEX, are benzene, tioluene, ethylbenzene, xylene; typically constituents of gasoline, as well as a group that impacts from metals.

A tank farm is the site that comes to mind right away, SEAD 50. That was a place where a lot of metals or ores were stored back in the 60s and 70s. Some of that material has been discharged or found it's way onto the ground surface.

So, we think that if we can go in there and scrape of some of the soil and dispose of that material properly, that we can close out those sites.

AOC's we are planning on performing RI/FS and eventual RODs, grouping them into what we call operable units. So, we've grouped the ones that are similar, have similar problems, similar types of impacts so we can evaluate them at the same time. And try to conserve our energies into not having to do continual reports and feasibility studies.

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There are several here that come to mind. We

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1	are actually involved in performing two of them.
2	The ash landfill which we are currently performing
3	a remedial action, expediting remedial action, and
4	IRM, interim remedial action. The open burning
5	ground, former open burning ground. We completed
6	the RI/FS.
7	We grouped the fire training areas, high
8	security area where mixed waste was held,
9	deactivation furnaces, out house facilities,
10	landfills, IRFNA, which is inhibited red nitric
11	acid areas, and the like.
12	We have been actively involved in
13	investigating seven, several high priority SWMU's
14	or real AOC's. We completed the field work in
15	February. The report has been issued to
16	EPA/NYSDEC in early July. Our recommendation and
17	the Army's recommendation are for performing RI/FS
18	at six of these and removal action and a
19	completion report process at the one of them
20	SEAD 24 which is the abandoned powder burning
21	pit.
22	We have received NYSDEC's comments and we are
23	currently awaiting EPA's comments. But I believe
24	those are in now.

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1	MS. STRUBLE: Yes.
2	MR. DUCHESNEAU: The Army prioritized all
3	of the sites to try to provide the level of effort
4	required at the worst what we thought would be
5	the worst sites. So, I just described to you the
6	seven high priorities SWMU's or AOC's.
7	The three moderate priority, we have
8	completed site investigations at each of these
9	three. Our draft report was submitted in August.
10	We have received NYSDEC comments and we were
11	currently awaiting EPA comments on these. The
12	Army is recommending RI/FS at all three of these
13	sites.
14	What we call the 8 moderately low priority
15	AOC, we have completed the investigations at each
16	of these 8 sites. This was done in mid-July. The
17	pre-draft report has been submitted. The Army
18	we have received Army comments. And we will
19	shortly be preparing our regulatory review what we
20	call the draft site investigation report for these
21	8 sites.
22	Our recommendations, at this point, or the
23	Army's recommendations at this point is three of
24	the sites are expected to go in RI/FS process.

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Four -- five of these sites would go with completion reports and RODs. And then one of the sites would be a candidate for removal action and a completion report, followed by a ROD.

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Seven sites have been investigated that are in the low priority category. The field work was initiated in February. We have completed that report. Again the pre-draft report has been submitted for Army review. We have comments. We have just received comments on it. The Army will be revising that document and issuing it for regulatory review.

The plan at this point is to perform RI/FS at 60, 63, 64, and 71 for a total of four. Then we will do completion reports for 62 and 70, and a removal action for 67, SWMU 67.

I know that doesn't really mean a lot to you. Those are all sites that I showed you earlier that have various types of activities performed on them.

I would like to move into the status of RI/FS that we have been actively involved in. Just to give you an update on where we stand on some of these investigations. And the first one that we

performed is the RI/FS at the OB, open burning grounds. The remedial investigation has been completed. It's submitted as final and accepted by NYSDEC and EPA as a final document. That's another primary document that has been accepted as final. That included a risk analysis of both human health and ecological risk.

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The feasibility study has been completed. We have received EPA and NYSDEC comments. And we are currently involved in what we call the normal consultation to try to resolve some differences of opinion between the regulatory and the Army in terms of what actions will be performed.

The second site that we have or operable units that we have investigated is the ash landfill which actually includes five sites. RI/FS was submitted final in October. I believe that is another final document that has been submitted and finalized also included human health and ecological risk assessment. Another primary document that is complete, the feasibility study, was submitted for regulatory comments. We have received those comments and we are currently, similar to the OB ground, in consultation of a

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resolution to try to resolve some of the differences in opinion in what -- terms of what remedial actions will be performed at these sites.

We are preparing or are preparing 28 RI/FS workplans to evaluate many of the sites that I have discussed with you previously.

Six workplans are complete. They include the workplans for -- I'm sorry. Yes. Six are complete and this included the workplans for the OB Ground, and the five sites at the ash landfill. We have implemented those as I've mentioned.

We identified, in this process, a real need to try to extract out of the workplans and make this -- make this process a little bit easier to handle. So the plan that we came up with was to extract information out of the workplans that are generic to all of the sites; that includes along the line of how we are going to install the wells; how we are going to sample the wells; what kind of landfill investigation techniques we are going to be doing. Looking for those standards that don't vary between site to site so much.

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There is no reason to publish, each time

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want to go do an investigation, a document about three or four inches thick, when a lot of that stuff is repeat information from one site to the other.

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So, the plan we came up with was to put a lot of that standardized information into what we call the generic workplan. That workplan would be a stand-alone document, SOPs, recommending water hydrology, a lot of that information. And it will simply be referenced in the -- what the scoping plan is.

So, the plan is when we go and investigate a 12 particular site, we want to only discuss, in the 13 workplan or scoping document, the specifics of 14 that site. That would be how many wells we were 15 proposing to install; how many soil borings we 16 would do; what kind of sampling would be specific 17 for that one site. And then simply reference the 18 generic workplan in terms of the specifics of how 19 we are going to do that. We are going to 20 construct the well in accordance with the generic 21 workplan information. 22

23 So, we think that's going to be a real 24 benefit to have the documents evaluated or

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1	reviewed by the agencies and get this process
2	going a little quicker.
3	We have prepared, or are in the process of I
4	should say, preparing workplans for SEAD sites 11,
5	16, 17, 25, 26, 45, 46, 66.
6	11 is the construction debris landfill. 16
7	and 17 are operable units, I believe, two or three
8	which is the deactivation furnaces. 25 and 26 are
9	the fire demonstration areas. 45 is the OD
10	Ground. 46 is a small arms range; former small
11	arms range. 66 is and old pesticide storage
12	facility.
12	We are also in the process of preparing
14	workplans for 14 of them. They are various SWMU's
15	here. To do our RI/FS at those 14 sites, when all
16	this is said and done, very normally we have
17	workplans prepared and reviewed by the agencies to
18	perform 28 RI/FS programs.
19	Just a brief discussion on the status of the
20	completion report or removal actions. As I
21	mentioned, it's an integral part of the process to
22	try to eliminate sites that really aren't too bad
23	that be eliminated without going into the RI/FS
24	process.
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We are planning to perform that activity at basically two groups of sites. One -- one site has been impacted with petroleum hydrocarbons, as I mentioned. That would be for SWMUs 25, 38, 39, 40 and 41. 25 is the fire demonstration pad. 38, 39, 40 and 41 were areas where underground storage tanks existed and there was, there was some small release to the perimeter around those tanks. The plan is excavate that material and to, you know, have it treated at the ash landfill that is currently ongoing with a treatment process that would be ideal for remediation of that type of soil.

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In addition, we are planning on preparing a decision document removal action or a decision document for a removal action at SWMU 24, 50, 54 and 67. That is primarily impacted with metals. And so, we are in the process of figuring out how we want to excavate the material and dispose of it properly off site.

The final subject that I mentioned to you today is the status of interim remedial measures that's being performed at the ash landfill. This involves excavating soil that has been impacted

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	with chlorinated organics.
	The ash landfill involves excavation with low
	temperature thermal desorption, volatized
	chlorinated organics through an afterburner,
	discharge of clean air through a stack and then
	the clean soil would then be placed back in the
	excavated pit. The object is to obviously remove
	the threat to eliminate the source of ground water
	plume and to streamline or expedite the RI/FS
	process.
	Our treatment goals here are to establish
	TAGM/NYSDEC values. TAGM is Technical
	Administration Guidance Memorandum. And those
:	numbers are specific for soil impacted with TCE
;	and DCE development.
5	TCE is tricloroethylene and DCE is
,	dichloroethylene which are chlorinated organics
3	used as solvents. We estimate approximately
,	23,000 cubic yards, or 35,000 tons, would be need

to be processed.

As I mentioned, that process that is selected is low temperature thermal desorption. Remedial activities are currently ongoing.

Now, that's about all I have to say. Any

besides a few other sites -- I only have one chart here. I'm going to start at the bottom. It's hard to see, isn't it?

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We had -- when we were looking at some of the other sites on the Depot, some of these are good candidates to do a removal action. Primarily SEAD 25 which is a fire demonstration pad had petroleum products in the ground, but it was not in the ground water.

SEAD numbers 38, 39, 40 and 41 are boiler houses, and at those sampling they also got some petroleum products in the ground. To do a full-blown investigation on each site cost about two million dollars.

We talked to EPA and the State about it. 15 We have this thermo treatment out at the ash 16 landfill. And said why not just dig these up and 17 treat the soil? We have been proceeding with the 18 19 decision documents that Mike had talked about. 20 And there will be public notice and comment period 21 on those decision documents. We go through a thirty-day public comment period on them. 22 Our chances are, when this project is 23

completed at the landfill site, to go ahead and

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subcontractor going bankrupt. And regardless of what -- whether the bonding company pays or not, the way the contract is set up, that certain people, if they get laid off or not, still have to get paid. And the army will pay those people. Some of them, many of them, were hired by IT Corporation to finish the job because they already knew how to run the equipment.

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That job has progressed. It's been 80 percent complete right now as far as clean up whole area out that there. Okay.

MS. HERMAN: So, they are continuing on. 12 MR. BATTAGLIA: Yes. Yes. I don't know. 13 I think the people have already been paid right 14 now as far as what FERtech owed them for wages. 15 They still have to get -- work it out with the 16 bonding company and Army who gets paid what as far 17 as the legal aspect of that goes. But people got 18 paid and IT Corporation took over the equipment 19 and they are going to finish the job. I was going 20 to talk about that one last. That's already taken 21 care of now. 22

Part, as related to the project out
there, we had found -- Mike had mentioned --

questions?

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2	MS. HERMAN: My name is Ann Herman. I'm a
3	member of the community. There has been a report
4	that the subcontractor on this last project went
5	broke and the employees we were no longer working
6	there. Do you know anything about that.
7	MR. DUCHESNEAU: Actually, I think Randy is
8	the best guy to discuss that.
9	MR. BATTAGLIA: Yes. We do you guys can
10	correct me if I am wrong I have one guy, Doug
11	Wehner, from the Omaha district IT Corporation
12	over here who is running the project at the
13	landfill.
14	Generally, what happens is FERtech, that runs
15	the actual equipment, is the subcontractor. They
16	went bankrupt. And what happens is that IT
17	Corporation had become bonded for the project.
18	What that basically means, as far as I understand,
19	is insurance in case something like that happened.
20	With that, arrangements are they are still able to
21	operate the equipment.
22	Also what happens, as far as the bonding
23	company goes, is suppose to pay employees and
24	other costs that are associated with that

start treating those others areas. We avoid spending a lot of extra money in studying these areas. We still have to do some confirmatory sampling so that we got all that contamination, if it was going to be completed, done based on that.

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But that's part of the process that Mike had talked about; the decision documents, public comment period, and close out reports that he had talked about.

What I have here also related to what Janet had talked about with respect to priorities. This is the Army's prioritized list of what work we are going to be doing in future. In particular, one of the things this remedial action board is going to participate in is setting those priorities. Previously we had the Army normally prioritized the project themselves. And then we consulted with the State and EPA as far as whether they liked those priorities.

The RAB is designed so the community can also participate in those priorities. Basically, we do worse case as far as what we look at first, whatever, based upon historical information that we have about the site. We will do what looks

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like it might be contaminated first.

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These 11 projects on the -- I don't know if that's in focus -- these top 11 projects are remedial investigation feasibility studies. I would just like to talk -- the first two we have already been through; the ash landfill, OB Grounds.

The first group we have grouped in four groups. And that's what Mike had been talking about doing. This actual plan which is a plan of what we are going to go about doing for those remedial investigation feasibility studies. Another thing we had done with this list, that we had that was different then previously, is when we went out and studied the sites around Depot. We got information back from those that make a judgment on whether or not we are going to need a full-blown investigation after that, or if it looks like it's not going to be contaminated. That also has to get approved through public comments, and also the State and EPA that those sites are not contaminated; that they are clean. Some of sites are already in a categories "no

further action." We know just by historic

operation there really wasn't any reason to investigate it further.

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We also created another category "Multiple Sites ROD." With risk evaluation we found a little contamination when we first looked at the sites, but looks like they are all right now; not a risk of health human health and environment.

We are going to evaluate that risk prior to providing the two remediation -- full-blown remediation investigation and feasibility studies.

We also regrouped a number of the sites as far as to save money on what -- what you have to look at; how you go about looking at it. A process is set up for several particular sites to have RI/FS. Because some of the sites had similar operations, we grouped them together just do one RI/FS instead of two because of similar operations. But you can break it up and look at the separate sites.

We also created a project, which we are not sure right now if we are going to get accomplished. We have proceeded in the Decision Document for a number of SWMU's that had metals in soils. They are also small sites that we could

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1	have the same cost to do the cleaning up as it
2	would be to go and study about cleaning up. The
3	plan was to identify a project for that.
4	And it's very preliminary right now. I think
5	the EPA and the State haven't even looked at the
6	site investigation yet as far as approving whether
7	or not we do those.
8	To get back to the restoration advisory
9	board. This is supposed to help the participation
10	in the community and evaluating and advertising on
11	how we do things around here. In looking at this,
12	in the past, I think it's an improvement on the
13	TRC as far as we have been reporting what we have
14	been doing. It's not necessarily well, a
15	participant in those valuations, those
16	priorities.
17	That's about all I really had to say about
18	the priorities. I don't know if there is a lot
19	of numbers. I think I'll go through the
20	particular sites and how we have grouped them.
21	The ash landfill, OB grounds, we have already
22	been proceeding with the RI/FS. The next group is
23	the fire training areas, radiation sites,
24	deactivation furnaces, and old munition wash out

1	facility where they used to wash out the
2	propellants, wash the TNT out of the rockets.
3	The next one is a number of landfills we
4	have on Depot. It is pretty common. They build a
5	building, they landfill the dirt on Depot. We
6	don't know what they had in the landfill there.
7	We also have a few garbage disposal areas.
8	IRFNA disposal, which is a nitric acid. Which, I
9	think, is back in the fifties we had a poured into
10	the lime stone pits and that's just another one.
11	And SEAD 52 and 60 which is a group of
12	buildings that they took munitions apart at and we
13	kind of just grouped them all together because
14	geographically we looked we are going to look
15	at the whole area.
16	Number is 10 a bunch of piles that's really a
17	number of SWMU's. And in their site
18	investigation, we found that they had buried a
19	couple of drums and paint and solvents at a few
20	disposal areas near where we had some sewage
21	sludge piles. That's down as a remediation
22	investigation feasibility study; also a candidate
23	in the near future as far as doing removal. If
24	you know now you have a couple of drums there, you

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1	can start another project and remove them and
2	dispose of them off-site.
3	The eleventh one, the munition destruction
4	areas, which is the open detonation ground that
5	Mike had talked about. That area had been, it was
6	a training range and this was an explosive
7	ordinance disposal area where they do training for
8	blowing demil. And it's for the army bomb squad.
9	They actually did disposal out there. So we
10	grouped the detonation areas together.
11	In general, to look up the particulars of
12	each site, Mike's handout had names of what they
13	are. We've had hand outs before that discuss
14	the history of each site.
15	And I would like to keep it open for
16	questions and answers. If anybody has any
17	specific questions or needed specific information;
18	what sites are what and where they are.
19	MS. SWEET: My name is Mary Sweet from the
20	Seneca Lake Pure Waters Association. Do you have
21	any other statistics available on the 80 percent
22	completed clean up at the ash landfill site.
23	MR. BATTAGLIA: We have about, what 7,000
24	cubic yards of soil remaining out of the 20,000.

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1	MR. COUTTS: Right. Right.
2	MR. BATTAGLIA: We have treated 18,000 cubic
3	yards; 7,000 cubic yards remain.
4	MS. SWEET: Is there any way to tell how much
5	has been cleaned out of that soil?
6	MR. BATTAGLIA: We do uniform testing on
7	each 150 tons.
8	MR. COUTTS: My name is Pete Coutts, the IT
9	Corporation Site Manager for the ash landfill.
10	We sample every 150 ton stock pile of
11	treatment of material for metals; sampling
12	solvents, and we haven't rejected one stock pile
13	yet. Everything is going well. Everything has
14	been backfilled in the excavation.
15	MR. HEALY: In specific response to the
16	lady's question, it has been cleaned up?
17	MR. COUTTS: Yes. It's been cleaned.
18	Removal action for volatiles, we have we have
19	eliminated all volatiles from all the treated
20	material. We have been sampling for metals in
21	addition to that to see if any cells were above
22	those characteristics for metals. We found no
23	metals above those characteristics. So all the
24	material treated to date has been cleared and

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backfilled.

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MR. BATTAGLIA: And I think it would be safe to say all State standards and EPA standards have been met. Let's put it that way.

MS. SWEET: Would there be information forthcoming on when the project is completed as to how much you removed?

MR. COUTTS: We have sent out a Mid-Project Completion Report and it includes all analytical data for the treated material up to, I think it was November. Was December 22nd. Up through December 22nd. All the soil has been treated. All the analytical data has been submitted to all the agencies.

We are still sampling material on a 150 ton stock-pile-a-day basis. That material will be submitted as a final report so that there will be data submitted to the state and federal agencies on our treatment.

MS. SWEET: That answers my question.

MS. SANGREE: My name is Lucinda Sangree, S-A-N-G-R-E-E. My question is: Are those reports available as part of public record that's in town hall just like the minutes of this meeting? And

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1	so is there someplace where they are located for
2	people to look at?
3	MR. BATTAGLIA: I haven't put them down
4	there yet. They are on my desk.
5	MR. STRUZIK: So the Mid-Project report, it
6	eventually will be in that repository?
7	MR. BATTAGLIA: Yes, it will.
8	MR. HEALY: Just in case it wasn't clear what
9	has been cleaned up; what Pete was telling you
10	about the soil source. Which means it's the soil
11	that's been cleaned up. The ground water is still
12	there as far as the contamination that is there.
13	MS. SANGREE: There is a plan for treating,
14	addressing that water?
15	MR. HEALY: We are in the process of doing
16	modeling studies as far as how bad the problem is
17	and as far as going to do if it's going to
18	naturally degradate or if it's going to need
19	special treatment. If it requires special
20	treatment, and the public insists, and EPA accepts
21	it, what we do, then we go ahead and do it.
22	MR. COUTTS: We are also treating ground
23	water as part of the removal action. We are
24	dewatering the excavation and currently we have
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35 treated almost a half a million gallons of water. 1 2 So we are, on a continual basis, treating ground water as part of the removal action. 3 MR. HEALY: There is some ground water 4 treatment going on independent to soil removal. 5 So it could be possible the largest part and the 6 7 worst contamination in the ground water is taken care of. That -- that will have to be looked into 8 as far as the modeling studies are concerned 9 exactly how much and how bad it actually is, 10 11 what's happening. MR. CHAPLICK: We continue to sample the 12 wells and the ground water every three months to 13 see if that's changed. 14 15 MS. SANGREE: Wells for the Depot --MR. CHAPLICK: The team are sampling them 16 today. They do the sampling every three months. 17 MR. DUCHESNEAU: They look a the toe at the 18 ends of the plume. So if the plume begins to move 19 20 or do anything unexpected, we will be able to identify that from happening and we can take 21 22 appropriate action. MR. COOL: Is the water treated -- is it 23 24 treated by bringing it to a boil to boil off the Tiro Reporting Service

536 Executive Office Building Rochester, New York 14614 volatiles?

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MR. HEALY: No. The it's treated by air
separation. It's more a standard technique for
treating volatiles in ground waters. You force
the water down, you force air up, and force the
volatiles to leave the water state into the air
state. Then the air is treated by carbon or some
other standard technology.

MR. BATTAGLIA: Then the water is further treated with a filter before it's clean enough to discharge onto the ground.

MR. HEALY: You have multiple treatments for ground water. First you have the air separation. Then you have got treatment with carbon. Then a little polishing as well.

MR. BATTAGLIA: Out at the site, any snow or rain water at the site, drains in, seeps in, reaches the actual excavation hole which is ground water. Rain water from rain gets pumped out in what's called a Frac tank, 20,000 gallon tank. We store it in there. Then we process it through. We test it again after it's been processed before we discharge it onto the ground. That's currently

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MR. CHAPLICK: We have the discharge permit from the State.

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MS. HERMAN: When you talk about ground removal, where does the ground end up?

MR. BATTAGLIA: We are excavating the soil. All the source areas where the source contamination, where the dirt could be clean. We put that in a staging area prior to putting it through the burning system. We put it through this burning system. Then it's stock-piled in another area that we built, contaminated area, where we put plastic down and sand over it with a berm around -- a little hill around to catch any rain water. And we sample those little piles of dirt; confirm that to be clean and free of contamination. Then the dirt goes back to the same hole that it came out of.

Right now we are backfilling in with treated soil right out of the source area where we are. We have a hole digging up contaminated area and starting to backfill in.

MS. HERMAN: When you talked about various number of sites, you were talking about removal. Is that what's going to happen at all the sites?

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2	MR. BATTAGLA. Yes. Those particular sites
3	will get the same dirt that came out of those
4	sites. MR. HEALY: There may be
5	different forms of treatment. Usually each of
6	these you will see the same thing: Excavation,
7	soil treated, and either put it back if it's
8	possible, or remove it to a landfill and disposing
9	of it properly.
10	MS. HERMAN: Do you have landfills that are
11	targeted for this?
12	MR. HEALY: Don't know that. We haven't
13	gotten that far in the process. Since the
14	decision document's now being prepared, that's
15	something that has to be determined as part of the
16	decision document. I can't say right now.
17	MR. BATTAGLIA: That would be part of the
18	decision document.
19	MR. CHAPLICK: I think the intention of the
20	decision document is to try to get things moving a
21	little bit quickly, smaller sites. So not every
22	site will be addressed with a decision document.
23	Those are just more or less special cases; are for
24	small sites that have small problems.
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MR. HEALY: We are talking about the removal 1 specifically and the decision document will lay 2 out the alternative as far as what's going to be 3 done with the soil. And there will be a point in 4 time where the specific landfills or choices of 5 landfills will be named. And those decision 6 documents have to undergo public review and 7 scrutiny prior to anything being done. So you 8 will get to see them. 9 MS. HERMAN: Where do you post the 10 announcement of the public meetings? 11 MR. BATTAGLIA: Usually put in the Finger 12 Lakes Times pub notice, in that section in the 13 Finger Lakes Times. 14 I think Jerry Whitaker also puts it on the 15 radio. To my knowledge I think he does. 16 What radio? MS. HERMAN: 17 I think it's WBGA. MR. BATTAGLIA: 18 MR. STRUZIK: WBGA, WNYR, WTFW. 19 MR. BATTAGLIA: I think it's in the notice 20 page, I think, for five days in the public notice 21 section of the paper. 22 If there aren't any more questions, or if 23 you need any questions answered, you can always 24 Tiro Reporting Service

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1	get a hold of me. If you stay after, I can give
2	you my number after.
3	I guess we can conclude at this time if there
4	is no more questions.
5	MR. WEHNER: My name is Doug Wehner I am the
6	Project Manager with IT Corporation. I just want
7	to clarify one statement you made with respect to
8	FERtech's bankruptcy.
9	We we have not paid the employees their
10	back wages that FERtech owed them. We are in the
11	process of working this out with the Department of
12	Labor, figuring the hours and amounts due. We
13	will be verifying that hopefully within the next
14	couple of weeks. We are working diligently on
15	that.
16	There are other companies that were owed
17	money through FERtech. We are working closely
18	with the bonding contract. We are working with
19	the bonding company to get those amounts, as it's
20	an ongoing process. It takes a little bit of time
21	to verify the costs involved. We are in the
22	process of doing that, and doing that as fast as
23	we can.
24	MR. BATTAGLIA: What about the date for the
17 18 19 20 21 22 23	money through FERtech. We are working closely with the bonding contract. We are working with the bonding company to get those amounts, as it's an ongoing process. It takes a little bit of tin to verify the costs involved. We are in the process of doing that, and doing that as fast as we can.

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1	next meeting? We usually set whatever date. Same
2	time second week of June. Second week of June
3	same time.
4	(Off the record.)
5	(Back on the record.)
6	MR. BATTAGLIA: July 12th then.
7	The next meeting a TRC or RAB?
8	MR. ENROTH: It will be a TRC.
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1	REPORTER'S CERTIFICATION
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3	I, Mary Grasek, do hereby certify that I reported in
4	stenotype shorthand the Technical Review Committee held on
5	the 17th day of March, and;
6	That the transcript herewith numbered pages 1
7	through 41 is a true, accurate and correct transcript of
8	those stenotype shorthand notes.
9	
10	DATED AT: Rochester, New York
11	this $2^{-75}$ day of March, 1995.
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14	Mary Harbk
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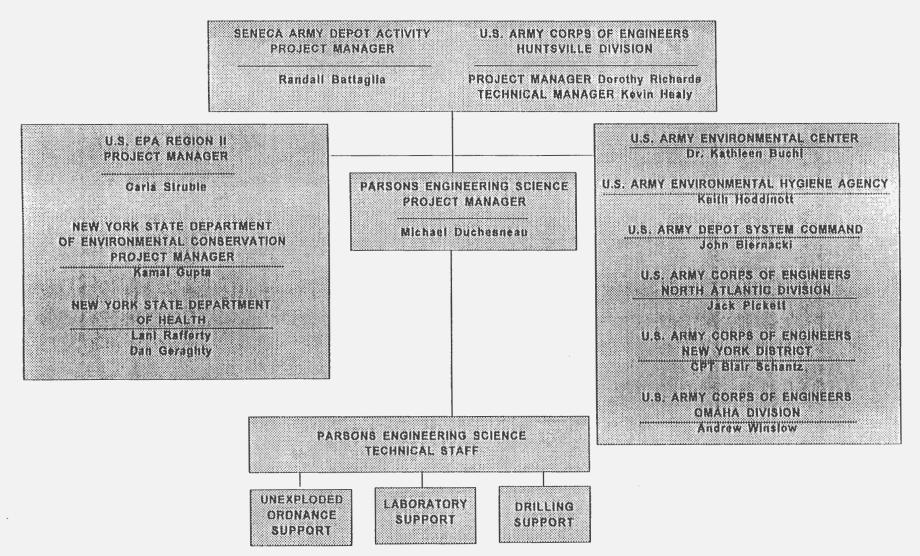
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# PRESENTATION TOTHE CHNICAL REVIEW COMMITTE

#### SENECA ARMY DEPOT ACTIVITY PROJECT ORGANIZATION



UPDATE ON AOC AND CERCLA PROCESS



SWMU Investigation/Classification Status Update



**RI/FS's Status Update** 



Removal Action/Completion Report/ ROD Status Report

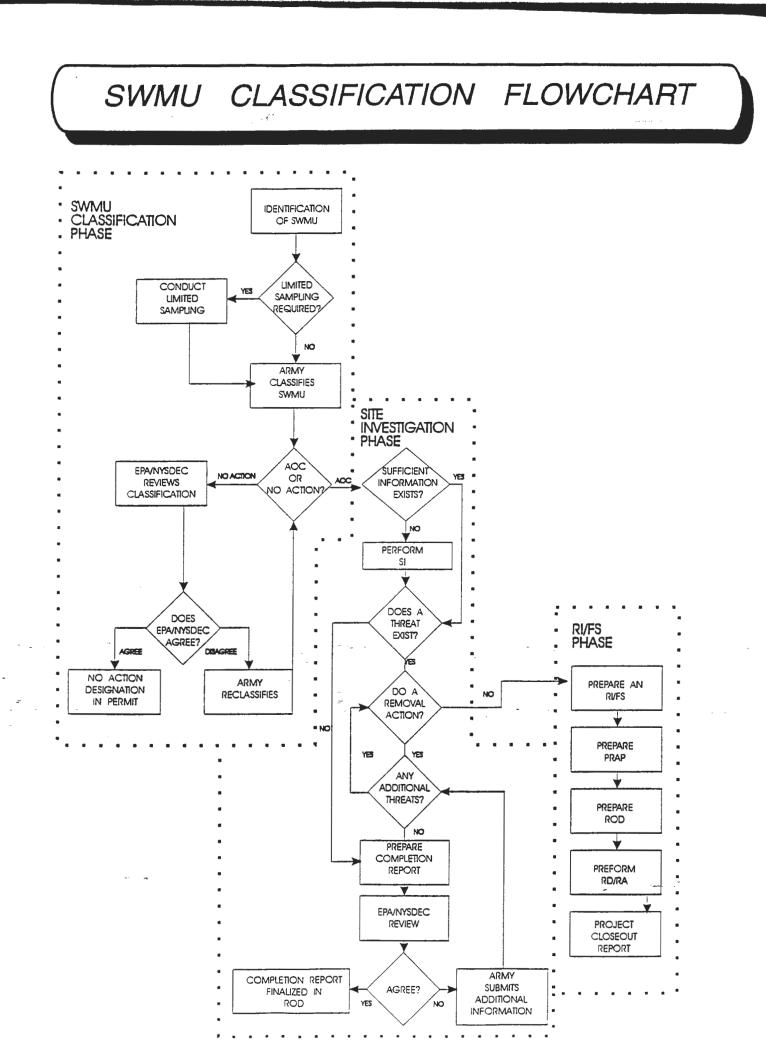


Interim Remedial Measure (IRM) Status Report

## SWMU INVESTIGATION/CLASSIFICATION PROCESS STATUS UPDATE

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### SWMU CLASSIFICATION REPORT



All 72 SWMUs Have Been Classified as Either No Action or Areas of Concern (AOC)



Final SWMU Classification Report Issued on September 16, 1994



**First Primary Document Finalized Under IAG** 

PARSONS ENGINEERING SCIENCE

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### SWMU CLASSIFICATION SUMMARY

Federal Facilities Agreement (FFA) Status	Number of SWMUs or AOCs	
No-Action	24	
Completion Report/ROD	12	
Removal Action/Completion Report/ROD	8	
RI/FS/PRAP/ROD	28	
ΤΟΤΔΙ	72	

ROD - Record of Decision RI/FS - Remedial Investigation/Feasibility Study PRAP - Proposed Remedial Action Plan SWMU - Solid Waste Management Unit AOC - Area of Concern

#### 

SWMU NUMBER	SWMU NAME	
SEAD-1	Building 307 - Hazardous Waste Container Storage Facility	
SEAD-2	Building 301 - PCB Transformer Storage Facility	
SEAD-7	Shale Pit	
SEAD-10	Present Scrap Wood Site	
SEAD-18	Building 709 - Classified Document Incinerator	
SEAD-19	Building 801 - Classified Document Incinerator	
SEAD-20	Sewage Treatment Plant No. 4	
SEAD-21	Sewage Treatment Plant No. 715	
SEAD-22 Sewage Treatment Plant No. 314		
SEAD-29 Building 732 - Underground Waste Oil Tank		
SEAD-30	SEAD-30 Building 118 - Underground Waste Oil Tank	
SEAD-31 Building 117 - Underground Waste Oil Tank		
SEAD-35	Building 718 - Waste Oil - Burning Boilers (3 units)	
SEAD-36	Building 121 - Waste Oil - Burning Boilers (2 units)	
SEAD-37	Building 319 - Waste Oil - Burning Boilers (2 units)	
SEAD-42	Building 106 - Preventive Medicine Laboratory	
SEAD-47	Buildings 321 and 806 - Radiation Calibration Source Storage	
SEAD-49	Building 356 - Columbite Ore Storage	
SEAD-51	Herbicide Usage - Perimeter of High Security Area	
SEAD-53	Munitions Storage Igloos	

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#### SWMU'S REQUIRING NO FURTHER ACTION ROD'S

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#### SWMU'S REQUIRING NO FURTHER ACTION ROD'S

SEAD-55 Building 357 - Tannin Storage	
SEAD-61	Building 718 - Underground Waste Oil Tank
SEAD-65 Acid Storage Areas	
SEAD-72 Building 803 - Mixed Waste Storage Facility	

#### AOC'S REQUIRING COMPLETION REPORT/ROD'S

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AOC NUMBER	AOC NAME	
SEAD-9	Old Scrap Wood Site	
SEAD-27	Building 360 - Steam Cleaning Waste Tank	
SEAD-32	Building 718 - Underground Waste Oil Tanks (2 units)	
SEAD-33	Building 121 - Underground Waste Oil Tank	
SEAD-34	Building 319 - Underground Waste Oil Tanks (2 units)	
SEAD-43	Building 606 - Old Missile Propellant Test Laboratory (combined with SEAD-56)	
SEAD-44	SEAD-44 Quality Assurance Test Laboratory Location A: West of Building 616 Location B: Brady Road	
SEAD-56	Building 606 - Herbicide and Pesticide Storage (Combined with SEAD-43)	
SEAD-58	Debris Area near Booster Station 2131	
SEAD-62	Nicotine Sulfate Disposal Area near Buildings 606 or 612	
SEAD-64B & C	Garbage Disposal Areas Location B: Disposal Area south of Classification Yards Location C: Proposed Landfill Site	
SEAD-69	Building 606 - Disposal Area (Combined with SEAD-43)	
SEAD-70	SEAD-70 Building 2110 - Fill Area	

AOC NUMBER	TYPE REMOVAL	AOC NAME	
SEAD-24	METALS	Abandoned Powder Burning Pit	
SEAD-38	BTEX/VOCS	Building 2079 - Boiler Plant Blowdown Leach Pit	
SEAD-39	BTEX/VOCS	Building 121 - Boiler Plant Blowdown Leach Pit	
SEAD-40	BTEX/VOCS	Building 319 - Boiler Plant Blowdown Leach Pit	
SEAD-41	BTEX/VOCS	Building 718 - Boiler Plant Blowdown Leach Pit	
SEAD-50	METALS	Tank Farm	
SEAD-54	METALS	Asbestos Storage (Combined with SEAD-50)	
SEAD-67	METALS	Dump Site east of Sewage Treatment Plant No. 4	

#### AOC'S REQUIRING REMOVAL ACTIONS/COMPLETION REPORTS/ROD'S

#### AOC'S REQUIRING RI/FS/ROD'S

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UNIT NUMBER	RI/FS AREA	AOC NUMBER	AOC NAME
1	Abandoned Ash Landfill	SEAD-6 SEAD-3 SEAD-8 SEAD-14 SEAD-15	Ash Landfill, Incinerator Cooling Pond, Non-Combustible Fill Area, Refuse Burning Pits, and Building 2207 - Abandoned Solid Waste Incinerator
2	Open Burning Ground	SEAD-23	Open Burning Ground
3	Fire Training Areas	SEAD-25 SEAD-26	Fire Demonstration Pad and Fire Training Pit
4	High Security "Q" Area-Rad Sites	SEAD-12 SEAD-48 SEAD-63	Radioactive Waste Burial Sites Location A: Northeast of Building 813 Location B: North of Building 804 Location C: Building 804, Pitchblende Storage Igloos and Miscellaneous Components Burial Site
5	Deactivation Furnaces	SEAD-16 SEAD-17	Building S-311 - Abandoned Deactivation Furnace and Building 367 - Existing Deactivation Furnace
6	Munitions Washout Facility	SEAD-4	Munitions Washout Facility Leach Field
7	Landfills	SEAD-11 SEAD-64	Old Construction Debris Landfill and Garbage Disposal Areas: Location A: Debris Landfill south of Storage Pad, Location D: Disposal Area west of Building 2203
8	IRFNA Disposal Site	SEAD-13	IRFNA Disposal Site
9	Ammunition Breakdown Area	SEAD-52 SEAD-60	Buildings 608 and 612 - Ammunition Breakdown Area and Oil Discharge adjacent to Building 609

#### AOC's REQUIRING RI/FS/ROD'S

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UNIT NUMBER	RI/FS AREA	AOC NUMBER	AOC NAME
10	Sludge Pile Area	SEAD-5 SEAD-59 SEAD-71	Sewage Sludge Waste Piles, Fill Area west of Building 135 and Alleged Paint Disposal Area
11	Munition Destruction Areas	SEAD-45 SEAD-46 SEAD-57	Demolition Area Small Arms Range Explosive Ordnance Disposal Area
12	Underground Storage Tank Area	SEAD-28	Building 360-Waste Oil Underground Storage Tank Area
13	Pesticide Storage Areas	SEAD-66 SEAD-68	Pesticide Storage Area Near Buildings 5 & 6 Building S-335 - Old Pest Control Shop

**INVESTIGATION OF 7 HIGH PRIORITY AOCS** 



Field Work Completed February 5, 1994



Draft Report (for EPA/NYSDEC Review) Issued July 8, 1994



Army Recommends RI/FS/PRAP/ROD at SEADs-4, 16, 17, 25, 26, and 45 and Removal Action/Completion Report/ROD at SEAD-24

NYSDEC Comments Received on September 17, 1994



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### 3 MODERATE PRIORITY AOC MILESTONES



# Draft Submitted for EPA/NYSDEC Review on August 5, 1994

- NYSDEC Comments Received on October 17, 1994
- $\checkmark$
- Awaiting EPA Comments



Army Recommends: ► RI/FS/PRAP/ROD for SEADs-11, 13, and 57



### 8 MODERATELY LOW PRIORITY AOC INVESTIGATIONS



Fieldwork Initiated in Early February 1994, Completed in Mid-July 1994



Pre-Draft Site Investigation Report for Army Review Submitted on December 16,1994



Army Comments Received on March 10, 1995



- **Army Recommends:**
- RÍ/FS/PRAP/ROD for SEADs-5, 12, and 59
- Completion Report/ROD for SEADs-9, (43, 56, 69), 44, and 58
- Removal Action/Completion Report/ROD for SEAD-50



7 LOW PRIORITY AOC INVESTIGATIONS



Fieldwork Initiated in Early February Completed in Mid-July, 1994



Pre-Draft Site Investigation Report for Army Review Submitted on January 9, 1995

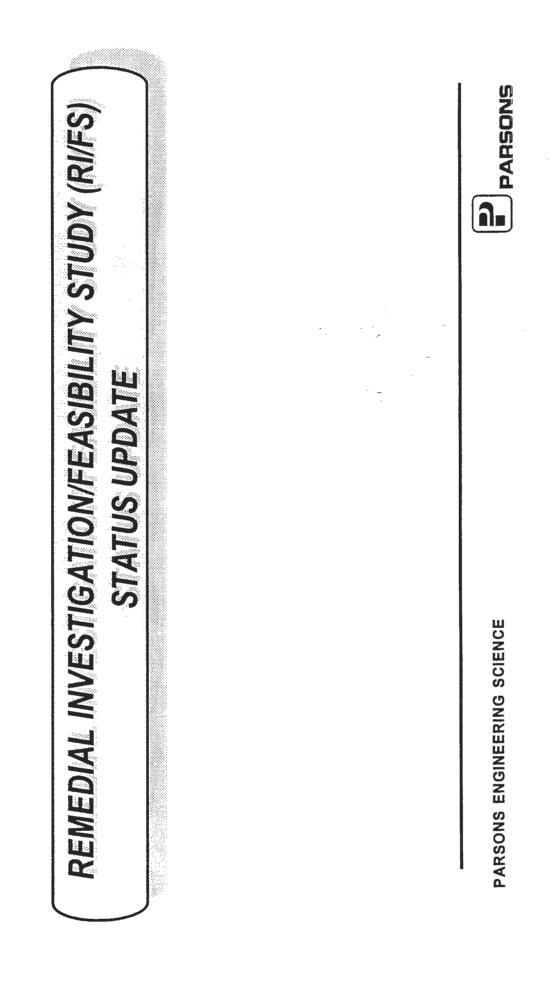


**Army Comments Pending** 



- Army Planning:
- RÍ/FS/PRAP/ROD for SEADs-60, 63, 64, and 71
- Completion Report/ROD for SEADs-62 and 70
- Removal Action/Completion Report/ROD for SEAD-67





REMEDIAL INVESTIGATION (RI) AND FEASIBILITY STUDY (FS) OF THE FORMER OPEN BURNING GROUND (MILESTONES)



- Final Submitted on September 9, 1994
- Accepted as Final

#### 🖉 Feasibility Study

- Submitted for Regulatory Review on March 10, 1994.
- Received NYSDEC Comments on May 5, 1994.
- Received EPA Comments on September 30, 1994
- Formal Consultation Currently On-Going



REMEDIAL INVESTIGATION (RI) AND FEASIBILITY STUDY (FS) OF THE ASH LANDFILL (MILESTONES)

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### **Remedial Investigation**

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Final Submitted on October 3, 1994

### Feasibility Study

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- ► Draft Submitted on September 19, 1994
- NYSDEC Comments Received on December 12, 1994
- EPA Comments Received on February 6, 1995
- Resolution of Comments Currently On-Going



### RI/FS WORKPLANS (28)



6 Workplans Complete and Implementation Underway at:(SEADs-3, 6, 8, 14, 15, and 23)



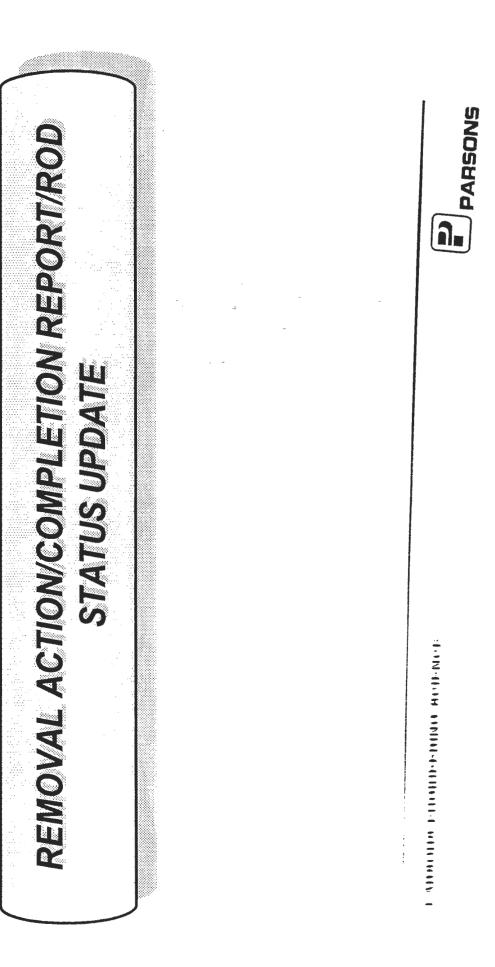
Generic Workplan

Pre-Draft Submitted on January 24, 1995

#### **Scoping Workplans**

- 8 Pre-Draft Issued to Army for Review (SEADs-11, 16, 17, 25, 26, 45, 46, and 66)
- 14 Under Preparation (SEADs-12, 48, 63, 4, 64a, 64b, 13, 52, 60, 5, 59, 71, 57, 28, and 68)





#### DECISION DOCUMENTS FOR REMOVAL ACTION



Decision Document Prepared for SEADs-25, 38, 39, 40, and 41

Pre-Draft Submitted for Army Review on

Decision Document for SEADs-24, 50/54, and 67

Under Preparation



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### **ACTION MEMORANDUM HIGHLIGHTS**



#### **Objectives:**

- Remove existing threat
- Eliminate source of groundwater plume
- Streamline RI/FS process



**Treatment Goals (NYSDEC TAGM Values)** 



Approximately 23,000 Cubic Yards (35,000 tons) of soil will be treated on-site



- **Selected Remedial Alternative**
- Excavation, low temperature thermal desorption, thermal oxidation of off-gas



**Remedial Activities On-Going** 

