## RESTORATION ADVISORY BOARD MAY 30, 1996 MEETING MINUTES

#### 1. Attendance

### Government RAB members present:

Stephen Absolom, BRAC Environmental Coordinator, SEDA
Carla Struble, U.S. Environmental Protection Agency
Marsden Chen, N.Y. State Department of Environmental Conservation
(Alternate for Kamal Gupta, NYSDEC)
Dan Geraghty, N.Y. State Department of Health

### Community RAB Members present:

Diane DeMuth, Richard Durst, Anne Herman, Frank Ives, Mary Anne Krupsak, Al Legasse, Richard Lewis, Russell Miller, Lucinda Sangree, Carmen Serrett, Richard Sisson, Henry Van Ness, David Wagner

### Community RAB members absent:

Estelle Coleman, Brian Dombrowski, and Harold Kugelmass

### Government and Technical Support Personnel present:

LTC Stephen Brooks, SEDA Commander
Thomas Enroth, SEDA Environmental Engineer
Janet Fallo, SEDA Environmental Engineer
Jerry Whitaker, SEDA Base Transition Coordinator
Beverly Lombardo, SEDA Public Affairs Officer
Joanne Ogden, SEDA Legal Representative

Susan Cooper, SEDA Secretary

John Buck, U.S. Army Environmental Center

Mike Cast, U.S. Army Environmental Center, Public Affairs Office

Keith Hoddinott, U.S. Army Center for Health Promotion and Preventive Medicine

Randy Nida, U.S. Army Industrial Operations Command

Randy Battaglia, U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, NY District, SEDA Resident Office

Kevin Healy, U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, Huntsville Division

Michael Duchesneau, Parsons Engineering Science, Inc.

Robert Mutaw, Woodward-Clyde

Rick Newill, Woodward-Clyde

### Others present (from sign-in sheet):

Pete Coutts, International Technology Corporation John Finn, Remediation Technologies Corporation Thomas Grasek, Community Member Martin Toombs, Finger Lakes Times Mark Weider, International Technology Corporation

- 2. The first Restoration Advisory Board meeting was called to order by LTC Stephen Brooks, Commander of Seneca Army Depot Activity (SEDA). LTC Brooks welcomed all members and support staff to the Officer's Club.
- 3. Introductions were then made by Stephen Absolom, the BRAC Environmental Coordinator for SEDA. Mr. Absolom explained that the purpose of the evening's activities was to present a brief overview of the RAB process and become acquainted with other members and support staff.
- 4. Mike Cast, Public Affairs Officer from the Army Environmental Center provided basic information on Restoration Advisory Boards. His briefing explained what a RAB is, its purpose, and who comprised the Restoration Advisory Board. Mr. Cast defined the responsibilities of the RAB, its Co-Chairs, State and EPA support staff, and community members. Benefits of community participation were also discussed.
- 5. The Installation Command Briefing was then given by Jerry Whitaker, SEDA's Base Transition Coordinator. Items addressed were the depot's history, missions, population, facilities, contributions to the local community, relationship with the Local Redevelopment Authority, and white deer.
- 6. Future RAB meetings were discussed with the following issues agreed to by the members present:
- a. When?: Monthly meetings were deemed necessary at first--preferably during a weekday evening to accommodate the majority. The next RAB meeting will be held on Wednesday, June 26, 1996 at 7:00 p.m.
- b. Where?: It was decided that the next meeting will be held at the Seneca Army Depot Activity NCO Club. Other possible locations were the Romulus School, Willard Town Hall, and the Seneca County Office Building. These options may be exercised in the future.
- c. Who?: The Community Co-Chair will be selected at the June 26th meeting. Interested individuals (seven expressed an interest on their initial applications) will be required to provide a verbal presentation with election by a majority vote. Discussion followed regarding duties, time commitments, and administrative support.
- d. Two tours of the depot were offered to RAB members. Dates established were Wednesday, June 12th at 6:30 p.m. and Saturday, June 22nd at 9:00 a.m. A guest is welcome, provided there is room available in the 20-passenger bus. A sign-up sheet was available for those interested in attending a tour. Participants must sign in for the tour at Seneca's main gate on Route 96. The bus will depart 5 minutes after the times listed and will last approximately 1 ½ hours.
  - e. Training will be provided at initial RAB meetings to ensure understanding of the cleanup

process and what is required of the RAB. Information will be provided on regulatory involvement, the funding process, and acronyms and abbreviations.

- f. A tentative agenda for the June 26th meeting included the following topics: (1) introductory training, (2) current activities, and (3) initiate charter.
- 7. The formal meeting was then adjourned at 8:30 p.m. to afford RAB members and regulatory and support staff the opportunity to socialize and become acquainted.

Respectfully submitted,

Susan P. Cooper

SUSAN R. COOPER

Secretary

APPROVED AS SUBMITTED:

STEPHEN M. ABSOLOM

U.S. Army Co-chair

RICHARD A. DURST Community Co-chair

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### MINUTES RESTORATION ADVISORY BOARD JUNE 26, 1996 MEETING MINUTES

### 1. Attendance:

### Government RAB Members Present:

Stephen M. Absolom, BRAC Environmental Coordinator, SEDA Carla Struble, U.S. Environmental Protection Agency Dan Geraghty, NYS Department of Health

### Government RAB Members Absent:

Kamal Gupta, NYS Department of Environmental Conservation (excused)

### Community RAB Members Present:

Diane DeMuth, Dick Durst, Anne Herman, Frank Ives, Mary Ann Krupsak, Al Legasse, Richard Lewis, Harold Kugelmass, Henry Van Ness, Russell Miller, Carmen Serrett, Richard Sisson, David Wagner

### Community RAB Member Absent:

Lucinda Sangree, Estelle Coleman, Brian Dombrowski

### Government and Technical Support Personnel Present:

Thomas Enroth, SEDA Environmental Engineer

Janet Fallo, SEDA Environmental Engineer

Jerry Whitaker, SEDA Base Transition Coordinator

Beverly Lombardo, SEDA Public Affairs Officer

Susan Cooper, SEDA Secretary

Robert Scott, NYS Department of Conservation

Keith Hoddinott, U.S. Army Center for Health Promotion and Preventive Medicine

Randy Battaglia, U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, NY District, SEDA Resident Office

Dorothy Richards, U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, Huntsville Division

Michael Duchesneau, Parsons Engineering Science, Inc.

Barry O'Melia, Woodward-Clyde

Rick Newill, Woodward-Clyde

### Others Present:

Chris Raddell, Community/Contractor Joanne Howard, Community/Contractor Brian Howard, Community Member Nellie Legasse, Community Member

- 2. The June Restoration Advisory Board meeting was called to order at 7:00 p.m. by Stephen Absolom, BRAC Environmental Coordinator for SEDA, who welcomed all members and support staff to the NCO Club and outlined the evening's agenda. Draft minutes from the May RAB meeting were then approved and accepted into record.
- 3. Mike Duchesneau from Parsons Engineering Science, Inc. provided an overview on the Environmental Cleanup Process. His briefing included governing regulations, milestones, and the process under which solid waste management units are listed, classified, and remediated. Copies of Mr. Duchesneau's briefing will be included in the next mailing along with the minutes of this meeting.
- 4. A discussion was held between Mike Duchesneau of Parsons Engineering Science, Inc. and Dr. Dick Durst who asked if Parsons was aware of the newly developed application of iron to reduce the contamination level in a groundwater plume such as the plume at the Ash Landfill. Mr. Duchesneau responded that he was aware of this technology and it was currently being implemented in a full scale application model through another office of Parsons located in North Carolina. The process uses a media, such as iron in the form of iron filings, placed such that the contaminated groundwater passes through the iron and is changed in the process. The iron would oxidize similar to rust forming on iron exposed to air and water. This section of iron can be thought of as a gate in a underground wall so all water would be stopped by the wall except for a section where the gate is installed as part of the wall. The water can pass through the gate of iron. This gate can be removed and replaced with new iron when the media needs to be changed. Mr. Duchesneau then discussed with Dr. Durst reasons this technology may not be applicable for the Ash Landfill. He commented that this innovative technology has been successfully demonstrated in the laboratory or in limited pilot scale applications. However, he has not yet seen results from the full scale demonstration studies. In addition, the iron may prematurely oxidize as the depth to groundwater at the Ash Landfill varies considerably during the year. This may render the treatment useless. An application of this type of technology at the Ash Landfill would require an extensive pilot study if it were to be considered.
- 5. A brief overview of the BRAC Cleanup Plan and its goals was given by Mr. Absolom. After introductions of all present, the responsibilities of the Community Co-Chair position were reviewed. Presentations were given by Richard Durst, David Wagner, and Anne Herman, RAB members interested in filling this position. Written ballots were collected from the 15 community RAB members present with majority vote electing Richard Durst as Community Co-Chair.
- 6. Discussion of Draft Charter followed. Each section was examined and commented on with changes identified and agreed upon for inclusion in the final charter to be approved for adoption at the August RAB meeting.
- 7. General discussion indicated possible topics for future presentations. Suggestions should be made to Mr. Absolom within the next week for preparation of an August agenda.

8. The next Restoration Advisory Board meeting at 7:00 p.m. at the SEDA NCO Club.	will be held on Tuesday, August 20, 1996
9. The meeting was adjourned at 9:25 p.m.	
	Respectfully submitted,
	SUSAN R. COOPER Secretary
APPROVED AS SUBMITTED:	
STEPHEN M. ABSOLOM U.S. Army Co-Chair	RICHARD A. DURST Community Co-Chair

# Restoration Advisory Board Meeting Agenda

### **September 17, 1996**

7:00	Welcome
	LTC Stephen W. Brooks
	Commander, Seneca Army Depot Activity
7:05	Acceptance of Minutes
	Mr. Stephen M. Absolom/Dr. Dick Durst
	Army Co-chair/Community Co-chair
7:15	Fire Training Areas Remedial Investigation Status Mr. Michael Duchesneau
	Parsons Engineering Science, Inc.
7:45	Break
8:00	Risk Assessment for Environmental Sites
	Mr. Keith Hoddinott
	U.S. Army Center for Health Promotion and Preventive Medicine
8:30	Open Discussion
9:00	Adjourn



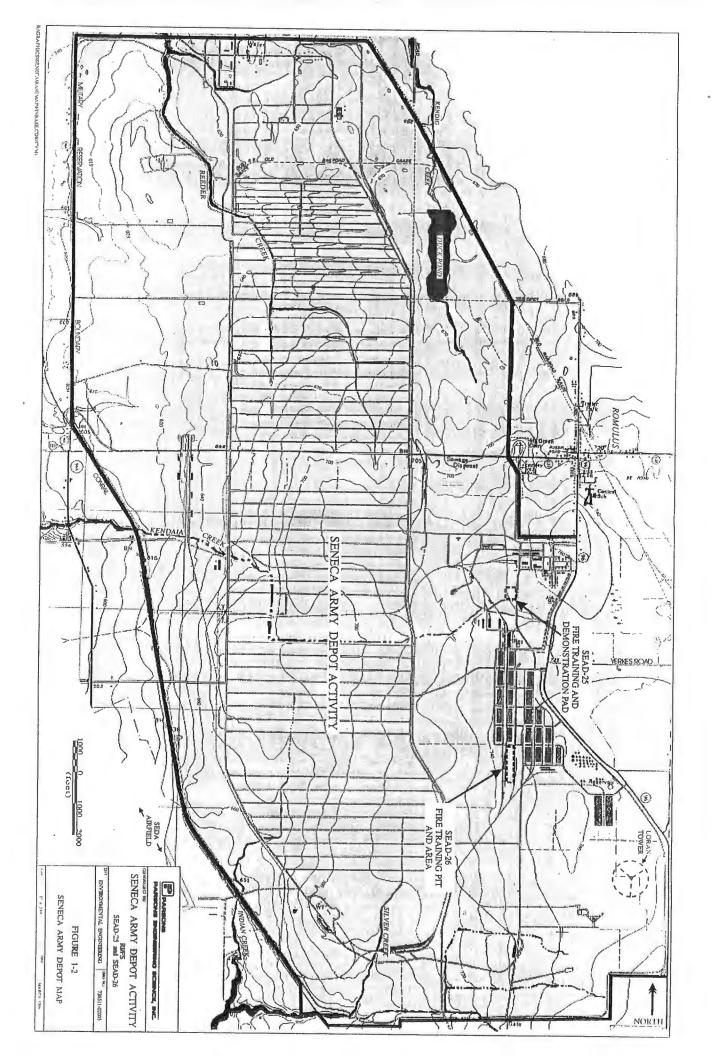
# Presentation to the Restoration Advisory Board (RAB)

September 17, 1996

# REMEDIAL INVESTIGATION/FEASIBILITY STUDY (RI/FS) STATUS REPORT

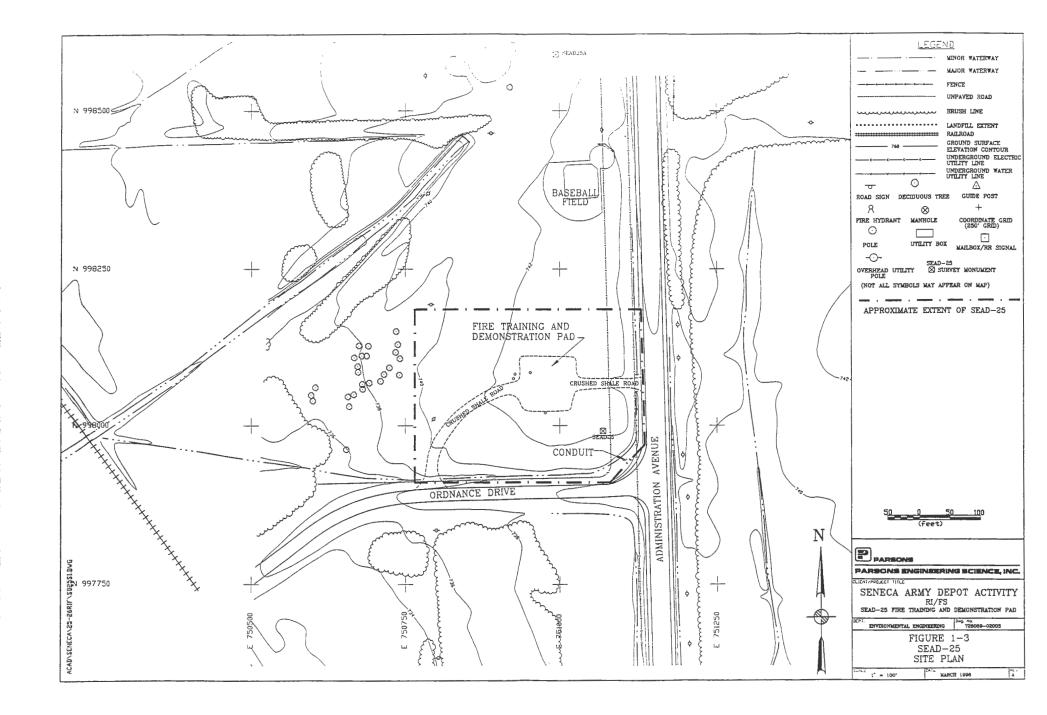
# Summary of Activities at SEAD-25 (The Fire Demonstration Pad) and SEAD-26 (The Fire Training Area)

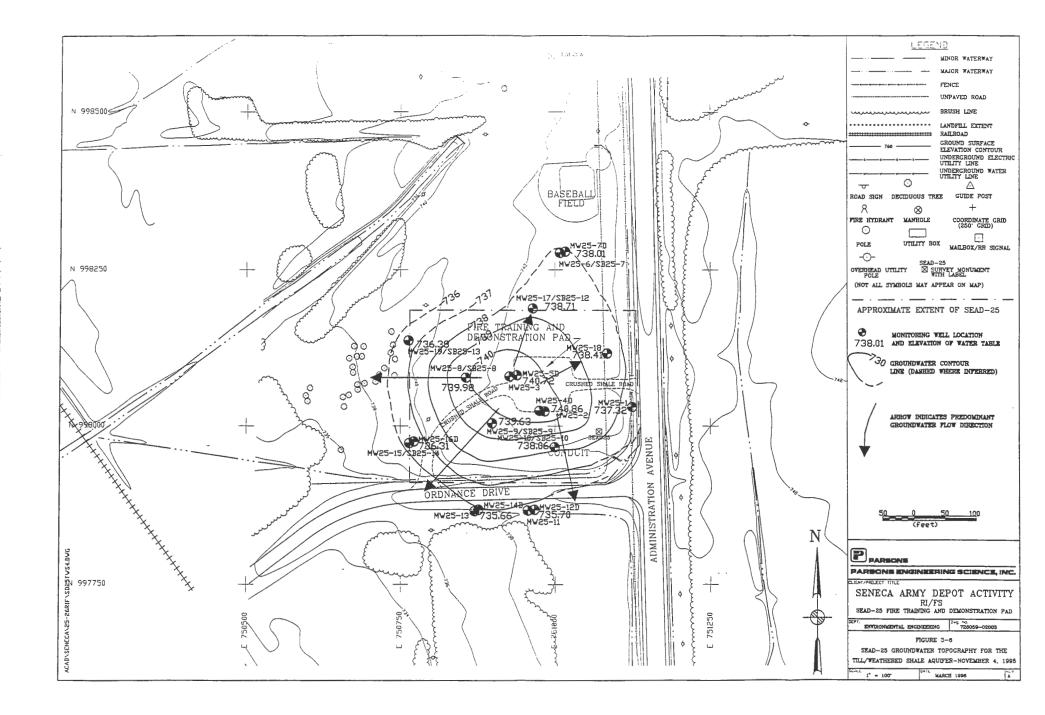
- Remedial Investigation
  - Fieldwork Completed in December, 1995
  - Second Round of GW Sampling Completed in April, 1996
- Pre-Draft Report Submitted to the Army in April, 1996
- Draft Report Submitted to Regulators on June 27, 1996

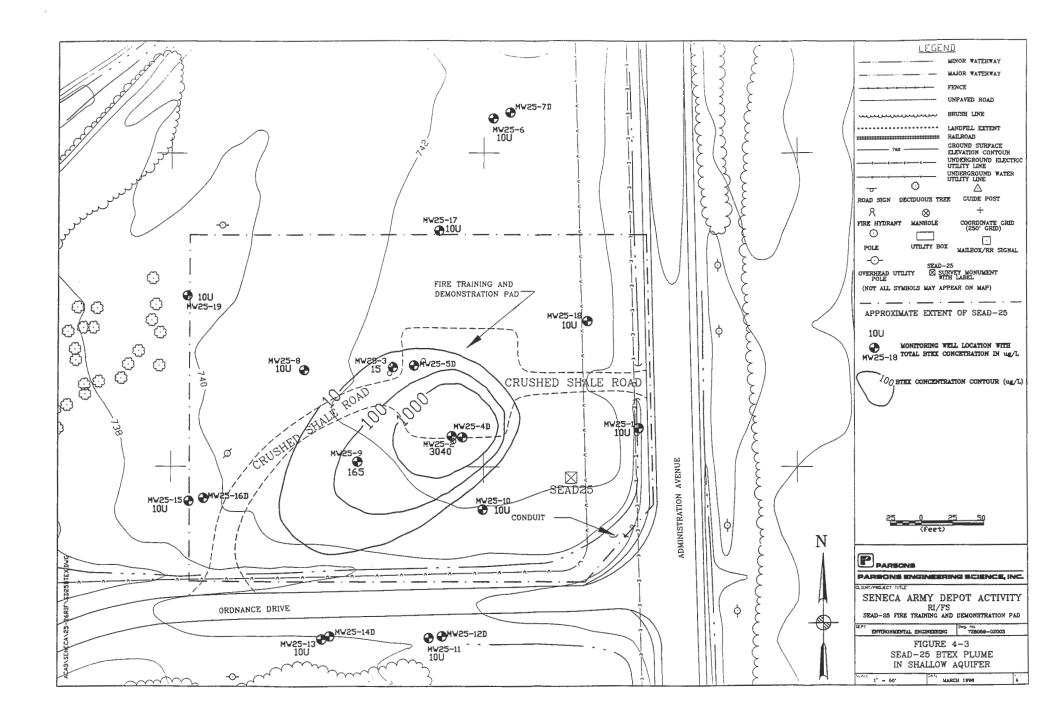


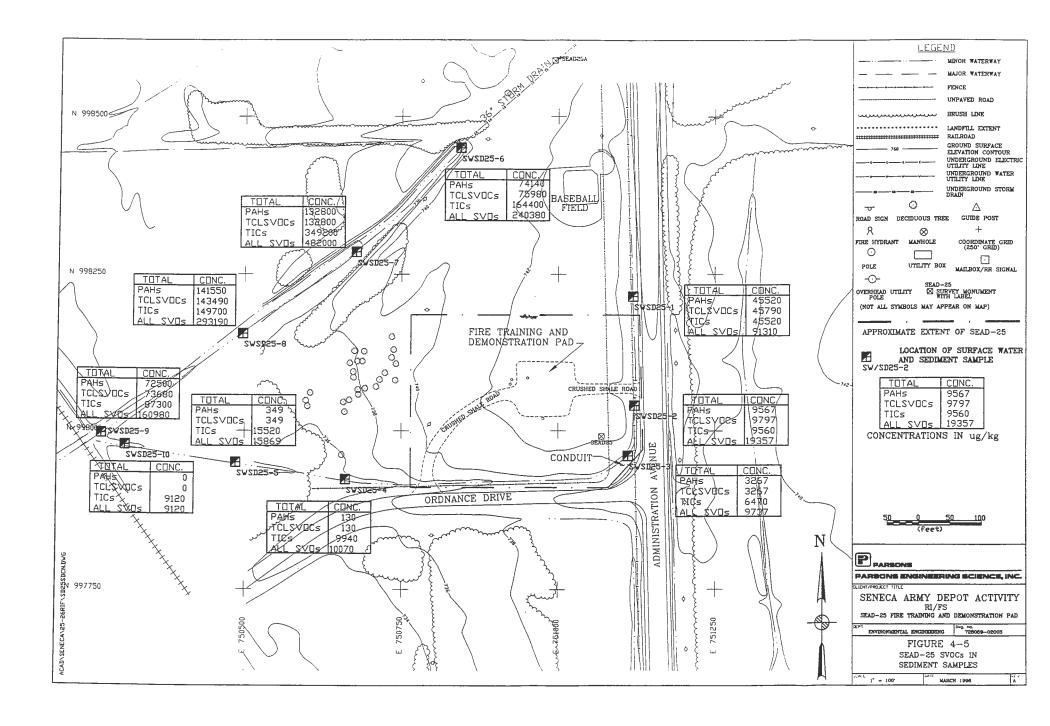
# Summary of Remedial Investigation (RI) at SEAD-25

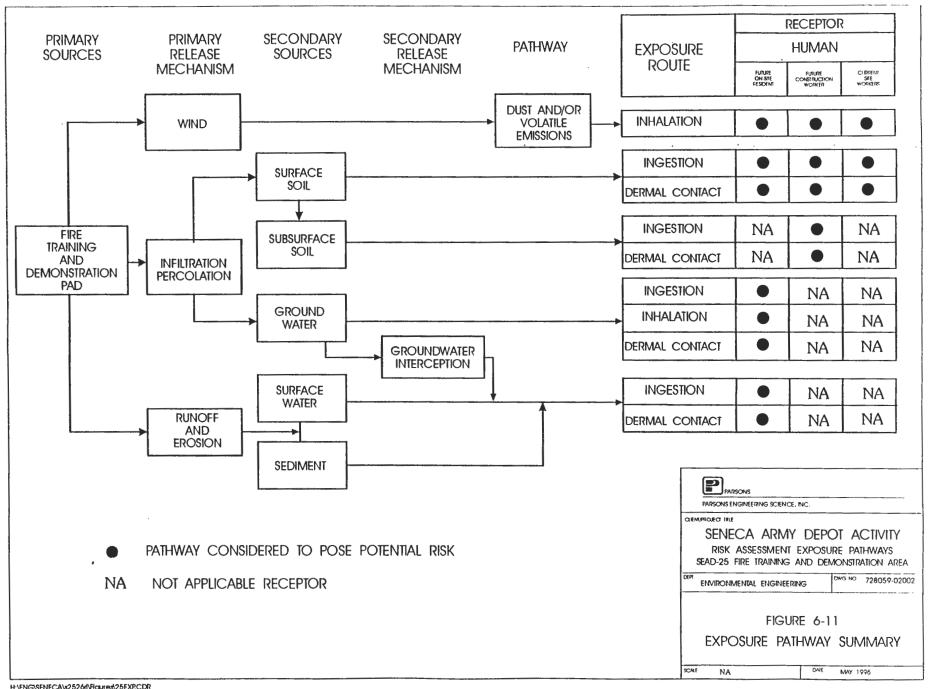
- Volatile Aromatic Compounds Detected in Soil and Groundwater
- Volatile Chlorinated Organics Detected in Soil and Groundwater
- Groundwater Plume Limited to Site Boundaries
- Risk Exceeds EPA Target Ranges for Residential Exposure









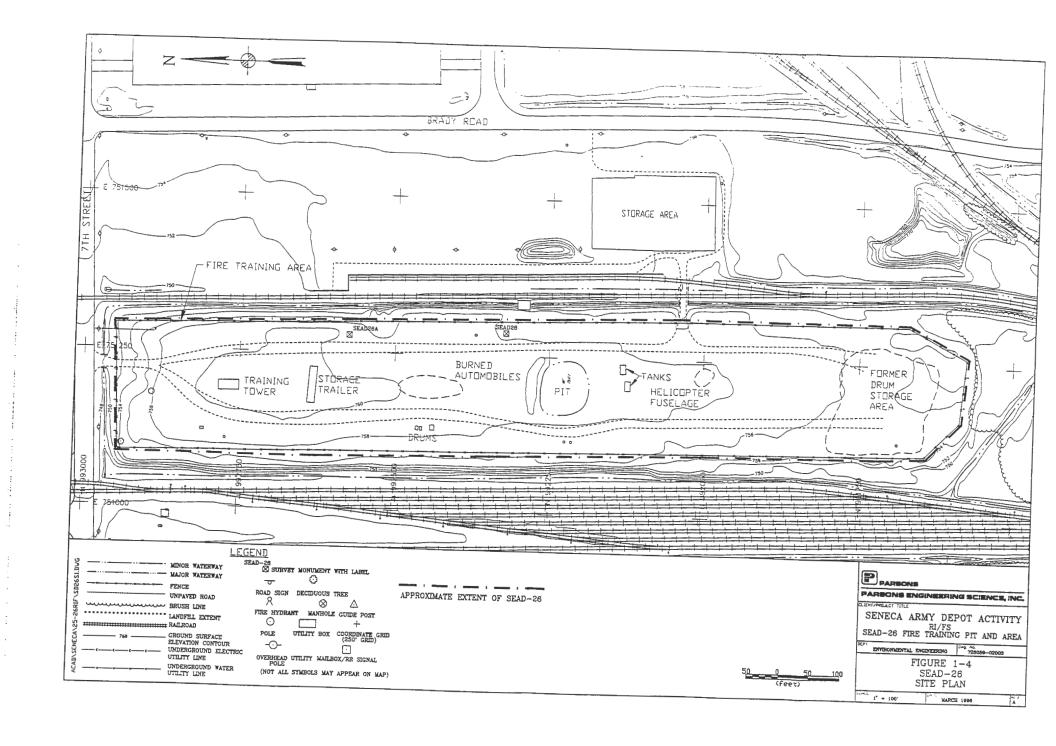


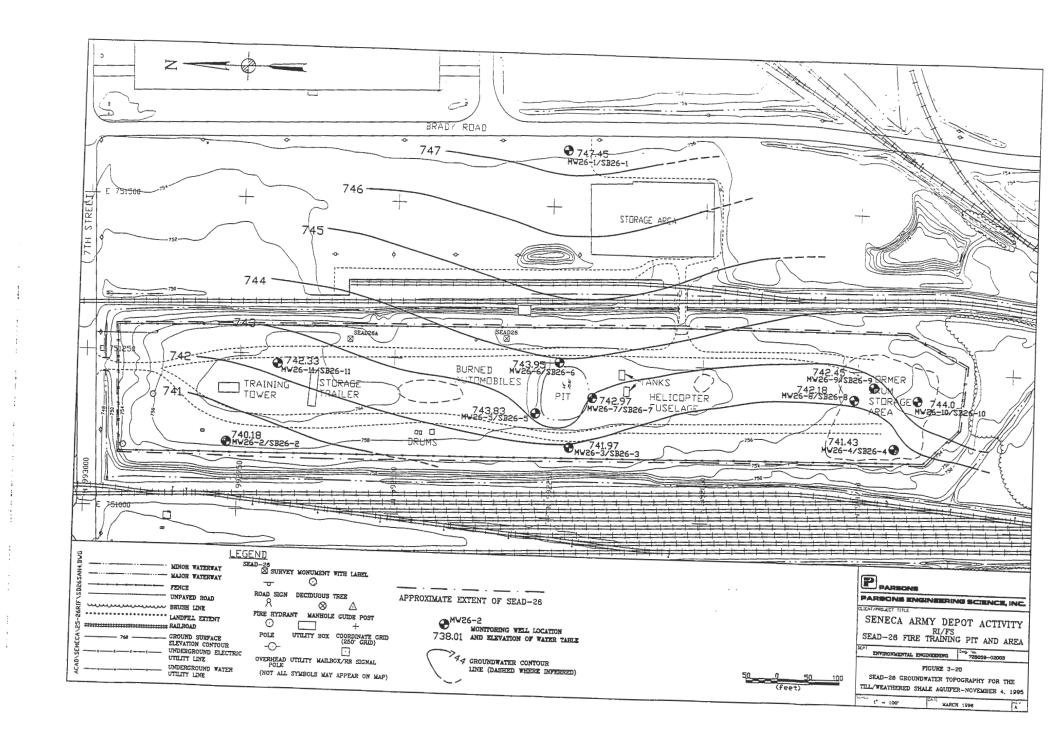
## TABLE 6-74 CALCULATION OF TOTAL NONCARCINOGENIC AND CARCINOGENIC RISKS REASONABLE MAXIMUM EXPOSURE SENECA ARMY DEPOT, ROMULUS, NEW YORK - SEAD 25

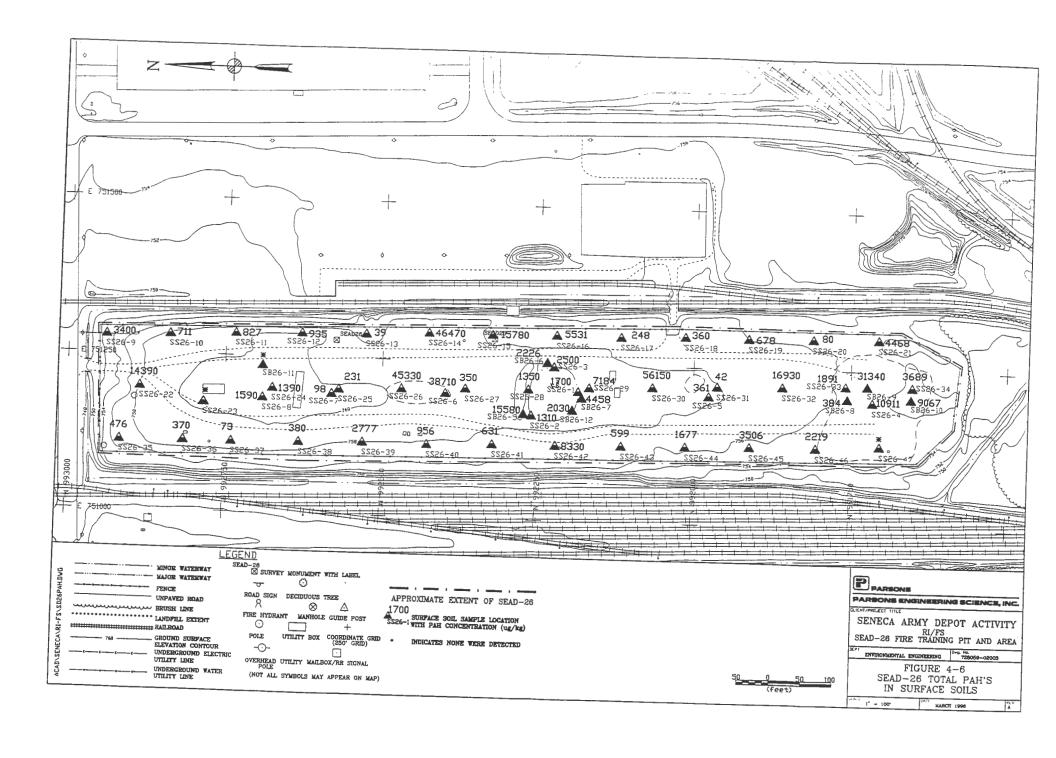
RECEPTOR	EXPOSURE ROUTE	EXPOSURE ASSESSMENT Table Number	RISK CHARACTERIZATION Table Number	KAZARD INDEX	CANCER RISK
CURRENT SITE WORKER	Inhalation of Volatile Organics in Ambient Air	Table 6-7	Table 6-42	3.6E-07	8.7E-12
	Ingestion of Onsite Soils	Table 6-13	Table 6-44	1.6E-03	3.3E-08
	Dermal Contact to Onsite Soils	Table 6-19	Table 6-46	0.0E+00	0.0E+00
TOTAL RECEPTOR RISK (Nc & CAR)				1.6E-03	3.3E-08
FUTURE RESIDENTIAL	Inhalation of Volatile Organics in Ambient Air	Table 6-9	Table 6-48	6.4E-06	1.8E-10
	Ingestion of Onsite Solis	Table 6-15	Table 6-50	2.9E-01	1.8E-06
	Dermal Contact to Onsite Soils	Table 6-21	Table 6-52	0.0E+00	0.0E+00
	Ingestion of Groundwater	Table 6-25	Table 6-54	3.1E+00	5.1E-04
	Dermal Contact to Groundwater	Table 6-27	Table 6-56	2.8E+00	2.5E-04
	Inhalation of Groundwater while Showering	Table 6-31	Table 6-58	3.7E-04	9.2E-08
	Ingestion of Onsite Surface Water while Wading	Table 6-33	Table 6-60	5.4E-03	4.0E-07
	Dermal Contact to Surface Water while Wuding	Table 6-35	Table 6-62	3.2E-03	4.1E-09
	Ingestion of Onsite Sediment	Table 6-37	Table 6-64	3.6E-01	4.1E-05
	Dermal Contact to Sediment while Wading	Table 6-39	Table 6-66	1.1E-04	0.0E+00
TOTAL RECEPTOR RISK (Ne & CAR)				6.6E+00	8.1E-04
FUTURE ON-SITE CONSTRUCTION WORKERS	Inhalation of Volatile Organics in Ambient Air - RME	Table 6-11	Table 6-68	4.5E-06	4.4E-12
	Ingestion of Onsite Soils	Table 6-17	Table 6-70	9.2E-02	4.6E-07
	Dermal Contact to Onsite Soils	Table 6-23	Table 6-72	0.0E+00	4.4E-08
TOTAL RECEPTOR RISK (Nc & CAR)				9.2E-02	5.0E-07

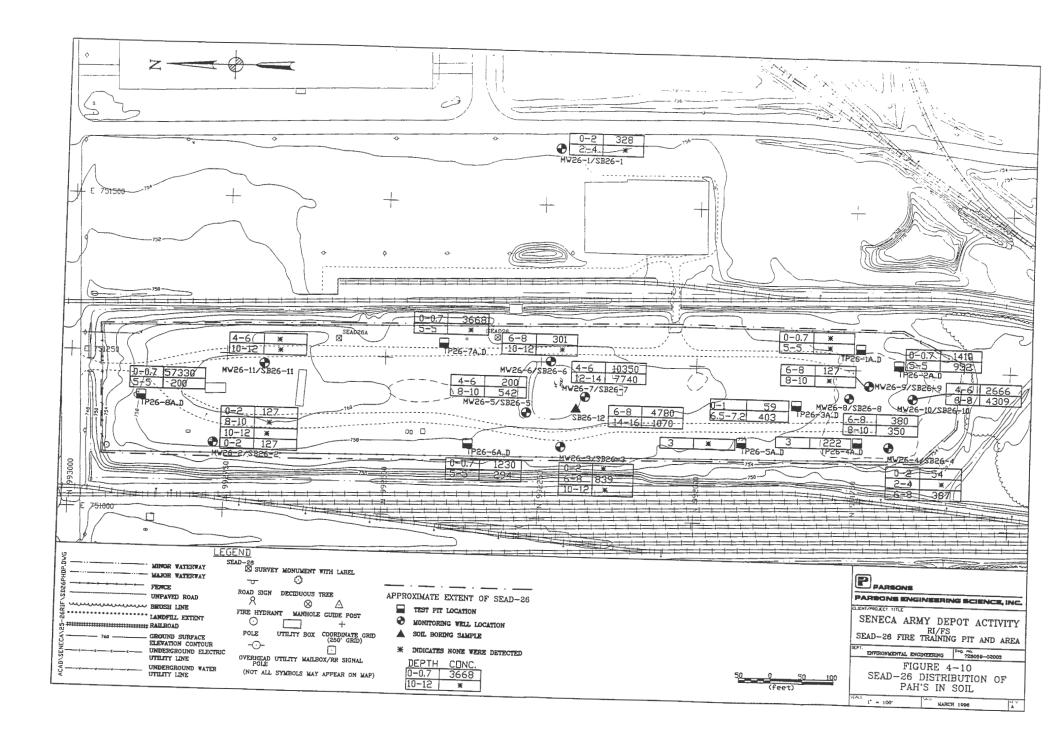
## Summary of Remedial Investigation (RI) at SEAD-26

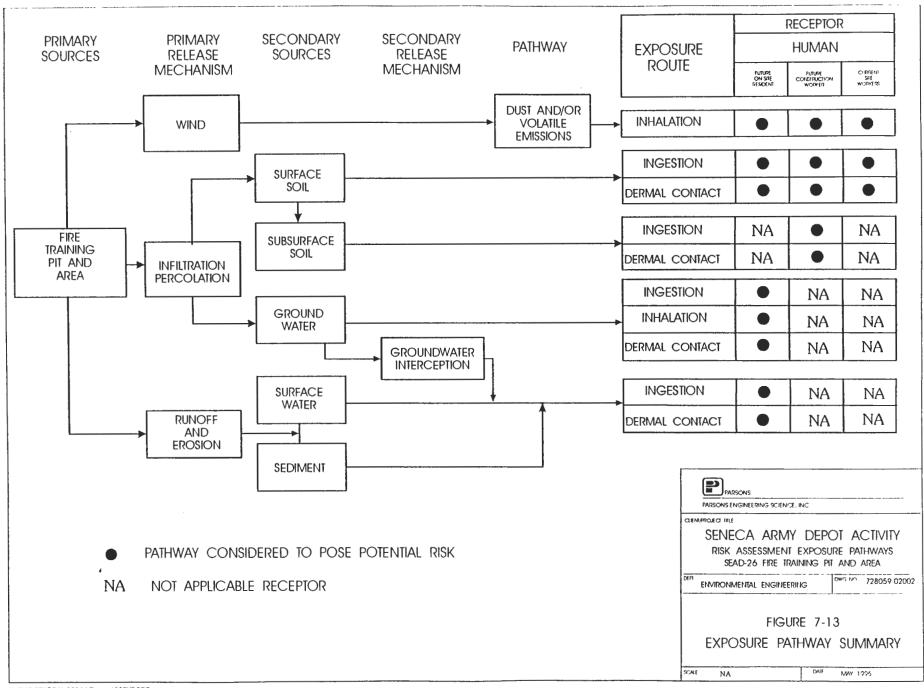
- Semi Volatile Organic Compounds (SVOC)
   Detected in Surface and Subsurface Soils
- Highest Concentrations Detected in Surface Soils Around Fire Training Pit
- Low Conc. of Aromatic Compounds
   Detected in One Well, MW-26-7, Located
   Near the Pit
- Risk Exceeds EPA Target Range for Residential Exposure











## TABLE 7-74 CALCULATION OF TOTAL NONCARCINOGENIC AND CARCINOGENIC RISKS REASONABLE MAXIMUM EXPOSURE SENECA ARMY DEPOT, ROMULUS, NEW YORK - SEAD 26

RECEPTOR	EXPOSURE ROUTE	EXPOSURE ASSESSMENT Table Number	RISK CHARACTERIZATION Table Number	HAZARD INDEX	CANCER RISK
CURRENT SITE WORKER	Inhalation of Volatile Organics in Ambient Air	Table 7-7	Table 7-42	1.5E-09	5.0E-13
	Ingestion of Onsite Soils	Table 7-13	Table 7-44	3.1E-03	1.1E-06
	Dermal Contact to Onsite Soils	Table 7-19	Table 7-46	0.0E+00	0.0E+00
TOTAL RECEPTOR RISK (Nc & CAR)				3.1E-03	1.1E-06
FUTURE_RESIDENTIAL	Inhalation of Volatile Organics in Ambient Air	Table 7-9	Table 7-48	2.6E-08	1.0E-11
	Ingestion of Onsite Soils	Table 7-15	Table 7-50	5.6E-01	6.1E-05
	Dermal Contact to Onsite Soils	Table 7-21	Table 7-52	0.0E+00	0.0E+00
	Ingestion of Groundwater	Table 7-25	Table 7-54	5.7E-02	2.9E-06
	Dermal Contact to Groundwater	Table 7-27	Table 7-56	2.6E-01	6.5E-06
	Inhalation of Groundwater while Showering	Table 7-31	Table 7-58	7.4E-07	2.7E-10
	Ingestion of Onsite Surface Water while Wading	Table 7-33	Table 7-60	2.0E-02	7.0E-07
	Dermal Contact to Surface Water while Wading	Table 7-35	Table 7-62	3.2E-03	4.7E-06
	Ingestion of Onsite Sediment	Table 7-39	Table 7-64	3.1E-01	8.1E-06
	Dermal Contact to Sediment while Wading	Table 7-39	Table 7-66	2.5E-03	3.6E-06
TOTAL RECEPTOR RISK (Nc & CAR)				1.2E+00	8.7E-05
FUTURE ON-SITE CONSTRUCTION WORKERS	Inhalation of Volatile Organics in Ambient Air - RME	Table 7-11	Table 7-68	1.8E-08	2.5E-13
CONSTRUCTION WORKERS	Ingestion of Onsite Soils	Table 7-17	Table 7-70	5.6E-01	3.9E-06
	Dermal Contact to Onsite Soils	<b>Table 7-23</b>	Table 7-72	0.0E+00	0.0E+00
TOTAL RECEPTOR RISK (Nc & CAR)				<u>5.6E-01</u>	<u>3.9E-06</u>

## Potential Soil Remedial Technologies for SEADs-25 & 26

- No-Action
- Off-Site Disposal (Landfilling)
- Containment (Slurry Walls and Caps)
- Vapor Extraction
- Bioremediation (In-Situ or Ex-Situ)
- Low Temperature Thermal Treatment
- Soil Washing

# Potential Groundwater Remedial Technologies for SEAD-25

- No Action
- Pump and Treat (Collection Trench & Air Stripping/Carbon Adsorption)
- Bioremediation
- Air Sparging



U.S. Army Center for Health Promotion and Preventive Medicine

Health Risk Assessment and Risk Communication Program

# HRA Objectives ~ 1

Provide a
consistent Process
for evaluating and
documenting
public health
threats at sites



# HRA Objectives ~ 2

Provide an
analysis of
baseline risks and
help determine
the need for
action at sites



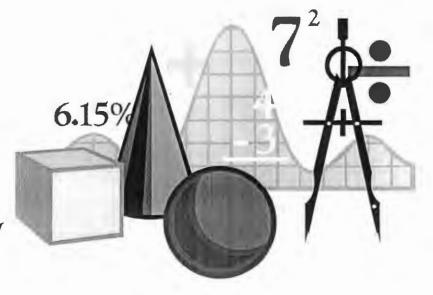
# HRA Objectives ~ 3

Provide a basis for determining levels that can remain onsite and still be adequately protective of public health



# HRA Objectives - 4

Provide a basis
for comparing
potential health
impacts of
various remedial
alternatives





# Superfund Remediation Process

- CERCLA Information System (CERCLIS)
  - A listing of sites with possible releases of hazardous substances
- Preliminary Assessment (PA)
  - An initial evaluation of the site using existing information.
  - Approximately 50% of CERCLIS sites are eliminated from further consideration after PA



- Site Inspection (SI)
  - Based on the results of the PA, an SI may be performed to:
    - Determine if there is a potential threat to human health or the environment
    - Determine if there is an immediate threat to people in the area
    - Collect sufficient data (which may include limited sampling) to enable the site to be scored using HRS

# Superfund Remediation Process

- Interagency Agreement
  - Agreement between the federal facility, EPA, and often the state to address remediation at the site
- Remedial Investigation





### Purpose

- To Collect data necessary to adequately characterize the site for the purpose of developing and evaluating effective remedial alternatives
- Usually contains BRA

# Superfund Remediation Process

■ Baseline
Risk
Assessment



# Superfund Remediation Process

- Feasibility Study
  - Develop and evaluate remedial alternatives





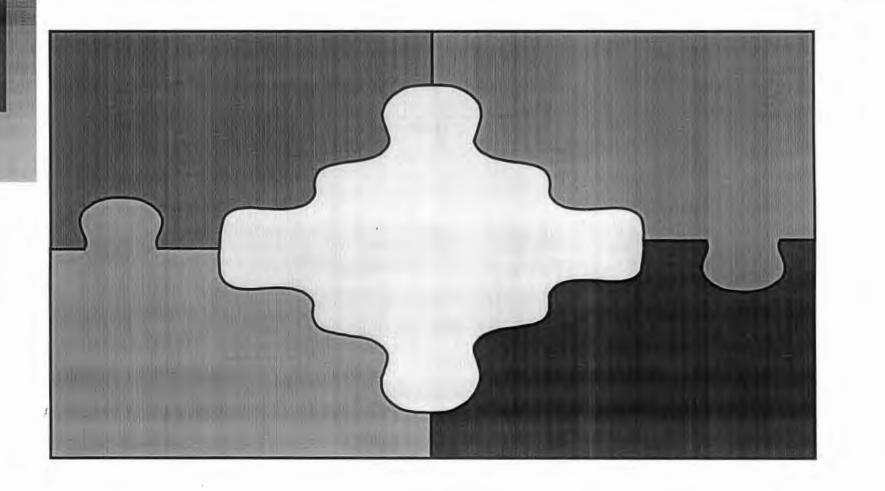




## Superfund Remediation Process

- Record of Decision (ROD)
  - Final remedy decision agreed upon by regulated and regulating agencies
- Remedial Design (RD)
  - Development of actual design of the selected remedy
- Remedial Action (RA)
  - Implementation of the remedy

## Risk Assessment Process





- Data Collection
- Data Evaluation
- Exposure Assessment
- Toxicity Assessment
- Risk Characterization



- Collect Existing Information
- Address Modeling Needs
- Collect Background Examine QA/QC Data
- Conduct Preliminary Exposure Assessment

- Devise Strategy for Sample Collection
- Identify Special Analytical Needs
- Measures



- Data Needed for Risk Assessment
  - Contaminant Identities
  - Contaminant Concentrations
  - Characteristics of Source
  - Characteristics of Environmental Setting
    - As they may affect fate, transport and persistence



- Based on review of existing information, develop a conceptual site model
  - Sources
  - Pathways
  - Receptors



### Background

- Naturally occurring Ambient concentrations of chemicals present in the environment that have not been influenced by humans
- Anthropogenic ~ Concentrations of chemicals that are present in the environment du to human made non~site sources



- Preliminary Identification of Potential Human Exposure
  - Media of Concern
  - Areas of Concern
  - Types of Chemicals
  - Routes of Transport



#### Media ~ Soil

- Heterogeneous Nature of Soil
- Designation of Hot Spots
- Depth of Samples
- Fate and Transport Properties
- "Exposure" Properties



#### Media - Ground Water

- Hydrogeologic Properties
- Well Location
- Well Depth
- Filtered Vs. Unfiltered Samples
- "Exposure" Properties



#### Media - Surface Water and Sediment

- Lotic Waters
- Lentic Waters
- **Estuaries**
- Sediments
- "Exposure" Properties



## Data Collection

#### Media - Air

- Time and Space
- Emission Sources
- Meteorological Conditions
- Modeling Considerations
- "Exposure" Properties



#### Media ~ Biota

- Area Specific Food Preferences
- Usability
- Whole vs. Portion
- Time





- Evaluate Analytical Methods
- Evaluate Quantitation Identify Chemicals of Limits
- Evaluate Qualified and Coded Data
- Evaluate Blanks

- Identified Compounds
- Compare Site Data with Background
- Potential Concern



- Comparison of Blanks with Sample Data
  - Containing Common Laboratory Contaminants
    - Methyl ethyl ketone
    - Methylene Chloride
    - Toluene
    - Pthalate esters
  - Containing Other Contaminants



- Comparison of Samples with Background
  - Use appropriate background data
  - Identify statistical methods ~ statistical significance
  - compare concentrations with naturally occurring levels
  - compare chemical concentrations with anthropogenic levels



- Identify Chemicals of Potential Concern
  - Positively detected in at least one sample with adequate QA/QC
  - Detected at levels significantly elevated above naturally occurring levels
  - Tentatively identified, but associated with the site based on historical information
  - Transformation or breakdown products of chemicals known to be present



- Characterize the Physical Setting
- Identify Potentially Exposed Populations
- Identify Potential Exposure Pathways

- Estimate Exposure Concentrations
- Estimate Chemical Intakes



## Exposure Assessment Step 1

- Characterize the Physical Setting
  - Climate
  - Meteorology
  - Geologic Setting
  - Vegetation
  - Soil Type
  - Ground Water Hydrology
  - Location and Description of Surface Water



## Exposure Assessment Step 2

- Characterize Potentially Exposed Populations
  - Determine location of current populations relative to the site
  - Determine current land use
  - Determine future land use
  - · Identify subpopulations of potential concern



## Exposure Assessment Step 3

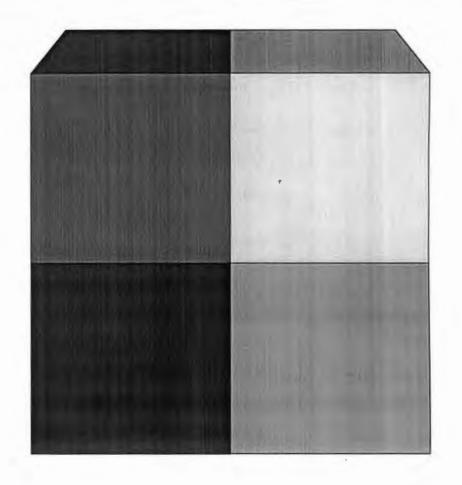
- Identify Potential Exposure Pathways
  - · Identify sources and receiving media
  - Evaluate fate and transport in release media
  - Integrate information into exposure pathways

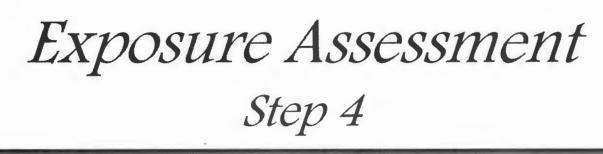
## Exposure Assessment

# Reasonable Maximum Exposure

## Exposure Assessment

Estimation of Chemical Intakes





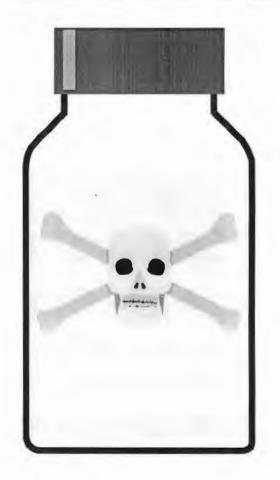
- Determination of Exposure Concentrations
  - Media specific
  - Statistically based
  - · Direct use of monitoring data
  - Use of modeling data



- Gather Qualitative and Quantitative Toxicity Information for Substances being Evaluated
- Identify Exposure
  Periods for Which
  Toxicity Values are
  Necessary
- Determine Toxicity Values for Noncarcinogenic Effects
- Determine Toxicity
   Values for
   Carcinogenic Effects

## Toxicity Assessment

Information for Substances
Being
Evaluated





- Sources of Toxicological Information
  - Integrated Risk Information System (IRIS)
  - Health Effects Summary Tables (HEAST)
  - EPA Criteria Documents
  - ATSDR Toxicological Profiles
  - EPA Environmental Criteria and Assessment Office (ECAO)
  - Open Literature



- Noncarcinogenic Toxicity Assessment
  - Uses Reference Dose (RfD)
  - mg/kg-day



- Carcinogenic Toxicity Assessment
  - Uses Slope Factors
    - Based on one-hit linear dose response
  - (mg/kg-day)-1



- Carcinogenicity Weight of Evidence (EPA)
  - A Known human carcinogen
  - B Probable human carcinogen
    - B1 ~ Limited human data available
    - B2 Sufficient animal data, inadequate or no evidence in humans
  - C Possible human carcinogen
  - D Not classifiable
  - E Evidence of noncarcinogenicity in humans



- Toxicity and Exposure Exposure Pathways Assessments
- Quantify Risks from Individual Chemicals
- Quantify Risks from Multiple Chemicals

- Review Outputs from Combine Risk Across
  - Assess and Present Uncertainty
  - Consider Site~Specific Human Studies



■ Review Outputs from Toxicity and Exposure Assessments





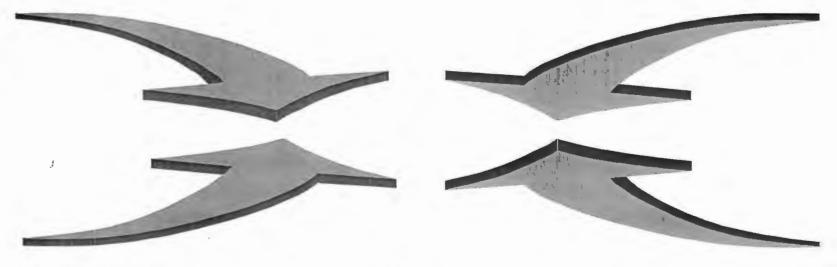
- Calculate Risks from Individual Chemicals
  - Carcinogenic Risk
    - Intake X Toxicity = Risk
    - Risk expressed as probability in hypothetically exposed population
  - Noncarcinogenic Risk
    - Intake/Toxicity = Hazard Quotient
    - HQ > 1 indicates potential for adverse health effects (noncarcinogenic)



- Quantify Risks from Multiple Chemicals
  - Carcinogenic Risk ~~~> Summation of risk for all chemicals
  - Noncarcinogenic Risk ---> Summation of HQs to determine Hazard Index



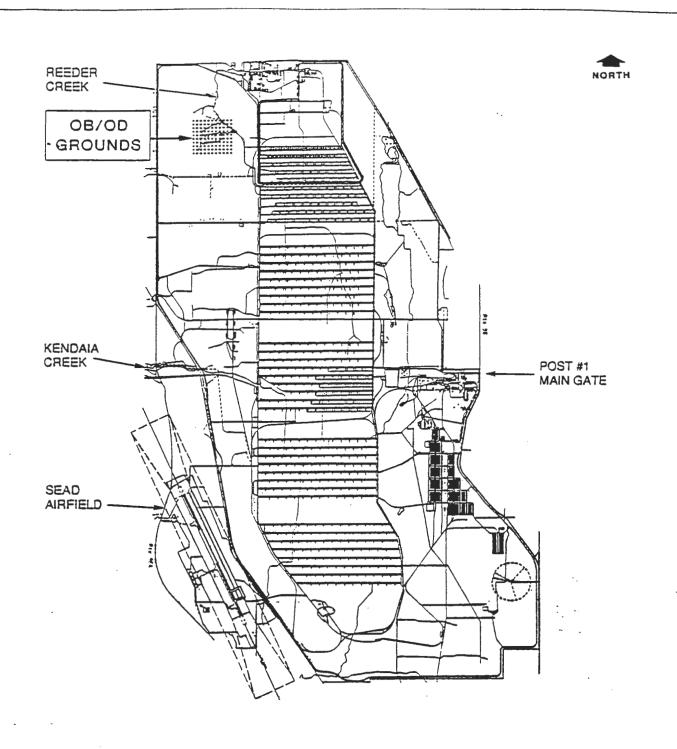
- Combine Risks Across Exposure Pathway
  - Summation for both carcinogenic and noncarcinogenic effects in the same manner as for multiple chemicals





- Assess and Present Uncertainty
  - Lack of data and/or scientific certainty necessitates use of assumptions







ENGINEERING-SCIENCE, INC.

HT/PROJECT TITLE

SENECA ARMY DEPOT
REMEDIAL INVESTIGATION / FEASIBILITY STUDY
OPEN BURNING GROUNDS

DEFT ENVIRONMENTAL ENGINEERING

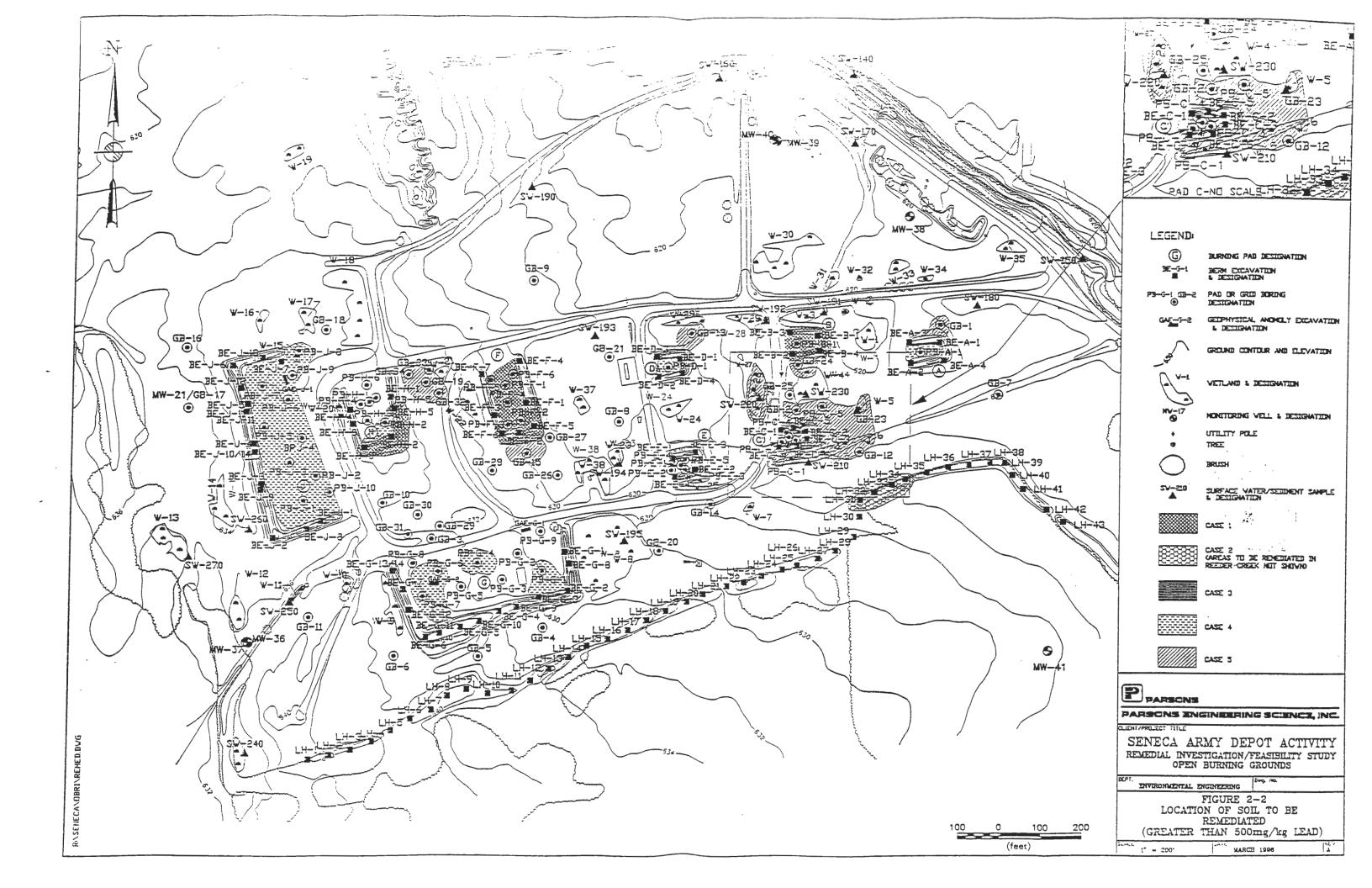
<sup>#0,</sup> 720446-01000

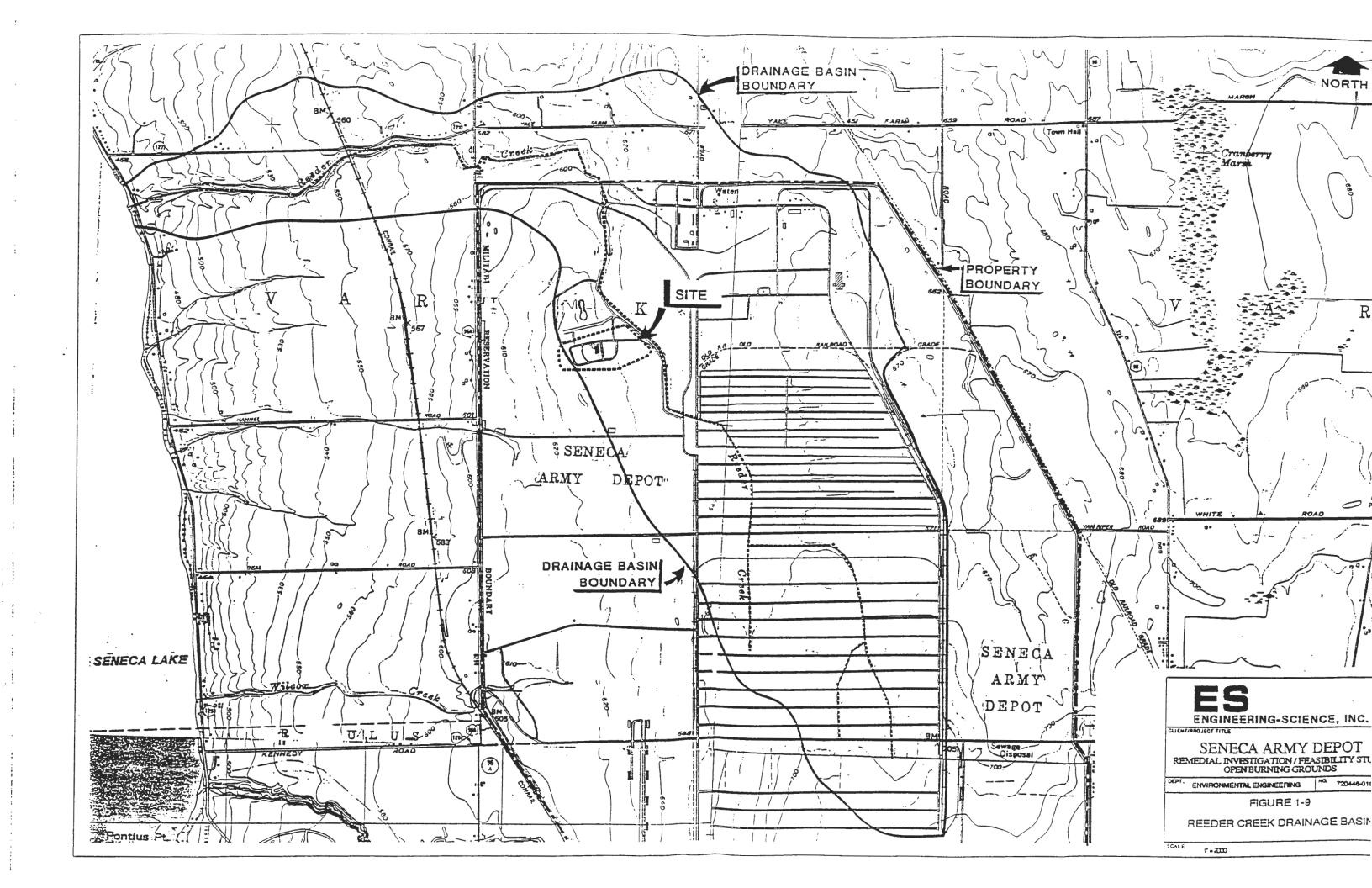
FIGURE 1-2

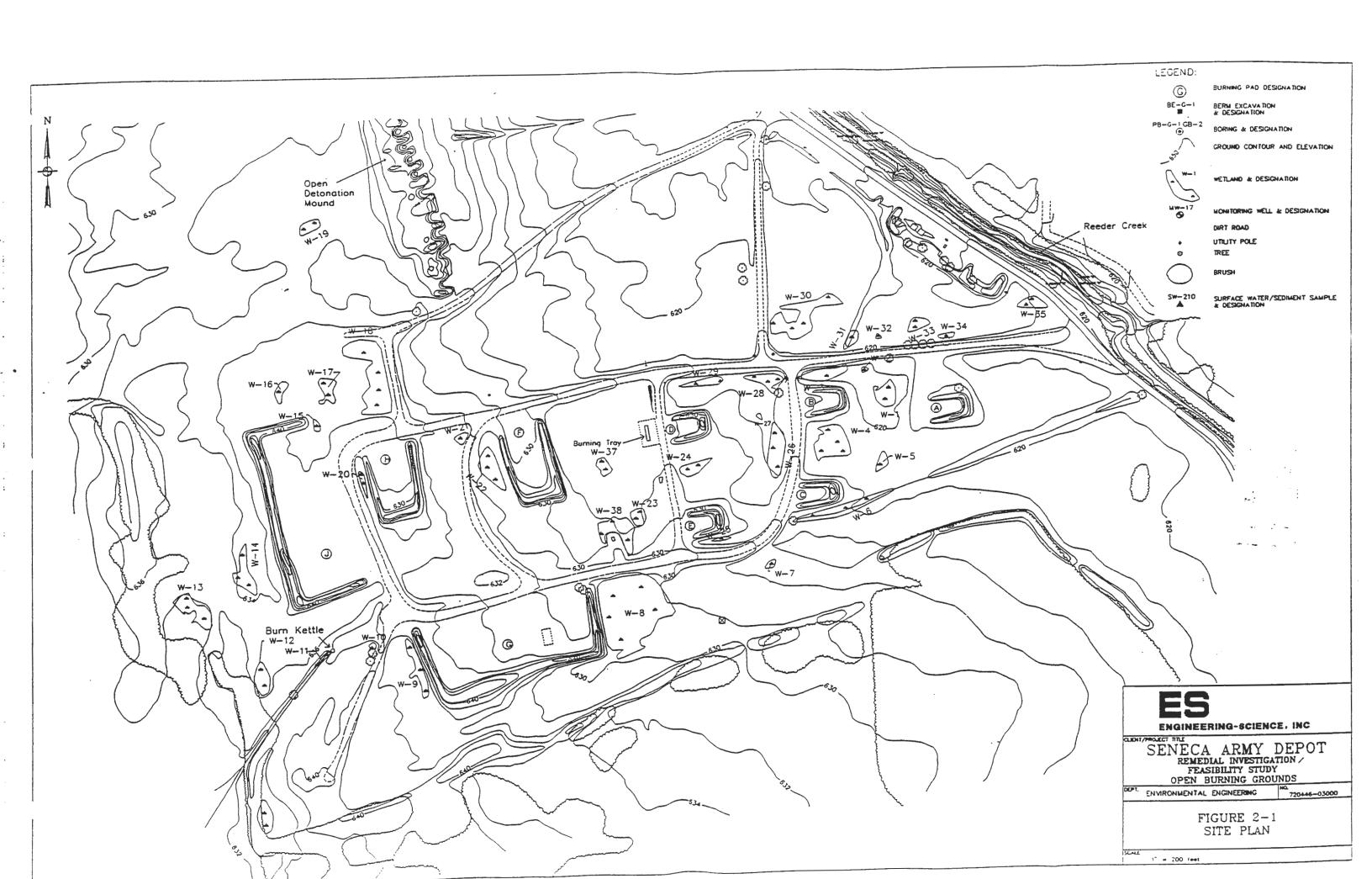
SENECA ARMY DEPOT MAP

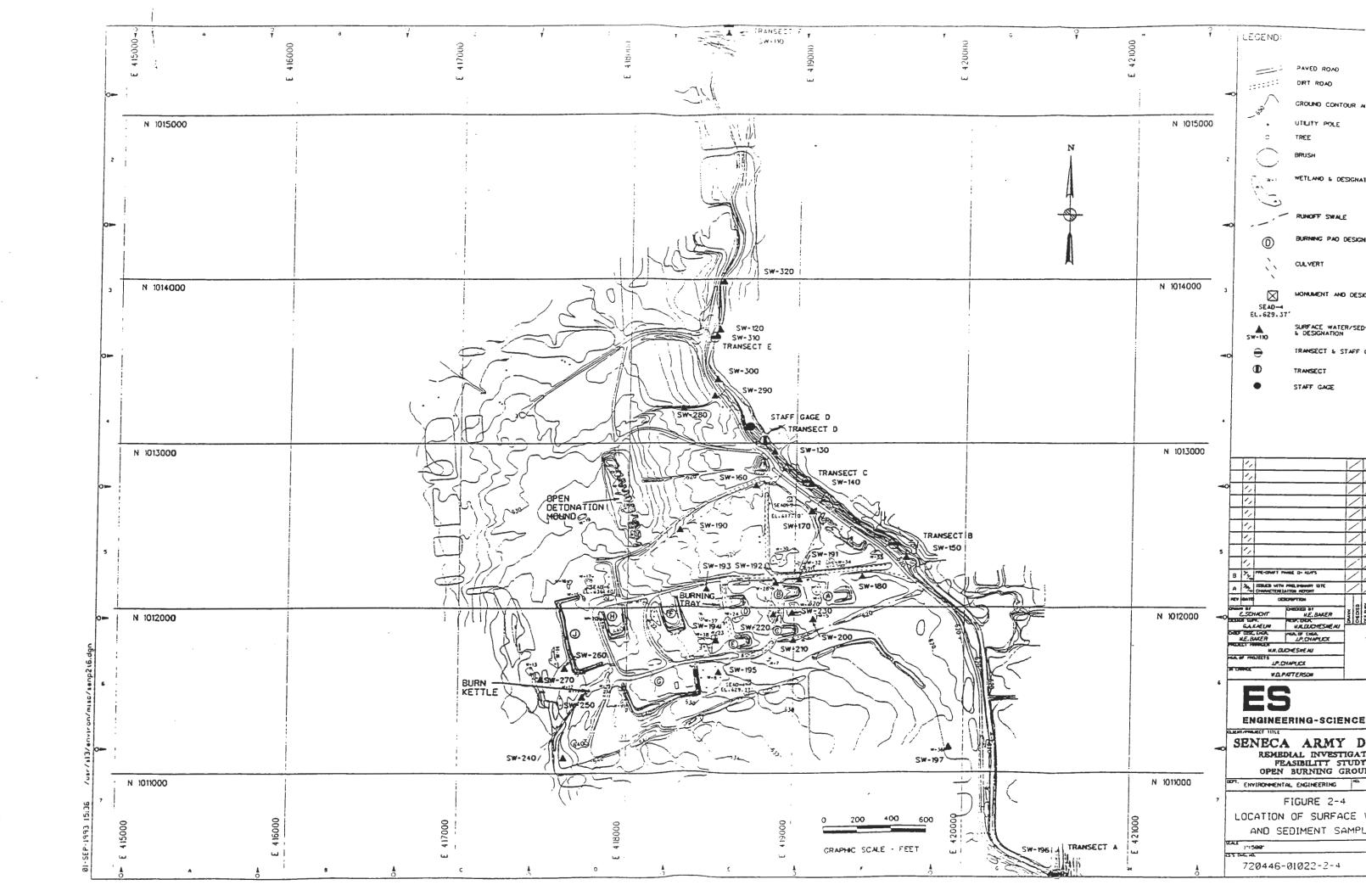
SOURCE: Seneca Army Depot

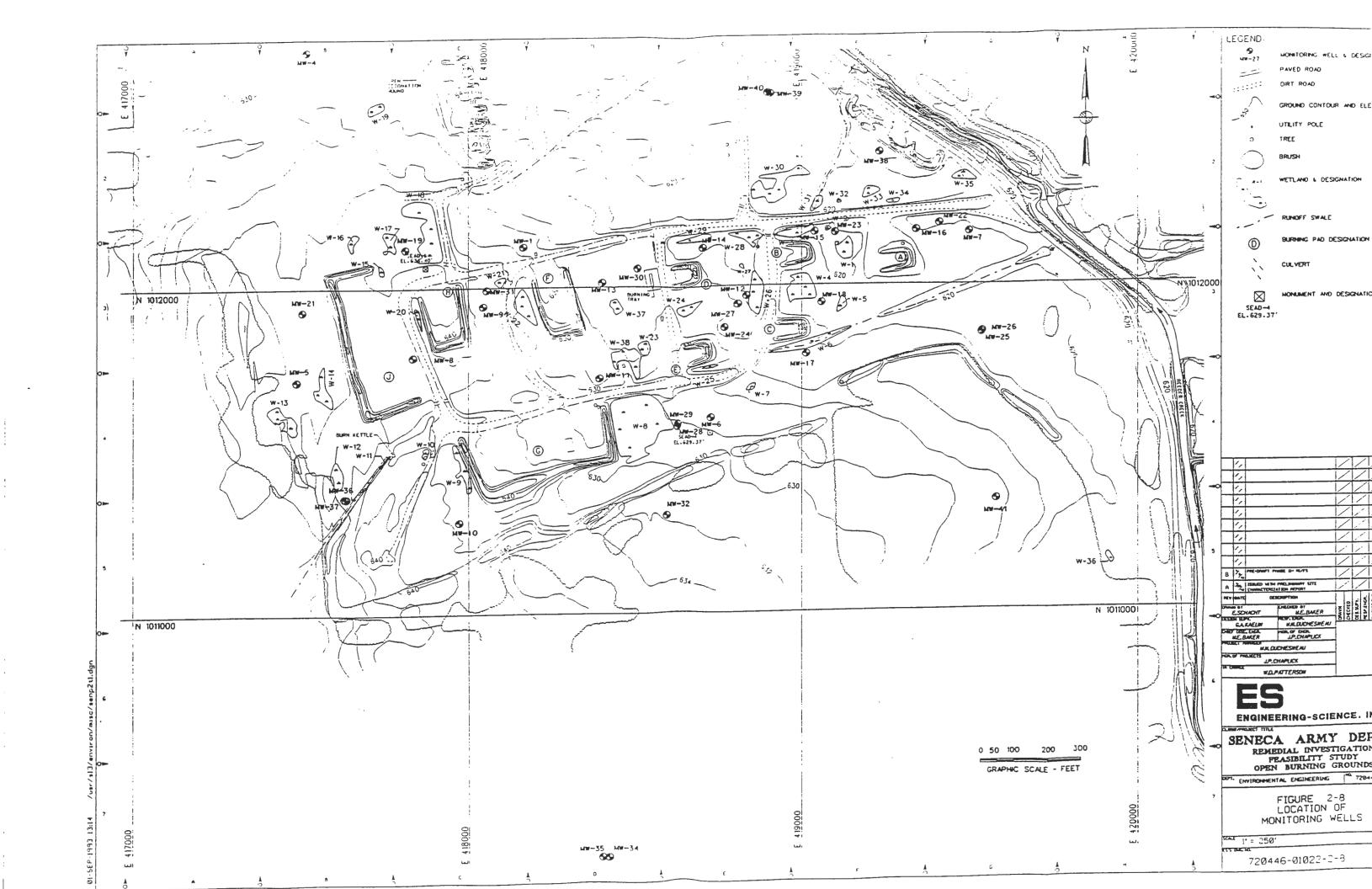
1" = 5000' (APPROXIMATE)

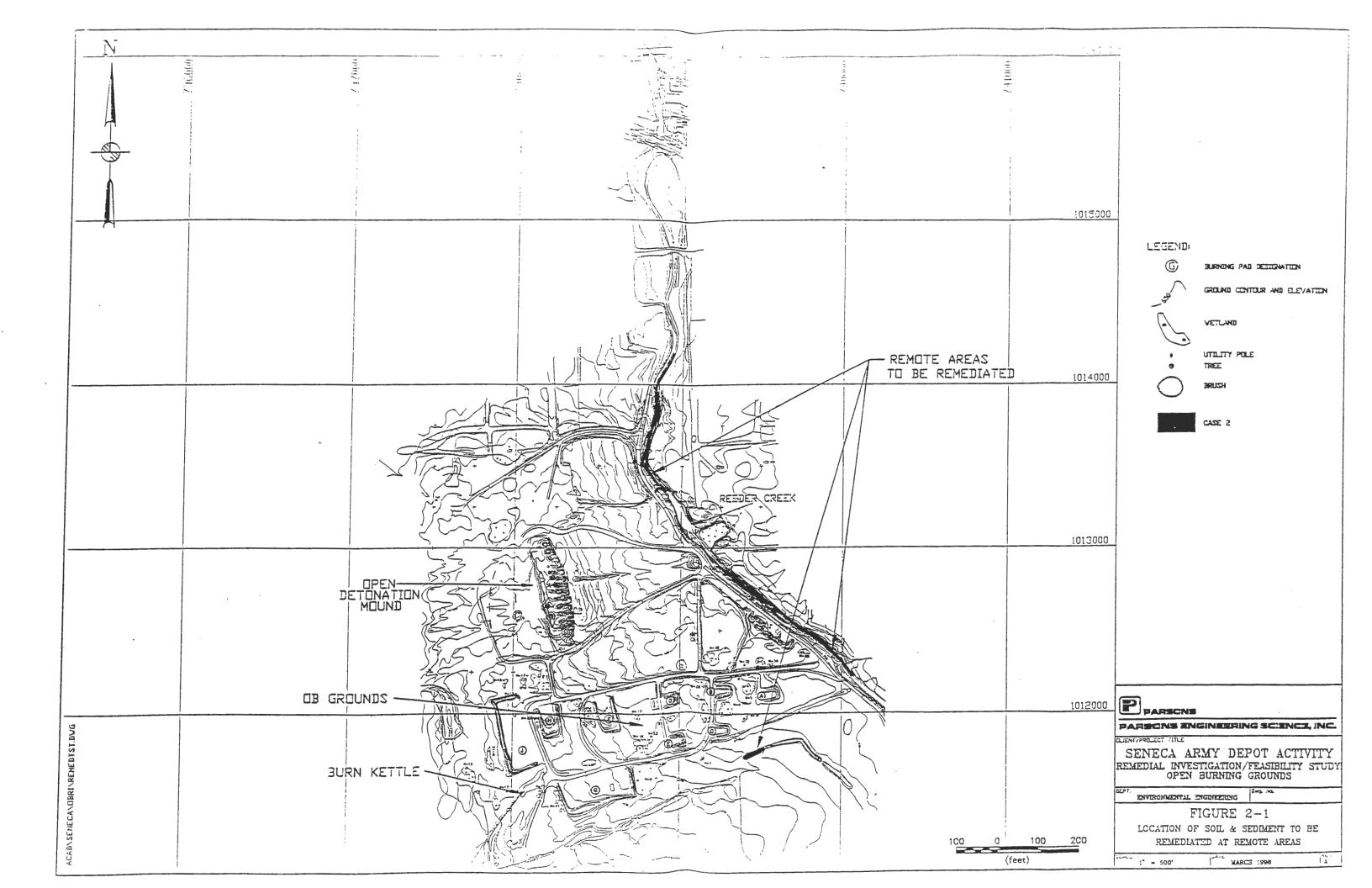












### MINUTES RESTORATION ADVISORY BOARD SEPTEMBER 17, 1996 MEETING MINUTES

### 1. Attendance:

### Government RAB Members Present:

Stephen M. Absolom, BRAC Environmental Coordinator, SEDA/Army Co-Chair Carla Struble, U.S. Environmental Protection Agency Kamal Gupta, NYS Department of Environmental Conservation Dan Geraghty, NYS Department of Health

### Community RAB Members Present:

Dick Durst/Community Co-Chair, Anne Herman, David Wagner, Brian Dombrowski, Richard Sisson, Al Legasse, Lucinda Sangree, Mary Ann Krupsak, Russell Miller, Estelle Coleman, Frank Ives

HAKOUS

### Community RAB Member Not Present:

Henry Van Ness, Richard Lewis, Diane DeMuth, Carmen Serrett

### Government and Technical Support Personnel Present:

Jerry Whitaker, SEDA Base Transition Coordinator Beverly Lombardo, SEDA Public Affairs Officer Susan Cooper, SEDA Secretary

Randy Battaglia, U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, NY District, SEDA Resident Office Mike Duchesneau, Parsons Engineering Science, Inc.

Keith Hoddinott, U.S. Army Environmental Center for Health Promotion and Preventive Medicine

Jim Ridenour, NYS Department of Health

Robert Scott, NYS Department of Environmental Conservation

Mark Maddaloni, U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Region II

Bruce Nelson, Malcolm Pirnie

Kevin Healy, U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, Huntsville District

### Others Present (from sign-in sheet):

Joanne Howard, Community Member Nellie Legasse, Community Member Karl Bechler, Community Member Patricia Jones, LRA

- 2. Stephen Absolom welcomed members and support staff to the September Restoration Advisory Board in the NCO Club, delivered opening remarks, outlined the evening's agenda, and asked for introductions.
- 3. Minutes from the June and August RAB meetings were then approved, signed, and accepted into record. The June minutes required a change to show Lucinda Sangree present.
- 4. Mike Duchesneau gave a presentation on the Fire Training Areas Remedial Investigation Status. The presentation covered the Fire Demonstration Pad used by firefighters to demonstrate their proficiency in fighting fires. Compounds were found to exceed EPA ranges in soil and groundwater at this site. The Fire Training Area was also explained as an area where firefighters practiced their skills in a variety of situations. Compounds detected there also exceeded EPA ranges in soils and subsurface soils. Possible remedial action alternatives were identified for soil and groundwater. Questions fielded during the presentation follow:
- a. An inquiry was made as to whether compounds used for firefighting could be contributing to the contamination. Response was that it was possible, but there is little info on what was used at the site.
- b. A question on how the site was constructed was asked. This response was in conjunction with the discussion of why the groundwater was mounding at the site.
- c. A discussion took place on the reuse scenario and the impact on remediation efforts if the reuse was a continuation of the area for fire training. The discussion indicated some remediation may be required for hot spot removal, but that would have to be determined. It was stated that any new activity would be required to be performed in an environmentally friendly procedure that would involve some construction which might also require some remediation effort.
- 5. Keith Hoddinott then briefed the RAB on Risk Assessment for Environmental Sites. What was normally a 5-day class was successfully compressed into a 30-minute presentation to include objectives, Superfund Remediation Process, and Risk Assessment Process. Assessing risks in humans entailed data collection and evaluation, exposure assessment, toxicity assessment, and risk characterization. The following additional issues were discussed regarding this process:
- a. When determining toxicity, the significance of 1 in 10,000 is a common number used. Assumptions used in risk assessments are widely accepted throughout the U.S., but not by the World Health Association.
- b. A residential scenario was provided to lend perspective to the risk assessment process.

- 6. General discussion enumerated several topics for future meetings:
- a. Ecological risk assessment as opposed to human risk assessment as was discussed during this meeting.
  - b. Feasibility Study process.
  - c. Treatment processes for remediation.
  - d. Radiological contamination--it's impact, extent, future impact, and findings.
- e. A presentation by the Local Redevelopment Authority (LRA) to include future uses of the depot as well as the correlation between the RAB and LRA's activities and their impacts.
  - f. Records of Decision.
  - g. National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA) and Environmental Impact Statement.
- 7. The next Restoration Advisory Board meeting will be held on October 15, 1996 at 7:00 p.m. at the SEDA NCO Club.
- 8. The meeting was adjourned at 9:25 p.m.

Respectfully submitted,

Susan R. Cooper

SUSAN R. COOPER

Secretary

APPROVED AS SUBMITTED:

STEPHEN M. ABSOLOM

U.S. Army Co-Chair

RICHARD A. DURST

Community Co-Chair

### Restoration Advisory Board Meeting Agenda

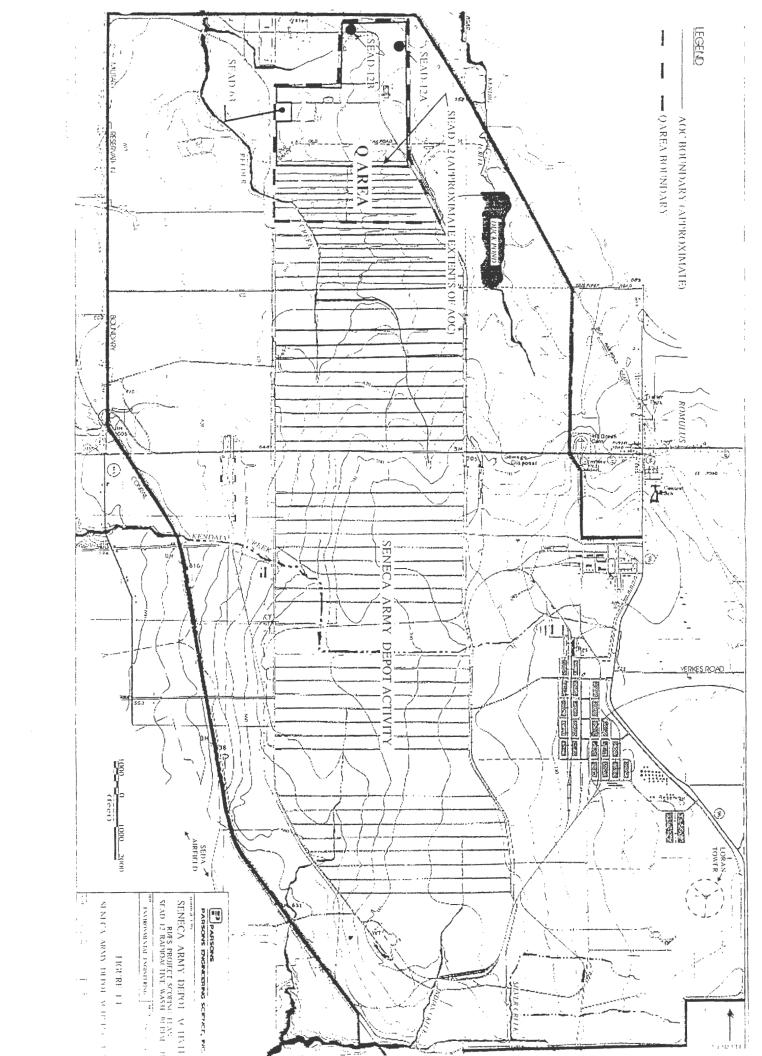
### October 15, 1996

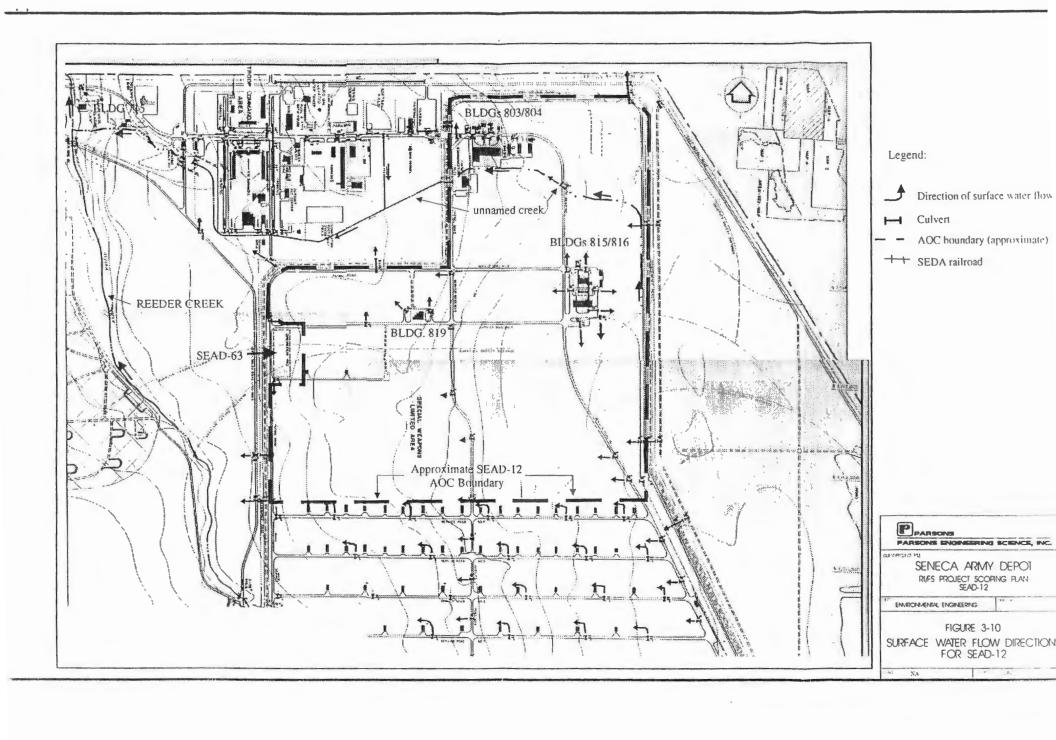
7:00	Welcome LTC Stephen W. Brooks
	Commander, Seneca Army Depot Activity
7:05	Acceptance of Minutes Mr. Stephen M. Absolom/Dr. Dick Durst Army Co-chair/Community Co-chair
7:15	BRAC Cleanup Plan Update Mr. Richard J. Newill Woodward-Clyde Federal Services
7:45	Break
8:00	Radiological Sites Investigation Status Mr. Michael Duchesneau Parsons Engineering Science, Inc.
8:30	Open Discussion
9:00	Adiourn

### Presentation to the RAB

Update on Site Status
at SEAD-12,

Former Weapons Storage Area



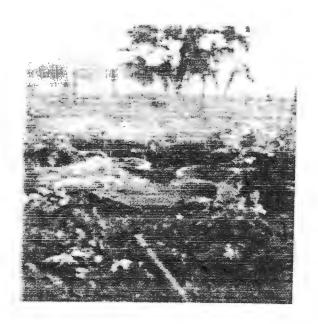


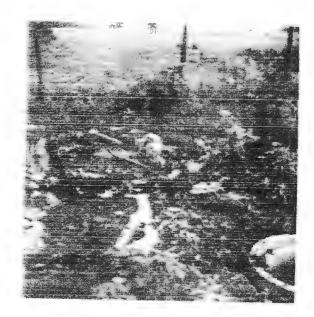
### the Status at SEAD-12

Originally Split into Two Sites, SEAL 124 and SEAD-128

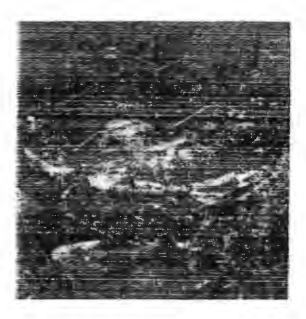
SEAD-12A: Area of the Former Waste Burial Disposal Pits

SEAD-12B: Area of Dry Waste Disposal Pit and Wastewater Storage MINE











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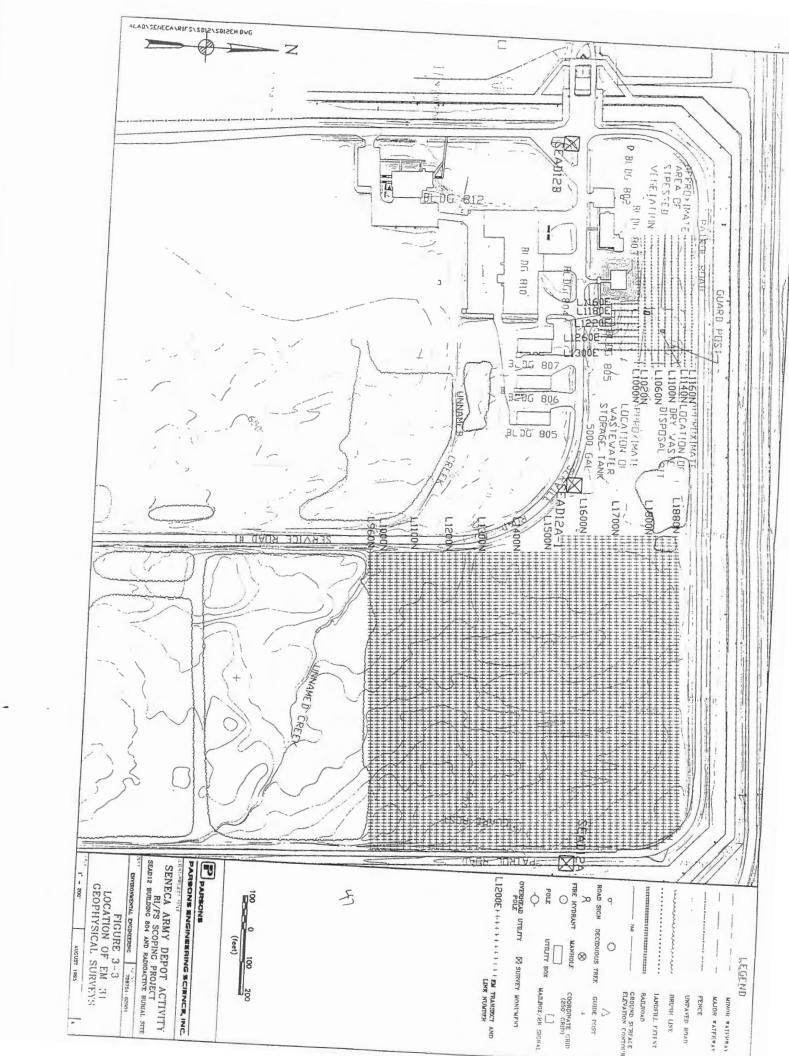
### MAD-12 Milestones

NYSDEC Comments Recd. July 1996 Army Recommended an RI Draft RI Workplan Issued Dec. 1995 EPA Comments Recd. July 1996 Draft-Final ESH Issued Jan., 1996 Draft Report ESH Issued April, 1995

### the Status at SEAD-12

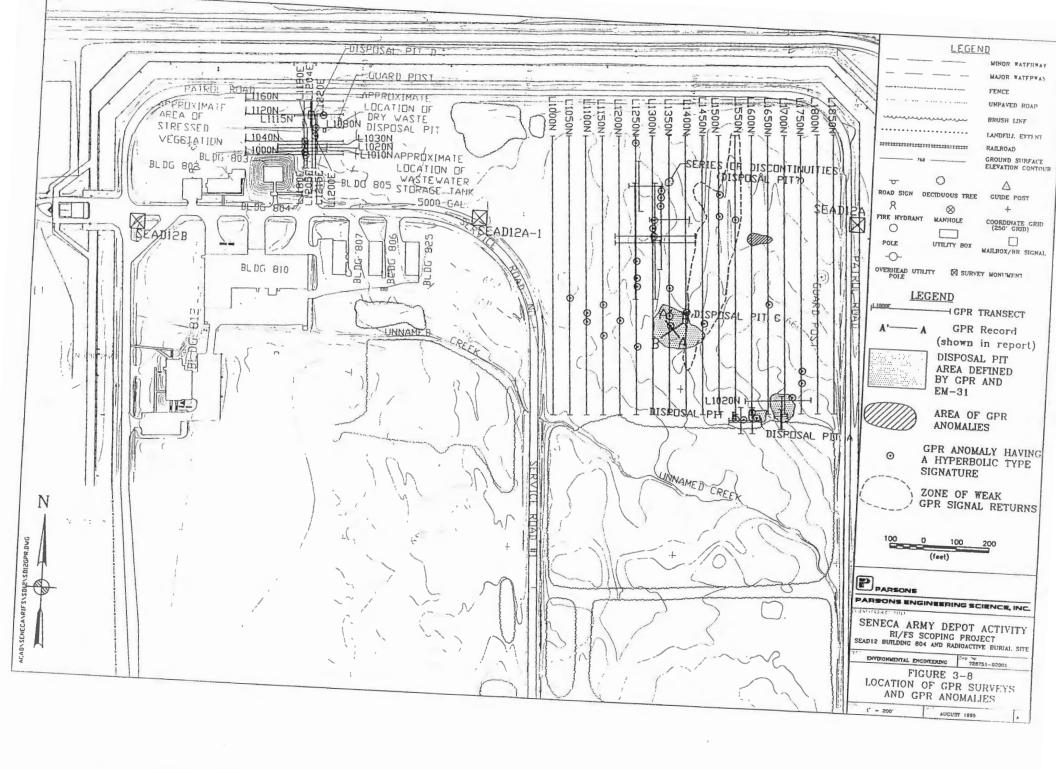
Finalization of Regulatory Comments in Classified as an Area of Concern Progress

1 Geophysical Survey Currently On-going

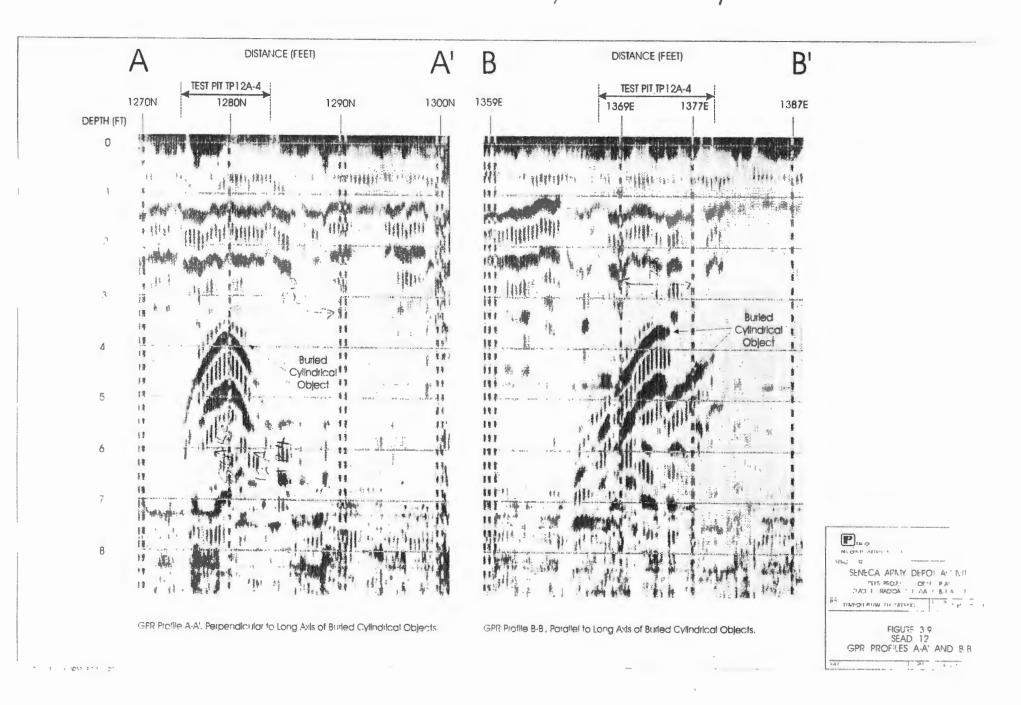




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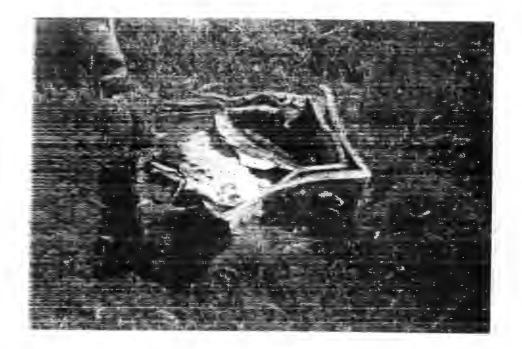
## Test Pitting Activities

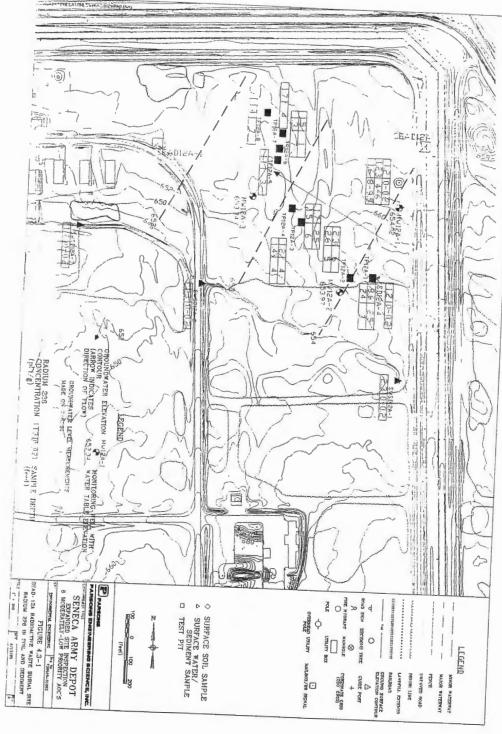
123) Eleven Test Pits Excavated at SEAD-12, (8 at SEAD-12A and 3 at SEAD-

TP124-1, TP124-2, TP124-3 and sinenodinos TP12A-4 contained various unknown

√ Elevated radiological readings were obtained in 2 to 4 foot zone at TP12A-1







CHANGE ALL PEF LATERS TO RED BEFORE PLOTTING

Six Monitoring Wells installed, (3 au SEAD-12A and 3 at SEAD-12B Seven Soil Borings Performed

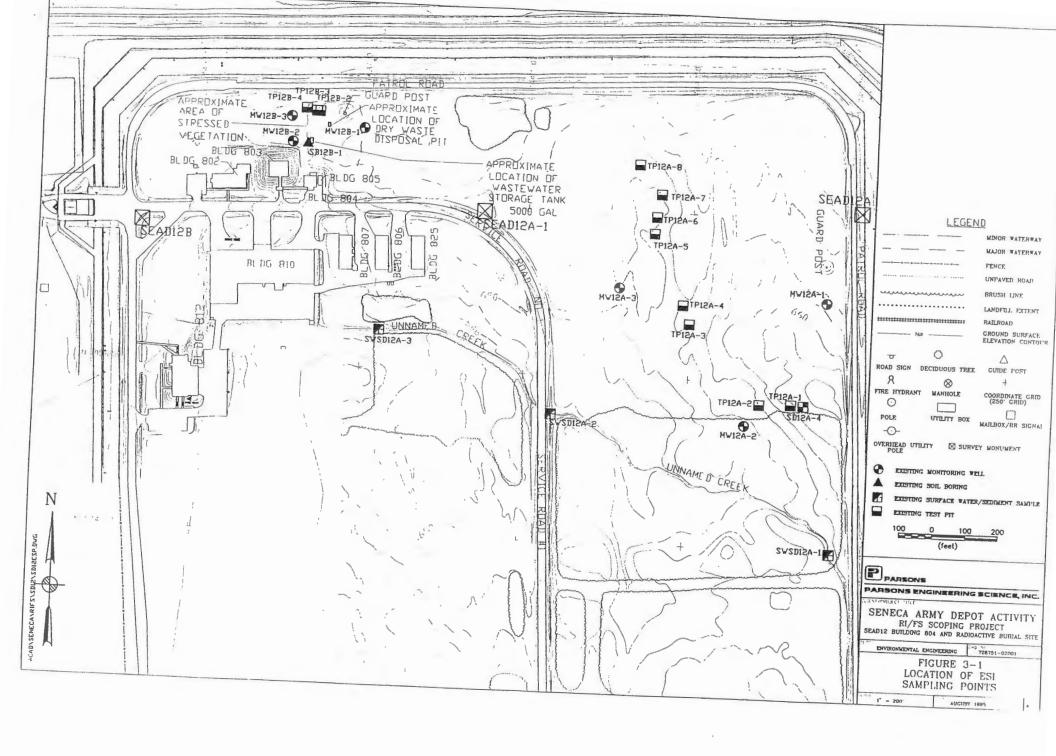
Three Surface Water and Fou Sediment Samples Collected

# oil Sampling Results from ESI

Soil from TP12A-1 at 2.5 feet contained Background ~1.5 pCi/g) Radium 226 at 8.6 pCifg (Including

√ Soil from TP124-1 at 3 feet contained Background ~1.5 pCi/g) Radium 226 at 24 pCi/g(Including

Above the UMTRCA allowable value of 16.5 pCilg for Subsurface Soils

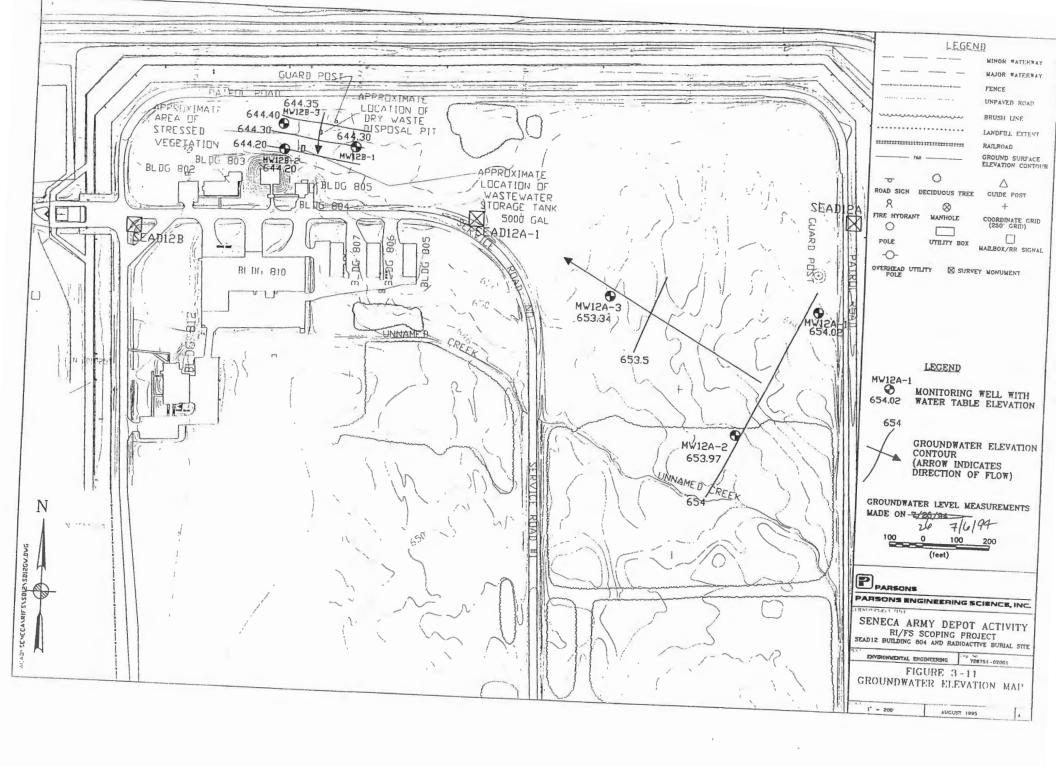


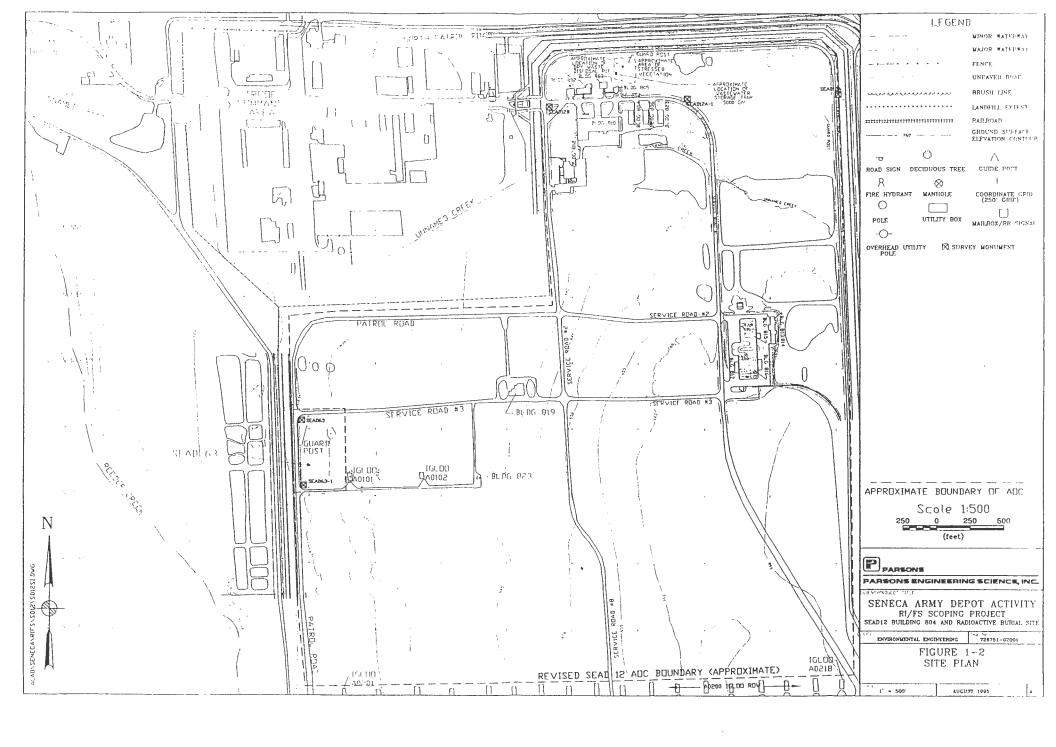
## Groundwater Results

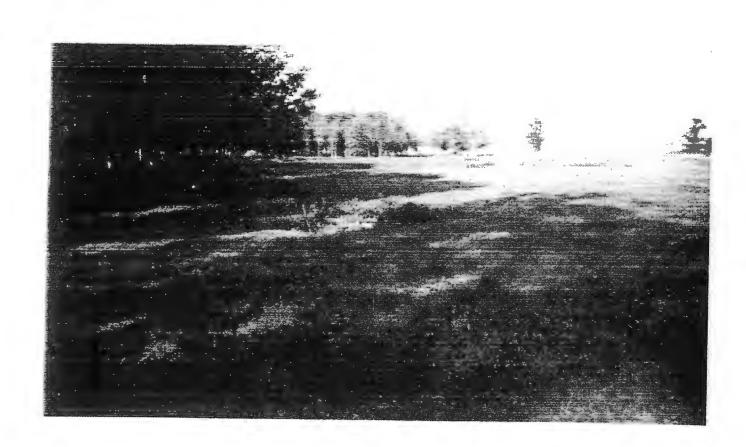
V Gross Alpha at MVV-12A-2 was Gross Alpha at MVV-12A-1 was measured at 15 pCi/L

V NY Class GA Groundwater Standards for Gross Alpha is 15 pCill

measured at 38 pCi/L





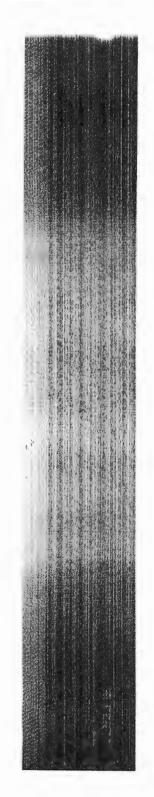




### BRAC Cleanup Plan Support







### BRAC Cleanup Plan

- BRAC Cleanup Plan (BCP) goal is expediting and improving environmental response leading to disposal or reuse of property.
- The BCP is a comprehensive summary of:
  - \* Status of environmental programs
  - \* Strategy for selecting and implementing actions
  - \* Schedule for actions

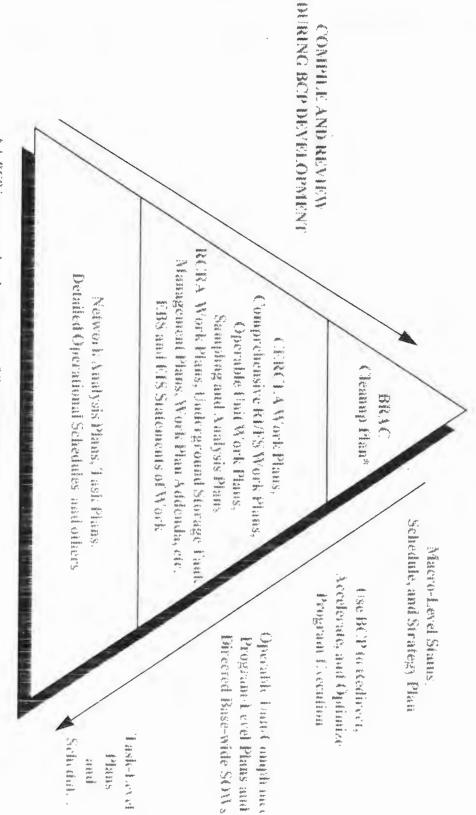


## BRAC Cleanup Plan (BCP) Goals and Objectives

- Macro-level status, schedule and strategy for environmental response leading to disposal and reuse.
- Version 1 (1996) is a "snapshot" of existing installation programs and future strategy.
- Version 2 (1997) will reflect further analysis and input from BCT, RAB and LRA.



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\* A BCP is a comprehensive summary of the status of your installation's cavironmental programs, and provides a strategy and schedule for selecting and implementing response actions under all applicable regulatory programs.



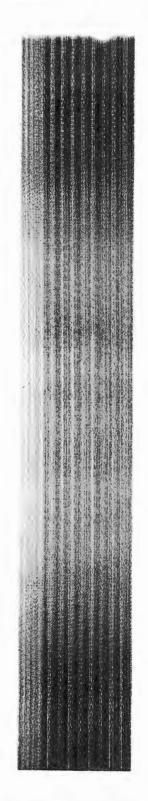


## BRAC Cleanup Team

- Comprised of the following individuals:
  - Steve Absolom BRAC Environmental Coordinator
  - Carla Struble U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Region 1
  - Kamal Gupta N.Y. State Department of Environmental Conservation
- Composition of the BCT is designed to:
  - Bring empowered decision makers to the table to make remediation decisions
  - Expedite cleanup and reuse decisions



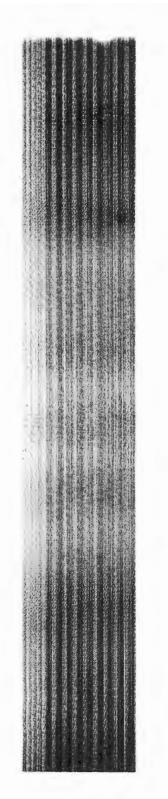




## ROLE OF BCT

- ◆ PRIMARY FORUM FOR ISSUES AFFECTING EXECUTION OF CLEANUP TO FACILITATE REUSE
- MANAGES 5-STEP BCP PROCESS
- PREPARES BCP
- **◆ IDENTIFIES RESOURCES TO FACILITATE BCP PROCESS**
- **CONDUCTS BOTTOM-UP REVIEW**





## BCT COORDINATES WITH:

- **◆ INSTALLATION COMMANDER**
- ◆ DoD BASE TRANSITION COORDINATOR
- FACILITY/CARETAKER
- **♦ REAL/PERSONAL PROPERTY**
- RESTORATION ADVISORY BOARD
- **COMMUNITY REUSE**COMMITTEE







## SEDA BCT is supported by:

#### U.S. Army

- Installation personnel (Environmental, operations, legal, real estate)
- U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, N.Y. District
- U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, Huntsville Division
- Center for Health Promotion and Preventative Medicine
- U.S. Army Industrial Operations Command
- U.S. Army Materiel Command
- Department of the Army BRAC Office
- U.S. Army Environmental Center
- N.Y. State Department of Health
- Local Redevelopment Authority
- Contractors
  - Woodward-Clyde
  - Parsons Engineering Science
  - Malcom Pirnie





# DOT TOCOSS

Step

Step 2

Set

See 4

Section 1

- Secretary of the secret

Step 5

Woodward-Clyde





- BRAC Cleanup Team and Project Team
- Environmental Program Status
- Environmental Program Strategy
- Master Schedules
- Technical/Operational Issues
- Disposal Process/Reuse Options
- Disposal Related Environmental Issues





## BCP Outline

1.0	Introduction and Summary
2.0	Property Disposal and Reuse Plan
3.0	Installation-Wide Environmental Program Status
4.0	Installation-Wide Strategy for Environmental Restoration
5.0	Environmental Program Master Schedules
6.0	Technical and Other Issues to be Resolved
Appendix A -	Fiscal Year Funding Requirements/Costs
	Installation Environmental Restoration Documents Summary Tables
Appendix C -	Decision Document/RAD Summaries
Appendix D -	NFRAP Summaries

**Appendix E - Conceptual Model Data Summaries** 





## Looking Forward

#### Current Status

- Draft Version 1 BCP submitted September 1996
- Completed review by U.S. Army, U.S. EPA, NYSDEC
- Currently preparing the Final Version 1 BCP

## Next Steps

- BCT will continue to meet periodically to assess progress
- Version 2 BCP update will be prepared in approximately one year to reflect progress in remediation activities and redevelopment status



#### MINUTES RESTORATION ADVISORY BOARD OCTOBER 15, 1996 MEETING MINUTES

#### 1. Attendance:

#### Government RAB Members Present:

Stephen M. Absolom, BRAC Environmental Coordinator, SEDA/Army Co-Chair Kamal Gupta, NYS Department of Environmental Conservation Dan Geraghty, NYS Department of Health

#### Government RAB Members Not Present:

Carla Struble, U.S. Environmental Protection Agency

#### Community RAB Members Present:

Dick Durst/Community Co-Chair, Anne Herman, David Wagner, Brian Dombrowski, Richard Sisson, Al Legasse, Lucinda Sangree, Estelle Coleman, Frank Ives, Henry Van Ness, Harold Kugelmass

#### Community RAB Members Not Present:

Russell Miller, Mary Ann Krupsak, Richard Lewis, Carmen Serrett

#### Government and Technical Support Personnel Present:

LTC Stephen Brooks, SEDA Commander Jerry Whitaker, SEDA Base Transition Coordinator Beverly Lombardo, SEDA Public Affairs Officer Joanne Ogden, SEDA Legal Office Representative Thomas Enroth, SEDA Engineering and Environmental Division Janet Fallo, SEDA Engineering and Environmental Division Susan Cooper, SEDA Secretary

Randy Battaglia, U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, NY District, SEDA Resident Office Mike Duchesneau, Parsons Engineering Science, Inc.

Andrew Schwartz, Parsons Engineering Science, Inc.

Keith Hoddinott, U.S. Army Environmental Center for Health Promotion and Preventive Medicine

Michael Rivara, NYS Department of Health Rick Newill, Woodward-Clyde Federal Services Robert Scott, NYS Department of Environmental Conservation Jeff Waugh, U.S. Army Environmental Center Dorothy Richards, U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, Huntsville District

#### Others Present (from sign-in sheet):

Christopher Raddell, Community Member Joanne Howard, Community Member

Nellie Legasse, Community Member Karl Bechler, Community Member Patricia Jones, LRA

- 2. LTC Brooks welcomed members and support staff to the October Restoration Advisory Board in the NCO Club. Stephen Absolom then delivered opening remarks, outlined the evening's agenda, and asked for introductions.
- 3. Minutes from the September's RAB meeting were then approved, signed, and accepted into record. The minutes required a change to show Harold Kugelmass present.
- 4. An update on the BRAC Cleanup Plan (BCP) was presented by Rick Newill of Woodward-Clyde. The presentation covered the BRAC Cleanup Plan's goals and objectives; requirements; the BRAC Cleanup Team, it's role, coordination, and support agencies; the BCP process; document outline; and future planning. Dr. Durst asked how big the document was and if it would be available for review. In response to Dr. Durst's question, the document will be available for review in the Information Repository located in the Romulus Town Hall and in the Economic Development and Planning Office at the Seneca County Office Building after November 12, 1996.
- 5. LTC Brooks made opening remarks to the briefing by Mike Duchesneau on the Radiological Sites Investigation Status at the Former Weapons Storage Area, SEAD-12. He stated that we were there to discuss environmental issues and not specific Army missions. Mike Duchesneau proceeded with a discussion on the environmental sites which consist of a waste burial disposal pit, dry waste disposal pit, and wastewater storage tank. Milestones were listed as well as site status, sampling procedures, and results of sampling from soil borings and monitoring wells. Results of soil and groundwater sampling showed localized low level radioactive contamination. Further testing will be performed as part of the remedial investigation. Issues raised during the presentation follow:
- a. Concerns were raised regarding geophysical investigations for detecting metal objects. Mike Duchesneau explained that detecting metal can reveal burial sites not previously identified. It was then asked how contaminated sites that do not contain metal objects are detected. He explained that they use Ground Penetrating Radar (GPR) to detect disturbances in the soil, then sample the disturbed areas for contamination.
- b. From the photographs of the metal anomalies found, there were questions regarding whether they could be associated with military operations previously conducted or old farm equipment from the residents located here before depot operations. The appearance and size of the objects found would indicate some type of aluminum solid waste, however, the objects were not identified.
- c. A discussion took place on the definition of an alpha radiation particle. Other contaminants looked for included metals, PCBs, pesticides, and solvents. Mike Duchesneau described an alpha particle as high-energy and one in a series of radioactive particles. Dr. Durst mentioned that this is the most dangerous type of radioactive particle because it ionizes quickly and can be a problem when drinking or inhaling it. Mike Duchesneau responded that contamination is below the ground surface, groundwater on the site is not used for drinking, and safety precautions are taken when working on site.

- d. A question arose regarding sampling and the significance of the regulatory standard reading of 15 pCi/L for radiation is set by the State. Readings above 15 pCi/L are levels for concern. Testing is also being conducted to determine levels of natural radiation in soil and groundwater.
- e. The waste burial pits were questioned in regards to the items found there. The residual contamination and other items disposed of were consistent with the mission ongoing in that area.
- f. A concern was raised considering possible past disposal practices of classified material over vast areas of the depot. The response was that sites were identified and defined based on historical information and that it was improbable that such activities took place in other areas not previously identified.
- g. An inquiry was made as to whether water samples were collected from a creek near the burial pit site. Mike Duchesneau stated that surface water and sediment samples were collected from the creek and no elevated readings were found. It was also mentioned that the creek is a small, intermittent stream and does not flow continuously.
- 6. During general discussion, RAB members suggested topics for future meetings:
- a. A presentation by the Local Redevelopment Authority (LRA) on its Reuse Plan based on the current schedule adopted by the Seneca County Board of Supervisors. Impacts on sites and zoning was also suggested to tie together initiatives of the LRA and the RAB.
  - b. National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA) and Environmental Impact Statement.
- 7. The next Restoration Advisory Board meeting will be held on November 19, 1996 at 7:00 p.m. at the SEDA NCO Club.
- 8. The meeting was adjourned at 9:00 p.m.

Respectfully submitted,

SUSAN R. COOPER Secretary

APPROVED AS SUBMITTED:

STEPHEN M. ABSOLOM

U.S. Army Co-Chair

RICHARD A DURST Community Co-Chair

#### Restoration Advisory Board Meeting Agenda

### November 19, 1996

7:00	Welcome
	LTC Stephen W. Brooks
	Commander, Seneca Army Depot Activity
7:05	Acceptance of Minutes
	Mr. Stephen M. Absolom/Dr. Dick Durst
	Army Co-chair/Community Co-chair
7:15	Local Redevelopment Authority Reuse Plan
	Pat Jones, Interim Executive Director
	Seneca Army Depot Local Redevelopment Authority
7:35	Impact of LRA Reuse Plan on Environmental Sites Mr. Michael Duchesneau, P.E.
	Project Manager, Parsons Engineering Science, Inc.
7:55	Break
8:10	The Army BRAC NEPA Process
	Mr. Stephen M. Absolom
	Army Co-chair/BRAC Environmental Coordinator
8:30	Open Discussion
9:00	Adjourn

## MINUTES RESTORATION ADVISORY BOARD NOVEMBER 19, 1996 MEETING

#### 1. Attendance:

#### Government RAB Members Present:

Stephen M. Absolom, BRAC Environmental Coordinator, SEDA/Army Co-Chair Dan Geraghty, NYS Department of Health Carla Struble, U.S. Environmental Protection Agency

#### Government RAB Members Not Present:

Kamal Gupta, NYS Department of Environmental Conservation

#### Community RAB Members Present:

Dick Durst/Community Co-Chair, Anne Herman, Mary Ann Krupsak, Richard Sisson, Al Legasse, Estelle Coleman, Henry Van Ness, Pat Jones

#### Community RAB Members Not Present:

Russell Miller, Richard Lewis, Carmen Serrett, Lucinda Sangree, Frank Ives, Harold Kugelmass, Brian Dombrowski, David Wagner

#### Government and Technical Support Personnel Present:

Thomas Enroth, SEDA Engineering and Environmental Division Janet Fallo, SEDA Engineering and Environmental Division Susan Cooper, SEDA Secretary

Randy Battaglia, U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, NY District, SEDA Resident Office Mike Duchesneau, Parsons Engineering Science, Inc.

Keith Hoddinott, U.S. Army Environmental Center for Health Promotion and Preventive Medicine

Robert Scott, NYS Department of Environmental Conservation Kevin Healy, U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, Huntsville Division

#### Others Present (from sign-in sheet):

Christopher Raddell, Community Member Nellie Legasse, Community Member Karl Bechler, Community Member Neil Chaffie, Community Member

- 2. Stephen Absolom welcomed members and support staff to the November Restoration Advisory Board in the NCO Club, then delivered opening remarks, outlined the evening's agenda, and asked for introductions.
- 3. Minutes from October's RAB meeting were approved, signed, and accepted into record.
- 4. Pat Jones, Interim Director of the Local Redevelopment Authority (LRA), briefed the RAB on the SEDA Reuse Plan. Included in Seneca's redevelopment were goals; alternatives; development areas; land use suitability; buildings and facilities location, use, evaluation, and current conditions; and property acquisition. The LRA has plans to sell the Lake Housing area as a whole for a one-time purchase price and use the proceeds to upgrade and improve the PID for resale. Ms. Jones identified several notices of interest for various areas of the depot and mentioned that the window of opportunity was still open for a couple more months. Issues raised during this presentation follow:
- a. The availability of the Study/Reuse Plan to the public was addressed. A copy of this document can be reviewed at the County Office Building or at the LRA office by calling ahead for an appointment.
- b. A concern was raised regarding community objections for an area's specific use and whether these objections would be heard. In this case, the LRA would try to work with the community through a public forum.
- 5. Mike Duchesneau's presentation covered Future Land Use and Cleanup and the impact of these decisions on the remediation process. Future land use is divided into six specific areas: Conservation/Recreation, Housing/Residential, Institutional, Office/Industrial, Special Events, and Training Ranges. Specific sites were identified within the land use areas as well as exposure scenarios and impacts on cleanup goals. Issues raised during Mr. Duchesneau's presentation follow:
- a. The possibility of sampling harvested deer livers for contamination was discussed. This issue has been considered, however it would not necessarily point out any specific area where contamination could have been ingested due to herds traveling in different areas of the depot.
- b. Differences between types and numbers of species from inside and outside the depot was questioned. Mr. Duchesneau stated that mammals from the OB Grounds and fish from Reeder Creek were collected and sent to a lab for monitoring. There did not appear to be any significant disparity.
- c. Asked whether asbestos and lead-based paint sampling had been done on post, the RAB was assured that all areas are being identified and readied for reuse.

- d. A comment was made concerning possible contamination of the depot related to the perceived elevated levels of cancer in the surrounding communities. Out of approximately 10,600 acres of land, 9,100 acres are uncontaminated and can be transferred immediately. The Department of Health offered to provide information concerning cancer rates.
- 6. Stephen Absolom then showed a video on NEPA, the National Environmental Policy Act, and further explained areas of importance. Typical areas for analysis were identified and opportunities for public involvement were addressed. The NEPA manuals are available for review in the County Office Building and in the LRA office.
- 7. General discussion followed with a suggestion to include an Ecological Risk Assessment Presentation as a possible topic for a future meeting.
- 8. Mr. Absolom offered the option of canceling the December RAB meeting due to the busy holiday season. A vote showed all in favor. The next Restoration Advisory Board meeting will be held on January 21, 1997 at 7:00 p.m. at the SEDA NCO Club.
- 9. The meeting was adjourned at 9:25 p.m.

Respectfully submitted,

Susan R. Cegoer

SUSAN R. COOPER

Secretary

APPROVED AS SUBMITTED:

STEPHEN M. ABSOLOM

U.S. Army Co-Chair

RICHARD A. DURST

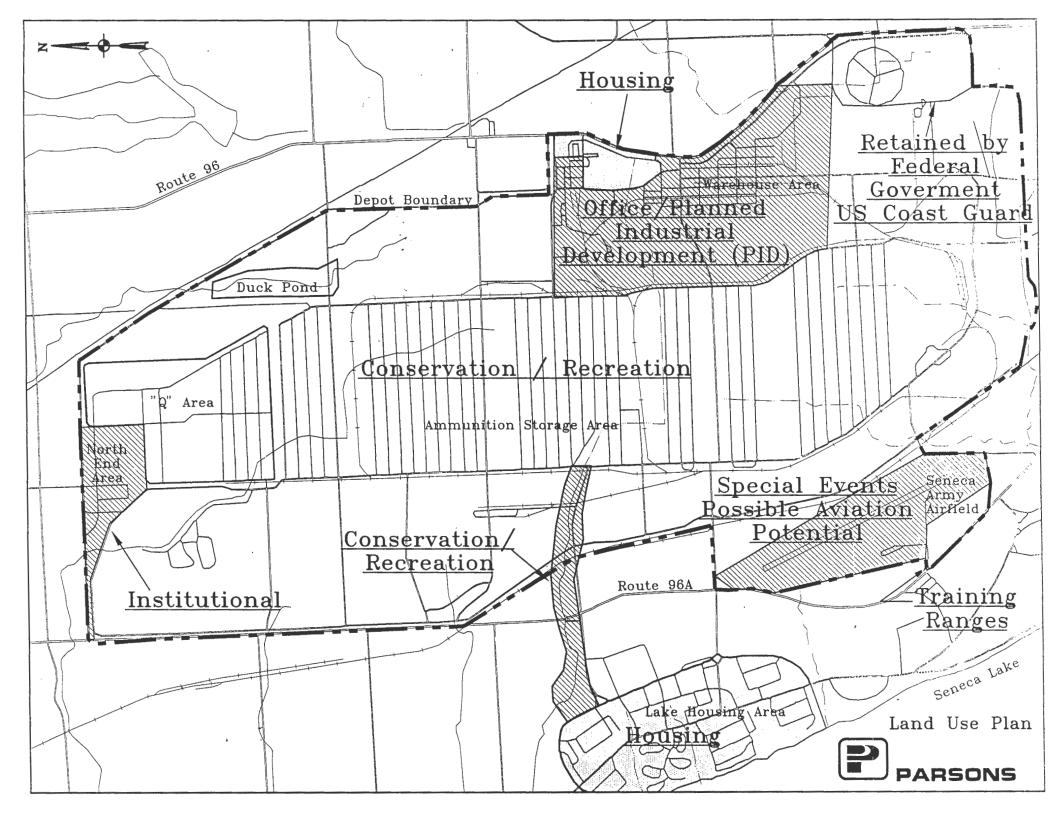
Community Co-Chair

Future Land Use and Clean-up November 18, 1996



## cal Redevelopment Authority RA) Future Land Uses

- Conservation/Recreation
- Housing/Residential
- Institutional
- Office/Industrial
- Special Events
- Training Ranges



## Conservation/Recreation (8300 Acres)

- Ammunition Storage Areas
- Special Weapons "Q" Area (SEAD-12)
- "Duck Pond" Area (SEAD-13, IRFNA Site)
- Kendaia Creek & Reeder Creek
- OB/OD Grounds (SEADs-23 & 45)
- Ash Landfill (SEADs-3, 6, 8,14 & 15)

# nd Uses and posure Scenarios

## Conservation / Recreational

- Site Visitor
  - Bird Watcher
  - Hiker
  - Hunter
- Ecological Exposure
  - Small Mammals
  - Birds that Ingest Soil

## Housing/Residential

- Lake Housing (120 Acres)
- Elliot Acres Housing (80 Acres)
- No SWMUs in these Areas
- Residential Exposure will not be Considered at any Site

## Institutional

- North End Area (200 Acres)
  - No Active Investigations
  - Six (6) Sites Within the North End
    - · Four (4) No Action Sites
    - Two (2) Sites to be Addressed
- Risk Assessments are not Anticipated for these Sites

## Office / Industrial

- Main Administration Area (620 Acres)
  - Twenty-six (26) Sites are Located in this Area
  - Ten (10) Sites are No-Action Sites
  - SEADs-16 & 17, Deactivation Furnaces
  - SEADs-25 & 26, Fire Training Areas
  - SEADs-5, 59 & 71, Former Fill Areas
  - Nine (9) Sites to be Addressed

# nd Uses and posure Scenarios

## Industrial Exposure Scenarios

- Current Site Worker
- Future Industrial Worker
- Future On-site Construction Worker
- Future Site Trespasser
- Ecological Exposure Scenarios
  - Small Mammals Living On-Site
  - Birds that Visit Site & Ingest Soil

## Special Events Area

- Seneca Airfield (450 Acres)
- No SWMUs in this Area
- Training Range Area
  - Firearms Training Ranges Area (50 Acres)
  - No SWMUs in this Area

## nd Uses, Exposure Scenarios d Impacts on Clean-up Goals

- Residential Exposure Results in Greatest Exposure and Lowest Cleanup Goals
- Industrial & Conservation Exposure Results in Higher Clean-up Goals as Exposure is Less
- Ecological Protection Can Result in Lower Clean-up Goals

#### LRA REUSE

#### **BRIEFING**

for

#### RESTORATION ADVISORY BOARD

Presented by: Patricia Jones
Interim Executive Director
LRA

## Redevelopment Goals

Seneca Army Depot Reuse Plan

- New Employment Opportunities
- Fiscally Responsible and Prudent
- Provide Incentives to Private Sector
- Focus on Portions of the Site that Offer Potential for Success

## Redevelopment Goals (continued)

Seneca Army Depot Reuse Plan

- Work to Establish Wildlife Conservation Area
- Encourage Involvement of the State of New York
- Encourage Effective and Efficient Environmental Clean-up

## DEVELOPMENT CONSIDERATIONS

- Range of development options
- Some options will involve risk and be expensive
- Development choices
  - ☐ Focus on the entire site or just on portions of the site?
  - ☐ Amount of local government funding?
  - □ Role of local government in the management of redevelopment efforts?

## DEVELOPMENT ALTERNATIVES

- Housing development provides best opportunity for redevelopment
- Warehouse/distribution usage is possible cold storage
- Some opportunity for manufacturing -south end
- Office development is viable use information/back office
- Aviation potential is limited
- Institutional usage in north end
- Several opportunities for recreational development
- Agricultural production may be limited due to cost of clearance

## Development Areas

Seneca Army Depot Reuse Plan

- Conservation Land
- Lake Housing
- Elliot Acres Housing
- Federal Uses

## Development Areas (continued)

Seneca Army Depot Reuse Plan

- Aviation/Special Events
- Institutional
- Warehouse/Storage
- Planned Industrial Development
- Training Ranges

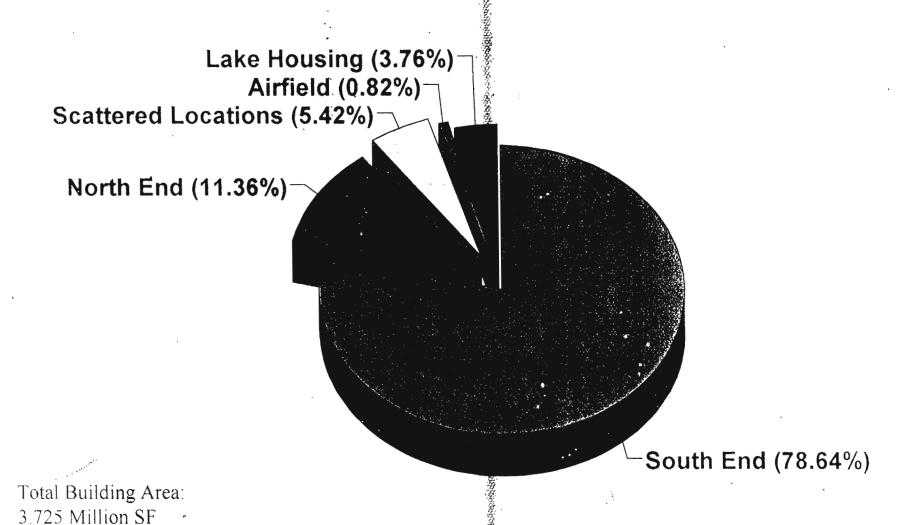
## LAND USE SUITABILITY

- $\blacksquare$  10,634 $\pm$  acres at site
- 300 acres proposed for transfer to the U.S. Coast Guard
- 2,197 acres identified with environmental constraints
- 525 acres represent Airfield Clear Zone
- Net usable area 7,612 acres
- Current layout of utilities only service a small portion of property available for transfer

# BUILDINGS AND FACILITIES

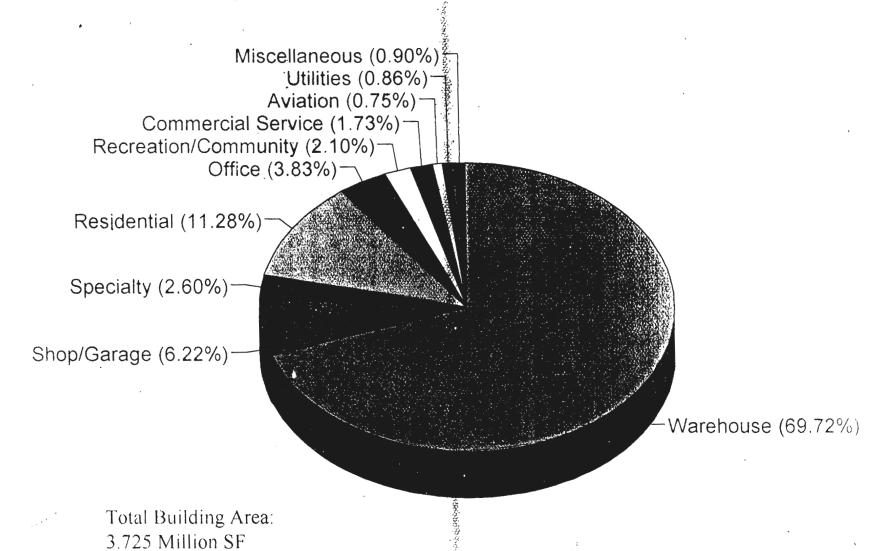
- Diversified Inventory of 365 buildings containing 3.72 million SF. This does not include the 519 Igloos
- A majority of the buildings are contained in the South End (79%)
- Nearly all the buildings in the North End have been vacant since 1993

# Seneca Army Depot Building Distribution by Location



(Not including Igloos)

# Seneca Army Depot Building Distribution by Existing Use



(Not including Igloos)

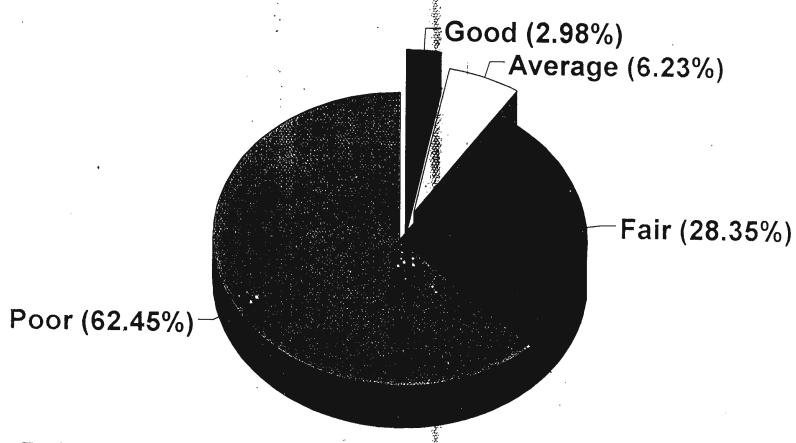
# BUILDINGS AND FACILITIES

- Building reuse could include industrial, assembly, warehouse, office and R&D
- Housing
  - Elliot Acres Variety of unit types, but rehabilitation will be required
  - Lake Housing Marketable condition

# BUILDING EVALUATION

- Building Evaluation involved variety of factors: design, layout, age, type of material, specialty features, utilities, existing mechanicals, overall functional utility
- Building Terms
  - Good Appears readily adaptable to market with minimal cost
  - Average Potentially marketable with minor investment
  - Fair Modernization and renovation required
  - Poor Significant investment required to replace/modernize mechanicals or structural items

# Seneca Army Depot Current Conditions of Buildings



Total Building Area: 3.69 Million SF (Not including Igloos and Small Buildings)

# BUILDINGS AND FACILITIES

- Warehouse facilities tend to be in the poorest condition
- Office properties are in better condition
- Number of specialty buildings are in good condition, but they are in isolated locations

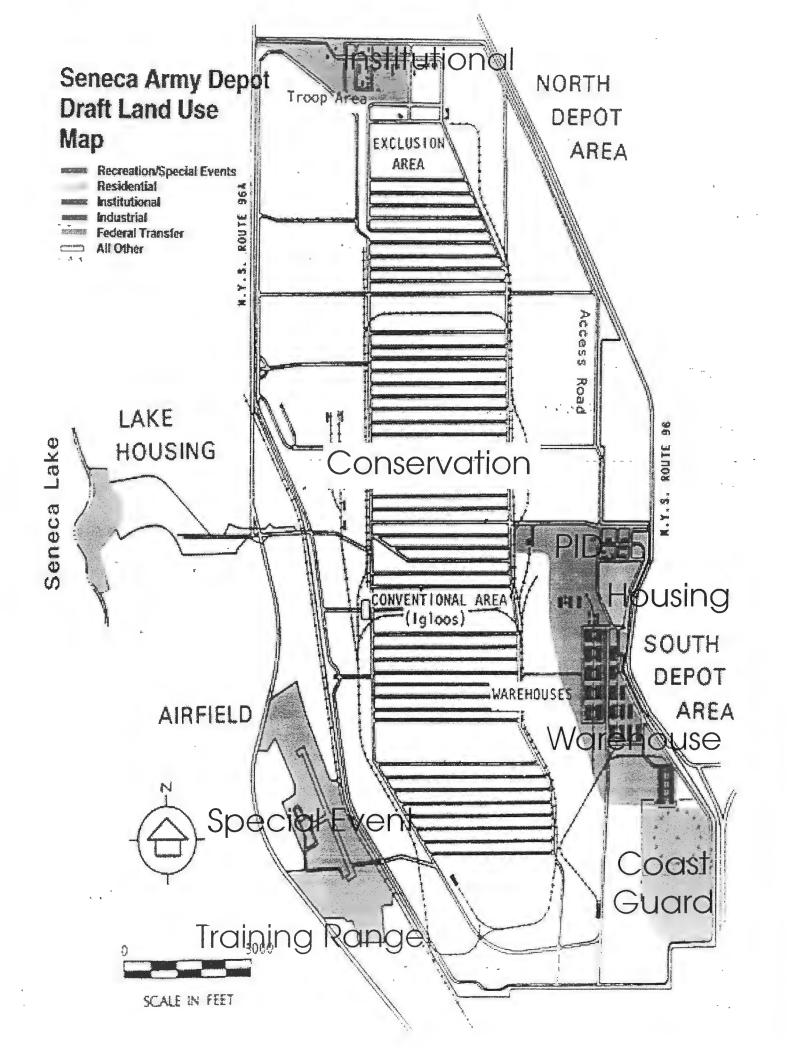
# PROPERTY ACQUISITION

- Recommend that PID and Lake Housing Area be acquired by local officials under a Rural Economic Development Conveyance.
- Recommend that other sites be acquired by regional and state agencies under a Public Benefit Conveyance or private organizations under Negotiated/Bid Sale.
- Recommend that the LRA continue operations for the next three to four years to complete planning activities and assist in the property transfer process.
- Recommended that development and marketing of PID and Lake Housing areas be undertaken by the Seneca County IDA.

# PROPERTY ACQUISITION

Continued

- Recommend that the LRA request a partial EIS, Record of Decision and Finding of Suitability to Transfer for the PID and Lake Housing areas.
- Recommend that the LRA/IDA solicit interest from developers for Lake Housing Area in late 1997 early 1998. Target transfer date for this property is Spring/Summer 1998.
- Recommend that proceeds from the sale of Lake Housing be dedicated to operation, maintenance, marketing and capital improvements in the PID area.
- If Lake Housing Area cannot be acquired through no-cost EDC, and re-sold to support the reuse of PID area, the community should be prepared to walk away from ownership of any property at the Depot.



# SENECA ARMY DEPOT ACTIVITY ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT STATEMENT

November 19, 1996

## NATIONAL ENVIRONMENTAL POLICY ACT

(Public Law 91-190)

A federal law that requires

the identification and analysis of potential environmental effects
of certain proposed federal actions and alternatives
before those actions take place.

A "full disclosure" law with provisions for public access to and public participation in the federal decision making process.

### REFERENCES & AUTHORITIES

- National Environmental Policy Act of 1969
   (Public Law 91-190; 42 United States Code 4321-4347)
- Council on Environmental Quality Regulations for Implementing the Procedural Provisions of the National Environmental Policy Act (40 Code of Federal Regulations 1500-1508)
- Army Regulation 200-2
- Defense Base Closure and Realignment Act of 1990 (BRAC) (Public Law 101-510)

## ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT STATEMENT STEPS

Identify issues to be analyzed (scoping)

Clearly define proposed action and alternatives

Gather data, analyze potential impacts, consider mitigation

Prepare Draft EIS - make available for agency and public review

Prepare Final EIS - make available for agency and public review

Prepare Record of Decision - make available for agency and public review

### TYPICAL AREAS FOR ANALYSIS

Land Use Air Quality Noise Water Resources Geology Infrastructure **Hazardous and Toxic Materials** Permits and Regulatory Authorizations **Biological Resources and Ecosystems Cultural Resources Environmental Justice** Sociological Environment **Economic Development Installation Agreements** 

# HAZARDOUS AND TOXIC MATERIALS

NEPA	• CERCLA
DECISION	• DECISION
MAKING	• MAKING
POTENTIAL	• MOST
<b>ENVIRONMENTAL</b>	• APPROPRIATE
<b>EFFECTS</b>	• REMEDIAL
OF	• MEASURES
LEASING,	• TO
TRANSFER,	• PROTECT
AND	• HUMAN
SUBSEQUENT	• HEALTH
USE	• AND
	• THE
	<ul> <li>ENVIRONMENT</li> </ul>

### OPPORTUNITIES FOR PUBLIC INVOLVEMENT

Environmental effects analysis - the NEPA process

Restoration of hazardous waste sites - the cleanup process

Replacement of jobs/creation of new jobs - the reuse planning process

# Restoration Advisory Board Meeting Agenda

# May 30, 1996

7:00	Welcome
	LTC Stephen W. Brooks
	Commander, Seneca Army Depot Activity
	Introduction
	Mr. Stephen M. Absolom
	BRAC Environmental Coordinator, Seneca Army Depot Activity
7:10	What to Expect from a Restoration Advisory Board Mr. Mike Cast
	Public Affairs Officer, Army Environmental Center
7:25	Installation Command Briefing
	Mr. Jerry Whitaker
	Base Transition Coordinator, Seneca Army Depot Activity
7:45	Future RAB Meetings
	Mr. Stephen Absolom
	BRAC Environmental Coordinator, Seneca Army Depot Activity
8:00	Open Discussion/Get Acquainted
8:30	Adjourn



# **Public Affairs Office**

### Seneca Army Depot Activity

Romulus, N.Y. 14541-5001 Beverly Lombardo (607) 869-1353 DSN: 489-5353

DSN FAX: 489-5296

Commercial FAX: 607-869-1296

# **FACT SHEET**

For Release: Mar 26, 1996 Release No. 96-01

This fact sheet provides basic information and statistics – facts and figures on Seneca Army Depot Activity.

#### **Primary Mission:**

1. Closure. Seneca Army Depot Activity was recommended for closure on February 28, 1995, by the Department of Defense as part of the Base Realignment and Closure (BRAC) process. Seneca was approved for closure by an independent BRAC Commission, the President, and finally Congress on September 28, 1995. The law requires Seneca to close by July 13, 2001.

#### Other Missions:

- 1. Storage, issue, maintenance, and demilitarization of conventional munitions.
- 2. Storage, and issue of general supplies including hazardous materials.
- 3. Continental U.S. Care of Materials In Storage for U.S. Army Reserve Command.
- 4. Strategic and critical materials storage.
- 5. Logistics support and training assistance to the Army Reserve and National Guard units.

#### **Tenant Organizations:**

- 1. U.S. Coast Guard LORAN-C Transmitting Station.
- 2. Defense Finance & Accounting Service.
- 3. U.S. Army Test, Measurement, and Diagnostic Equipment Support Operations.
- 4. Defense Reutilization and Marketing Office-Romulus Branch.
- 5. U.S. Army Health Clinic.
- 6. Civilian Personnel Office.

#### **Budget for fiscal year 1996:**

1. Payroll	\$11,604,000
2. Local Procurement:	\$10,704,000
3. Utilities:	\$1,045,000
4. Total:	\$23,353,000

# Establishing the Restoration Advisory Board

This fact sheet is prepared for RAB participants and provides information on the Seneca Army Depot Activity Installation Restoration Program (IRP).

#### THE NEXT STEPS

Community members for the RAB have been selected. The next steps in the development of the RAB include electing a Community Co-chair, developing a set of Operating Procedures, and setting up training sessions to introduce the public to the clean-up program.

#### **OPERATING PROCEDURES**

Part of establishing the RAB will involve setting up operating procedures. They will address issues such as:

- Attendance
- Meeting frequency
- •Procedures for adding, removing, or replacing members or co-chair
- Membership and co-chair length of service
- Methods of resolving disputes
- Process for reviewing documents and responding to public comments
- •Procedures for public participation.

#### TRAINING FOR RAB MEMBERS

Most RAB members will need an initial orientation to the environmental clean-up program to perform their duties. Seneca Army Depot Activity plans to conduct training sessions at future RAB meetings. All RAB training will be open to the public and all documents or other information released to the RAB will be available to the public at the Information Repository.

For more information, contact the Installation Co-chair, Mr. Stephen Absolom, at (607) 869-1309.

# The Community Co-chair: Role & Responsibilities

This fact sheet is prepared for RAB participants and provides information on the Seneca Army Depot Activity Installation Restoration Program (IRP).

#### THE ROLE

The Community Co-chair plays an important role in the success of a RAB. He/she will volunteer to jointly run the RAB along with the Installation Co-chair.

#### RESPONSIBILITIES

The major responsibilities of the RAB Co-chair will include:

- •Coordinate with Installation Co-chair to prepare and distribute an agenda prior to each meeting
- •Ensure that community issues and concerns related to cleanup are raised
- •Ensure that community members participate in an open and constructive manner
- •Ensure that the RAB has the opportunity to provide input into the decision process

•Report back to the community.

#### WHO WILL DECIDE?

The community members of the RAB will select the community Co-chair as their representative. They will review and evaluate interested candidates and select the Co-chair at the next RAB meeting.

Possible options for selecting the Cochair include:

- •Interested RAB members could write a short summary of why they are interested in the position
- •Interested RAB members could give a brief talk at the next meeting and explain why they are interested in the position.

For more information, contact the Installation Co-chair, Mr. Stephen Absolom, at (607) 869-1309.

# The Information Repository

This fact sheet is prepared for RAB participants and provides information on the Seneca Army Depot Activity Installation Restoration Program (IRP).

#### WHAT IS IT?

The Information Repository is a collection of documents available for public inspection which contains information that relates to the clean-up of former hazardous waste sites. It was established on March 16, 1992 and is periodically updated by staff at the Seneca Army Depot Activity.

The Information Repository contains technical reports, background information, guides to the waste clean-up process, minutes from public meetings, and other information to aid the public in understanding response actions taken by the Army at Seneca Army Depot Activity.

Establishing an Information Repository is a requirement under the National Contingency Plan in the Code of Federal Regulations.

#### WHERE IS IT LOCATED?

The Information Repository is located for public review at:

Romulus Town Hall 1435 Prospect Street Willard, NY 14588

The town hall is open Monday through Friday from 8:30 am to 4:00 pm.

For more information, contact the Romulus Town Hall at (607) 869-9326.

# **Acronyms & Abbreviations**

This fact sheet is prepared for RAB participants and provides information on the Seneca Army Depot Activity Installation Restoration Program (IRP).

AEC Army Environmental Center

BCT BRAC Cleanup Team

BEC BRAC Environmental Coordinator
BRAC Base Realignment and Closure
BTC Base Transition Coordinator

CERCLA Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act

CHPPM Center for Health Promotion and Preventive Medicine

COE Corps of Engineers

DA Department of the Army

DERP Defense Environmental Restoration Program

DoD Department of Defense DOH Department of Health

EBS Environmental Baseline Survey EPA Environmental Protection Agency

FS Feasibility Study

IRP Installation Restoration Program

LTM Long Term Monitoring

LRA Local Redevelopment Authority

NPL National Priority List

NYSDEC New York State Department of Environmental Conservation

PA Preliminary Assessment

RA Remedial Action

RAB Restoration Advisory Board

RD Remedial Design
RI Remedial Investigation
ROD Record of Decision

SEDA Seneca Army Depot Activity

SI Site Inspection

SWMU Solid Waste Management Unit

## SENECA ARMY DEPOT RAB MEMBERS

Anne Herman 4612 East Lake Road Geneva, NY 14456

Lucinda Sangree Russell Mille Box 34, 5440 Route 96 PO Box 448 Romulus, NY 14541 Seneca Falls,

Brian Dombrowski Public Health Director
Seneca County Health Dept Waterloo, NY 13165

Carmen Serrett Labor Unions Local 103 PO Box 571 Geneva, NY 14456

Richard Durst 5487 East Lake Road Romulus, NY 14541

Richard R. Sisson

11 Nicholas Street

Seneca Falls, NY 13148

Harold Kugelmass
3233 County Road 143
Interlaken, NY 14847 11 Nicholas Street

David Wagner 1834 County House Road Waterloo, NY 13165

Henry Van Ness 9695 Route 96 Trumansburg, NY 14850

Diane DeMuth Seneca Army Depot LRA Building 101 Romulus, NY 14541

Mary Anne Krupsak PO Box 34 Romulus, NY 14541

> Russell Miller Seneca Falls, NY 13148

International Union of
Operating Engineers
4325 South Salina Street
Syracuse NV 13205 Frank Ives

Daniel R. Geraghty
NYS Department of Health
2 University Place - Room 205
Albany, NY 12203-3399

Al Legasse 6213 County Road 129 Romulus, NY 14541

Richard M. Lewis, Jr. 9180 Booth Road Trumansburg, NY 14850

Estelle Coleman Box 34, 5440 Route 96 Romulus, NY 14541

### **DRAFT**

# Restoration Advisory Board Icebreaker Agenda

# May 30, 1996

8:30	Adjourn
8:00	Open Discussion
-	BRAC Environmental Coordinator, Seneca Army Depot Activity
	Mr. Stephen Absolom
7:45	Future RAB Meetings
-	Base Transition Coordinator, Seneca Army Depot Activity
	Mr. Jerry Whitaker
7:25	Installation Command Briefing
	Public Affairs Officer, Army Environmental Center
	Mr. Greg Mavhill
7:10	What to Expect from a Restoration Advisory Board
	BRAC Environmental Coordinator, Seneca Army Depot Activity
	Mr. Stephen M. Absolom
	Introduction
	Commander, Seneca Army Depot Activity
	LTC Stephen W. Brooks
7:00	Welcome

SENECA LAKE

#### 31 May-8:00-1:00 NCOCLUB 30 May-1:00 pm-NCO

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#### BUR AND RAB ATTENDEES

>30 May - 7:00 pm at 00/146

Ms. Carla Struble, P.E U.S. Environmental Protection Agency Emergency & Remedial Response Division 290 Broadway 18th Floor, E-3 New York, New York 10007-1866

Mr. Kamal Gupta
New York State Department of
Environmental Conservation
Bureau of Eastern Remedial Action
Division of Hazardous Waste Remediation
50 Wolf Road, Room 208
Albany, New York 12233-7010

Mr. Michael Duchesneau, P.E. Parsons Engineering-Science, Inc. Prudential Center 101 Huntington Avenue

Boston, Massachusetts 02199-7697

Mr. Jim Collins Senior Scientist Tetra Tech, Inc. 10306 Eaton Place, Suite 340 Fairfax, Virginia 22030

ž

Mr. Daniel Geraghty
New York State Department of Health
Bureau of Environmental Exposure
Investigation
2 University Place, Room 205
Albany, New York 12203

New York State Department of
Environmental Conservation
Region 8
6274 East Avon-Lima Road
Avon, New York 14414-9519

VES

Mr. Bruce Nelson Malcom Pernie 4 Cooperate Place Washington Avenue Extension Albany, New York 12203

Ms. Sue VanPatten
Health Diaison Program
Bureau of Toxic Substances
2 University Place
Room 240
Albany, New York 12203-3399

Mr. Bob Mutaw Woodward-Clyde Federal Services, Inc. 4582 S. Ulster Street Stanford Place 3, Suite 1200 Denver, Colorado 80237

Commander
U.S. Army Corps of Engineers
SEDA Resident Office
ATTN: CENAN-PP-E (Randy Battaglia)
Romulus, NY 14541-5001

Commander
U.S. Army Corps of Engineers
Seattle District
ATTN: CENPS-EN-GT (Mike Nelson)
PO Box 3755
Seattle, WA 98124-2255

Commander
U.S. Army Corps of Engineers
Huntsville District,
ATTN: CEHND-ED-CS (Kevin Healy)
PO Box 1600
Huntsville, AL 35807

Commander
U.S. Army Corps of Engineers
Huntsville District
ATTN: CEHND-ED-CS (Dorothy Richards)
PO Box 1600
Huntsville, AL 35807

Commander

U.S. Army Industrial Operations Command

ATTN: AMSIO-EQE (Randy Nida) Rock Island, IL 61299-6000

Commander

U.S. Army Environmental Center ATTN: SFIM-AEC-IRP (John Buck)

Aberdeen Proving Ground, MD 21010-5410

YES

Commander

U.S. Army Environmental Hygiene Agency
ATTN: HSHB-ME-SR (Keith Hoddinott) MCHB-DC-ERA

Aberdeen Proving Ground, MD 21010-5422

Commander

U.S. Army Material Command ATTN: AMCEN-A (Pete Cunanen)

5001 Eisenhower Avenue

Alexandria, VA 22333-0001

BTC - Jerry Whitaker

LRA - Diane DeMuth

Legal - Joanne' Ögden

PAO - Bev Lombardo

CEA - Bruce Johnson

CDR - LTC Brooks

Steve

Tom E.

Janet

me

SENECA LAKE

SIOSE-IE

SUBJECT: Bottom-up Review (BUR) and Restoration Advisory Board (RAB) Meeting Schedule

- Commander, U.S. Army Industrial Operations Command, ATTN: AMSIO-EQE (Randy Nida), Rock Island, IL 61299-6000
- Commander, U.S. Army Environmental Center, ATTN: SFIM-AEC-IRP (John Buck), Aberdeen Proving Ground, MD 21010-5410
- Commander, U.S. Army Environmental Hygiene Agency, ATTN: HSHB-ME-SR (Keith Hoddinott), Aberdeen Proving Ground, MD 21010-5422
- Commander, U.S. Army Material Command, ATTN: AMCEN-A (Pete Cunanen), 5001 Eisenhower Avenue, Alexandria, VA 22333-0001

BTC LRA BRAC OL Legal PAO CEA/CDR

# Restoration Advisory Board Icebreaker Agenda

# May 30, 1996

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	Commander, Seneca Army Depot Activity
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## Restoration Advisory Board Icebreaker Agenda

# May 30, 1996

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# Seneca Army Depot Activity Restoration Advisory Board Meeting

The first gathering of the Restoration Advisory Board (RAB) will take place at the Seneca Army Depot Officer's Club, East Lake Road on May 30, 1996 at 7:00 pm. The meeting is expected to adjourn no later than 8:30 pm. The purpose of this meeting is to provide general information on how the RAB will function and for the members to meet each other.

The purpose of establishing the RAB is to improve public participation by involving the community in the environmental restoration decision-making process. Seventeen community members are volunteering for the RAB and all the meetings will be open for public attendance and participation.

For more information contact Bev Lombardo, Public Affairs Officer at (607) 869-1353.

### Pete -

This is a copy of the public notice we are releasing in the finger Lakes Times. Everyone who takes part in our program will be there-regulators, Corps of Engineers, Army Environmental Center, Woodward Clyde (EBS + BRAC Cleanup Plan), Engineering Science, etc.

Minutes of the meeting will be available. (no stenographers!)

Hope to see you there. If you have any other questions, give me a call.

Janet

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### RESTORATION ADVISORY BOARD MAY 30, 1996 MEETING MINUTES

#### 1. Attendance

#### Government RAB members present:

Stephen Absolom, BRAC Environmental Coordinator, SEDA Carla Struble, U.S. Environmental Protection Agency Marsden Chen, N.Y. State Department of Environmental Conservation (Alternate for Kamal Gupta, NYSDEC) Dan Geraghty, N.Y. State Department of Health

#### Community RAB Members present:

Diane DeMuth, Richard Durst, Anne Herman, Frank Ives, Mary Anne Krupsak, Al Legasse, Richard Lewis, Russell Miller, Lucinda Sangree, Carmen Serrett, Richard Sisson, Henry Van Ness, David Wagner

#### Community RAB members absent:

Estelle Coleman, Brian Dombrowski, and Harold Kugelmass

#### Government and Technical Support Personnel present:

LTC Stephen Brooks, SEDA Commander Thomas Enroth, SEDA Environmental Engineer Janet Fallo, SEDA Environmental Engineer Jerry Whitaker, SEDA Base Transition Coordinator Beverly Lombardo, SEDA Public Affairs Officer Joanne Ogden, SEDA Legal Representative Susan Cooper, SEDA Secretary

John Buck, U.S. Army Environmental Center

Mike Cast, U.S. Army Environmental Center, Public Affairs Office

Keith Hoddinott, U.S. Army Center for Health Promotion and Preventive Medicine

Randy Nida, U.S. Army Industrial Operations Command

Randy Battaglia, U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, NY District, SEDA Resident Office

Kevin Healy, U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, Huntsville Division

Michael Duchesneau, Parsons Engineering Science, Inc.

Robert Mutaw, Woodward-Clyde

Rick Newill, Woodward-Clyde

#### Others present (from sign-in sheet):

Pete Coutts, International Technology Corporation John Finn, Remediation Technologies Corporation Thomas Grasek, Community Member Martin Toombs, Finger Lakes Times Mark Weider, International Technology Corporation

- 2. The first Restoration Advisory Board meeting was called to order by LTC Stephen Brooks, Commander of Seneca Army Depot Activity (SEDA). LTC Brooks welcomed all members and support staff to the Officer's Club.
- 3. Introductions were then made by Stephen Absolom, the BRAC Environmental Coordinator for SEDA. Mr. Absolom explained that the purpose of the evening's activities was to present a brief overview of the RAB process and become acquainted with other members and support staff.
- 4. Mike Cast, Public Affairs Officer from the Army Environmental Center provided basic information on Restoration Advisory Boards. His briefing explained what a RAB is, its purpose, and who comprised the Restoration Advisory Board. Mr. Cast defined the responsibilities of the RAB, its Co-Chairs, State and EPA support staff, and community members. Benefits of community participation were also discussed.
- 5. The Installation Command Briefing was then given by Jerry Whitaker, SEDA's Base Transition Coordinator. Items addressed were the depot's history, missions, population, facilities, contributions to the local community, relationship with the Local Redevelopment Authority, and white deer.
- 6. Future RAB meetings were discussed with the following issues agreed to by the members present:
- a. When?: Monthly meetings were deemed necessary at first--preferably during a weekday evening to accommodate the majority. The next RAB meeting will be held on Wednesday, June 26, 1996 at 7:00 p.m.
- b. Where?: It was decided that the next meeting will be held at the Seneca Army Depot Activity NCO Club. Other possible locations were the Romulus School, Willard Town Hall, and the Seneca County Office Building. These options may be exercised in the future.
- c. Who?: The Community Co-Chair will be selected at the June 26th meeting. Interested individuals (seven expressed an interest on their initial applications) will be required to provide a verbal presentation with election by a majority vote. Discussion followed regarding duties, time commitments, and administrative support.
- d. Two tours of the depot were offered to RAB members. Dates established were Wednesday, June 12th at 6:30 p.m. and Saturday, June 22nd at 9:00 a.m. A guest is welcome, provided there is room available in the 20-passenger bus. A sign-up sheet was available for those interested in attending a tour. Participants must sign in for the tour at Seneca's main gate on Route 96. The bus will depart 5 minutes after the times listed and will last approximately 1 ½ hours.
  - e. Training will be provided at initial RAB meetings to ensure understanding of the cleanup

process and what is required of the RAB. Information will be provided on regulatory involvement, the funding process, and acronyms and abbreviations.

- f. A tentative agenda for the June 26th meeting included the following topics: (1) introductory training, (2) current activities, and (3) initiate charter.
- 7. The formal meeting was then adjourned at 8:30 p.m. to afford RAB members and regulatory and support staff the opportunity to socialize and become acquainted.

Respectfully submitted,

Susan P. Cooper

SUSAN R. COOPER

Secretary

APPROVED AS SUBMITTED:

STEPHEN M. ABSOLOM

U.S. Army Co-chair

RICHARD A. DURST

Community Co-chair

### Restoration Advisory Board Meeting Agenda

# draft

### June 26, 1996

7:00	Welcome
	Mr. Bruce Johnson
	Civilian Executive Assistant (CEA), Seneca Army Depot Activity
	Mr. Stephen M. Absolom
	BRAC Environmental Coordinator, Seneca Army Depot Activity
7:10	Environmental Cleanup Process Overview
	Mr. Mike Duchesneau
	Parsons Engineering Science, Inc.
7:25	BRAC Cleanup Plan Overview
	Mr. Stephen M. Absolom
	BRAC Environmental Coordinator, Seneca Army Depot Activity
7:40	Community Co-chair Presentations/Election
	RAB members
8:10	Discussion of Draft Charter
	Mr. Stephen Absolom
	BRAC Environmental Coordinator, Seneca Army Depot Activity
8:45	Adjourn

### SENECA ARMY DEPOT ACTIVITY, NY RESTORATION ADVISORY BOARD CHARTER

### I. Purpose of the Restoration Advisory Board (RAB)

The primary purpose of the Seneca Army Depot Activity (SEDA) RAB is to improve public participation in the environmental restoration process taking place at SEDA.

### II. Functions of the RAB

- 1. The RAB will: function as a forum for open and interactive dialogue between government agencies and the public regarding environmental cleanup information; conduct regular meetings open to the public at convenient times and locations; keep meeting minutes; and make meeting minutes available to the public. The RAB brings together members who reflect diverse community interests to facilitate the flow of information, concerns, and needs between the local community, U.S. Army, N.Y. state regulators, and federal regulators.
- 2. The RAB will review issues related to cleanup, review cleanup strategies, track current and future activities and provide perspectives on cleanup priorities. The RAB and its members will communicate with community members and interest groups, serve as direct and reliable conduits of information to and from the community, and review and comment on various technical reports and cleanup plans.

### III. Basis and Authority for the RAB Charter

The basis and authority for this charter are contained in the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 1995 (Public Law 103-337), the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act (CERCLA) of 1980, as amended by the Superfund Amendment and Reauthorization Act (SARA) of 1986, particularly section 120(a), 120(f), and 10 USC 2705, enacted by Section 211 of SARA, and DoD and United States Environmental Protection Agency RAB Implementation Guidelines of September 1994, plus subsequent acts of United States Congress that herein apply.

### IV. Structure of the RAB

- 1. The RAB will be co-chaired by the BRAC Environmental Coordinator (BEC) for Seneca Army Depot Activity (or his/her alternate) and a community member. The co-chairs will have responsibility for managing the meetings.
- 2. Government RAB members include representatives from the installation (the BEC), U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, and N.Y. State. Other representatives from

	government agencies attend the RAB meetings as technical support staff but will not be named as RAB members. All other RAB members will be part of the communities that surround the Seneca Army Depot Activity installation. "Community" in this case is defined as
3.	The community co-chair will be selected by as established by the RAB. The term of office for the community co-chair position will be (months/years/indefinite) after being selected.
4.	The RAB community members are responsible for terminating a co-chair who is ineffective or detrimental to the progress of the RAB. Co-chair removal is determined by
5.	The RAB will meet at least quarterly at a location agreed upon by a consensus of the RAB members. Additional meetings or special focus meetings may be scheduled as the need arises.
6.	Agenda items will be compiled by the co-chairs. Suggested topics should be given to the SEDA co-chair not later than (weeks/days) prior to each meeting. The SEDA co-chair will be responsible for providing written notification to all RAB members of the upcoming agenda, date, time, and place of scheduled RAB meetings at least (weeks/days) prior to each meeting.
7.	The SEDA co-chair will be responsible for recording and distributing meeting minutes including a written list of attendees within (weeks/days) after the meeting. Any comments on the minutes must be received within (weeks/days) to be incorporated into the final minutes.
8.	A copy of meeting minutes will be sent to all RAB members within (days/weeks) after the meeting. After the minutes are reviewed and revised, they will be available in the Information Repository at the Romulus Town Hall in Willard.
	Roles and Responsibilities
1.	The SEDA co-chairperson will:
	Coordinate with the community co-chairperson to prepare and distribute an agenda prior to each RAB public meeting.
	Ensure that Department of Defense employees participate in an open and constructive manner.

Ensure that the RAB has the opportunity to participate in the SEDA environmental

V.

restoration process.

Ensure that community issues and concerns related to restoration are addressed when raised.

Ensure that an accurate mailing list of interested parties is developed and maintained.

Provide relevant policies and guidance documents to RAB members in order to enhance the RAB operation.

Ensure that adequate administrative support is provided for meeting agendas and minutes, meeting locations, necessary document reproduction and mailings, and distribution of public notices in local newspapers.

Refer issues not related to restoration to an appropriate installation official.

Report RAB activities to the appropriate installation officials.

Ensure documents distributed to the RAB are also made available to the general public.

### 2. The Community Co-chairperson will:

Coordinate with the SEDA co-chairperson and RAB members to prepare and distribute an agenda prior to each RAB public meeting.

Ensure that community members participate in an open and constructive manner.

Ensure that the RAB has the opportunity to participate in the SEDA environmental restoration process.

Ensure that community issues and concerns related to restoration are raised.

Ensure documents distributed to the RAB are also made available to the general public, as deemed appropriate in compliance with applicable laws and regulations.

### 3. The RAB Community Members will:

Attend all RAB meetings.

Provide advice and comment on environmental restoration issues to appropriate governmental agencies.

Be responsible for representing and communicating community interests and concerns to

the RAB.

Members will serve as a direct and reliable conduit for information exchange between the community and restoration process decision makers.

Members will be available to review the various technical documents generated by the environmental restoration process at SEDA.

### 4. The N.Y. State Regulatory Agency Member(s) will:

Attend all RAB meetings.

Serve as an information, referral resource bank for communities, installations and agencies regarding installation restoration.

Review documents and other materials related to restoration.

Ensure that state environmental standards and regulations are identified and addressed by SEDA.

Facilitate flexible and innovative resolutions of environmental issues and concerns.

Assist in education and training for the RAB members.

### 5. The U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) Member will:

Attend all RAB meetings.

Serve as an information, referral and resource bank for communities, installations and agencies regarding installation restoration.

Facilitate flexible and innovative resolutions of environmental issues and concerns.

Ensure that federal environmental standards and regulations are identified and addressed by SEDA.

Assist in education and training for the RAB members.

### VI. RAB Attendance Requirements

RAB members are expected to attend all meetings. If a conflict occurs, the member should notify one of the co-chairpersons that they will not be in attendance or send an alternate to the meeting. Members unable to continue to fully participate may submit or

be asked to submit their resignation in writing to the RAB.

VII. RAB Meeting Stru	ructure	e
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1.	The regular RAB meet	tings will be conducted	(monthly/quarterly) or as
	needed on	(Wednesdays/etc) at	or a location
	determined at the prev	ious meeting.	
2	Meetings will begin at	(time) and end who	en RAB business has been

- 2. Meetings will begin at \_\_\_\_\_ (time) and end when RAB business has been completed, normally not lasting more than 2 hours. Special focus meetings will be held, when necessary, in addition to the regular meetings.
- 3. There will be time allotted at the end of each item on the agenda for public comments.

### VIII. Procedure and Time Period for Review of Technical Documents

Technical documents will be reviewed by the RAB in the same time period as the regulatory staff, normally at least 30 days, so that the environmental restoration efforts at SEDA are not impeded. RAB members may provide written comments on documents which will be consolidated by the SEDA co-chairperson. An executive summary of large documents may be provided to RAB members and full documents will be available at the Information Repository. RAB members will be furnished a copy of documents in review at request.

### IX. Amendments to this Charter

This charter may be amended by a simple majority vote of RAB members in attendance at a RAB meeting, if the amendment is consistent with the laws and regulations governing its existence.

### X. Termination of this Charter

This charter will be terminated upon completion of the environmental restoration process at SEDA.

### XI. Effective Date of this Charter

The effective date of this charter shall be \_\_\_\_\_\_ (date which it is accepted by a simple majority vote of members present at meeting/date last signatory signed charter/etc).

Charter	
ordinator	
vity Co-chair	
-chair)	
	F, this charter was approved by the fory Board on the day of ordinator vity Co-chair

### **RESTORATION ADVISORY BOARD MAY 30, 1996 MEETING MINUTES**



### 1. Attendance

### Government RAB members present:

Stephen Absolom, BRAC Environmental Coordinator, SEDA
Carla Struble, U.S. Environmental Protection Agency
Marsden Chen, N.Y. State Department of Environmental Conservation
(Alternate for Kamal Gupta, NYSDEC)
Dan Geraghty, N.Y. State Department of Health

### Community RAB Members present:

Diane DeMuth, Richard Durst, Anne Herman, Frank Ives, Mary Anne Krupsak, Al Legasse, Richard Lewis, Russell Miller, Lucinda Sangree, Carmen Serrett, Richard Sisson, Henry Van Ness, David Wagner

### Community RAB members absent:

Estelle Coleman, Brian Dombrowski, and Harold Kugelmass

### Government and Technical Support Personnel present:

LTC Stephen Brooks, SEDA Commander
Thomas Enroth, SEDA Environmental Engineer
Janet Fallo, SEDA Environmental Engineer
Jerry Whitaker, SEDA Base Transition Coordinator
Beverly Lombardo, SEDA Public Affairs Officer
Joanne Ogden, SEDA Legal Representative
Susan Cooper, SEDA Secretary

John Buck, U.S. Army Environmental Center

Mike Cast, U.S. Army Environmental Center, Public Affairs Office

Keith Hoddinott, U.S. Army Center for Health Promotion and Preventive Medicine

Randy Nida, U.S. Army Industrial Operations Command

Randy Battaglia, U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, NY District, SEDA Resident Office

Kevin Healy, U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, Huntsville Division

Michael Duchesneau, Parsons Engineering Science, Inc.

Robert Mutaw, Woodward-Clyde

Rick Newill, Woodward-Clyde

### Others present (from sign-in sheet):

Pete Coutts, International Technology Corporation John Finn, Remediation Technologies Corporation Thomas Grasek, Community Member Martin Toombs, Finger Lakes Times Mark Weider, International Technology Corporation

- 2. The first Restoration Advisory Board meeting was called to order by LTC Stephen Brooks, Commander of Seneca Army Depot Activity (SEDA). LTC Brooks welcomed all members and support staff to the Officer's Club.
- 3. Introductions were then made by Stephen Absolom, the BRAC Environmental Coordinator for SEDA. Mr. Absolom explained that the purpose of the evening's activities was to present a brief overview of the RAB process and become acquainted with other members and support staff.
- 4. Mike Cast, Public Affairs Officer from the Army Environmental Center provided basic information on Restoration Advisory Boards. His briefing explained what a RAB is, its purpose, and who comprised the Restoration Advisory Board. Mr. Cast defined the responsibilities of the RAB, its Co-Chairs, State and EPA support staff, and community members. Benefits of community participation were also discussed.
- 5. The Installation Command Briefing was then given by Jerry Whitaker, SEDA's Base Transition Coordinator. Items addressed were the depot's history, missions, population, facilities, contributions to the local community, relationship with the Local Redevelopment Authority, and white deer.
- 6. Future RAB meetings were discussed with the following issues agreed to by the members present:
- a. When?: Monthly meetings were deemed necessary at first--preferably during a weekday evening to accommodate the majority. The next RAB meeting will be held on Wednesday, June 26, 1996 at 7:00 p.m.
- b. Where?: It was decided that the next meeting will be held at the Seneca Army Depot Activity NCO Club. Other possible locations were the Romulus School, Willard Town Hall, and the Seneca County Office Building. These options may be exercised in the future.
- c. Who?: The Community Co-Chair will be selected at the June 26th meeting. Interested individuals (seven expressed an interest on their initial applications) will be required to provide a verbal presentation with election by a majority vote. Discussion followed regarding duties, time commitments, and administrative support.
- d. Two tours of the depot were offered to RAB members. Dates established were Wednesday, June 12th at 6:30 p.m. and Saturday, June 22nd at 9:00 a.m. A guest is welcome, provided there is room available in the 20-passenger bus. A sign-up sheet was available for those interested in attending a tour. Participants must sign in for the tour at Seneca's main gate on Route 96. The bus will depart 5 minutes after the times listed and will last approximately 1 ½ hours.
  - e. Training will be provided at initial RAB meetings to ensure understanding of the cleanup

process and what is required of the RAB. Information will be provided on regulatory involvement, the funding process, and acronyms and abbreviations.

f. A tentative agenda for the June 26th meeting included the following topics: (1) introductory training, (2) current activities, and (3) initiate charter.



7. The formal meeting was then adjourned at 8:30 p.m. to afford RAB members and regulatory and support staff the opportunity to socialize and become acquainted.

Respectfully submitted,

STEPHEN M. ABSOLOM BRAC Environmental Coordinator

APPROVED:

STEPHEN W. BROOKS LTC, CM Commanding SENECA - DEH

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\*\*\*\* ACTIVITY REPORT \*\*\* \*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*

TRANSMISSION OK

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2679

CONNECTION TEL

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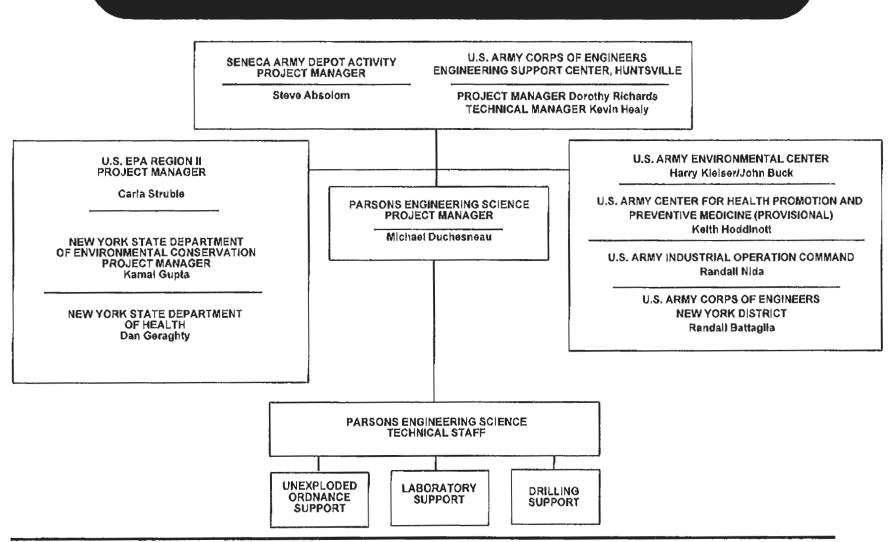
11

RESULT

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## SENECA ARMY DEPOT ACTIVITY PROJECT ORGANIZATION





### **UPDATE ON THE CLEAN-UP PROCESS**



The Clean-up Process



SWMU Investigation/Classification Status Update



RI/FS's Status Update



Completed Remedial or Removal Actions

# THE CLEAN-UP PROCESS

PARSONS ENGINEERING SCIENCE



### **GOVERNING REGULATIONS**



Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act of 1980 (CERCLA) or Superfund



**Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act** of 1986 (SARA)



New York Rules for Inactive Hazardous Waste **Disposal Sites** 



Resource Recovery and Conservation Act (RCRA)

### INITIAL MILESTONES OF CLEANUP PROCESS



Listed on the National Priority List (NPL)

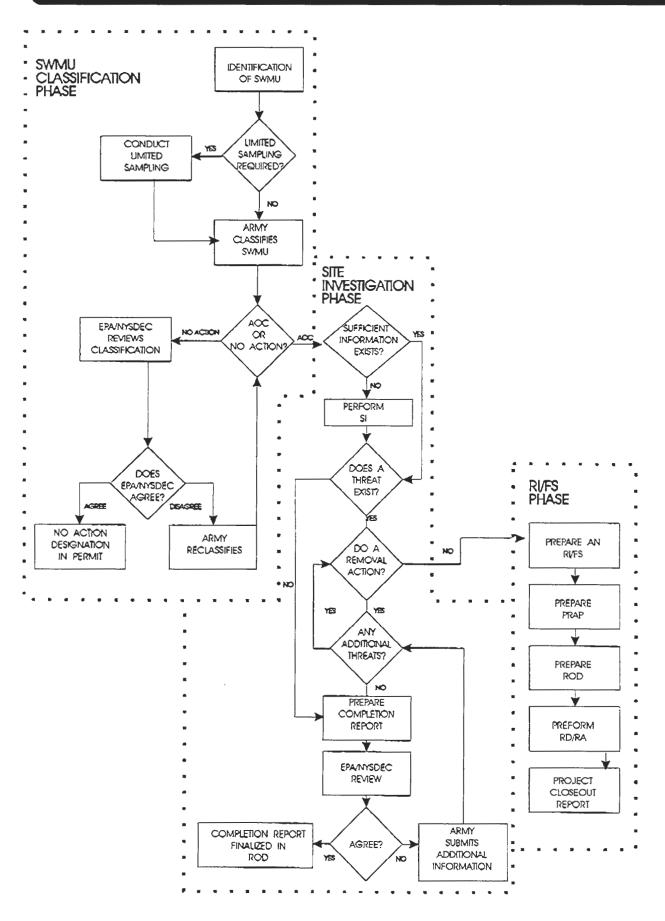
- Hazard Ranking System(HRS)
- August 1990, Seneca Army Depot Activity Listed on NPL



Interagency Agreement (IAG) or Federal Facility Agreement (FFA)

- Agreement between EPA, NYSDEC and the Army
- Signed by all parties on Jan, 21 1993

### SWMU CLASSIFICATION FLOWCHART



### THE CERCLA PROCESS at SEDA

PHASE	ACTIVITIES
IDENTIFICATION	SWMU Clasification
DELINEATION	Expanded Site Inspection (ESI) Remedial Investigation (RI)
EVALUATION	Risk Assessment
PRE-DESIGN	Feasibility Study (FS) Project Remedial Action Plan (PRAP) Record of Decision (ROD)
DESIGN	Plans and Specifications
REMEDIAL ACTION	Construction / Operation
MONITORING	Long Term Monitoring

PARSONS ENGINEERING SCIENCE



## SWMU INVESTIGATION/CLASSIFICATION PROCESS STATUS REPORT

### SWMU CLASSIFICATION REPORT



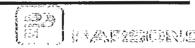
All 72 SWMUs Have Been Classified as Either No Action or Area or Area of Concern (AOC)



Final SWMU Classification Report Issued on September 16, 1994



First Primary Document Finalized Under IAG



### SWMU CLASSIFICATION SUMMARY

Federal Facilities Agreement (FFA) Status	Number of SWMUs or AOCs	
No Action	24	
Completion Report/ROD	12	
Removal Action/Completion Report/ROD	8	
RI/FS/PRAP/ROD	28	
TOTAL	72	

**ROD** - Record of Decision

RI/FS - Remedial Investigation/Feasibility Study

PRAP - Proposed Remedial Action Plan

**SWMU - Solid Waste Management Unit** 

AOC - Area of Concern



### 7 HIGH PRIORITY ESI MILESTONES



Draft Report (for EPA/NYSDEC Review) issued July 8, 1994

**Draft-Final Report Issued on May 11, 1985** 



No Additional NYSDEC Comments will be Provided



**EPA Comments Received on October 18, 1995** 



Final Report Issued on December 11, 1995



### 3 MODERATE PRIORITY ESI MILESTONES



**Draft Submitted on August 5, 1994** 



**Draft-Final Report Issued on June 9, 1995** 



No Additional NYSDEC Comments will be Provided



**EPA Comments Received on October 18, 1995** 



Final Report Issued on December 11, 1995



Army Recommends:

RI/FS/PRAP/ROD for SEADs-11, 13, 57

### 8 MODERATELY LOW PRIORITY ESI MILESTONES



Field Work Completed in July 1994

**Draft Report Submitted on April 14, 1995** 



**Draft -Final Issued on January 11, 1996** 



### **Army Recommends:**

- RI/FS/PRAP/ROD at SEADs-5, 12, 59
- Completion Report/ROD for SEADs-9, (43,56,69), 44, and 58
- Removal Action/Completion Report/ROD for SEAD-50

### 7 LOW PRIORITY ESI MILESTONES



Fieldwork Completed in July 1994



**Draft Report Submitted on April 6, 1995** 



**Draft -Final Report Submitted on May 3, 1996** 



### **Army Recommends:**

- RI/FS/PRAP/ROD at SEADs-60, 63, 64 and 71
- Completion Report/ROD for SEADs-62, and 70
- Removal Action/Completion Report/ROD for SEAD-67

# REMEDIAL INVESTIGATION/FEASIBILITY STUDY (RI/FS) STATUS REPORT

PARSONS ENGINEERING SCIENCE

### REMEDIAL INVESTIGATION (RI) AND FEASIBILITY STUDY (FS) OF THE FORMER OPEN BURNING GROUND (MILESTONES)



### Remedial Investigation

- Final Submitted on September 9, 1994
- Accepted as Final



### **Feasibility Study**

- Submitted Draft for Regulatory Review on March 10, 1994 with EPA and NYSDEC
- Received NYSDEC Comments on May 5, 1994.
- Received EPA Comments on September 30, 1994
- Formal Consultation with EPA and NYSDEC Occured until January 1996
- Draft-final FS Submitted on March 19, 1996
- EPA and NYSDEC comments Received on May 2, 1996

### CLEAN-UP GOALS FOR OB GROUNDS



500 mg/Kg max. for Lead in Soils On-site



16 mg/Kg max. for Copper in Sediments in Reeder Creek



31 mg.Kg max. for Lead in Sediments in Reeder Creek



No Runoff Without Sedimentation



Unexploded Ordnance Clearance, as Required

### REMEDIAL INVESTIGATION (RI) AND FEASIBILITY STUDY (FS) OF THE ASH LANDFILL (MILESTONES)



### Remedial Investigation

► Final Submitted on October 3, 1994



Source Removal Action Completed in June 1995



### Feasibility Study

- Draft Submitted on September 19, 1994
- Groundwater Modeling Report Submitted on January 4, 1996
- Draft-final FS Submitted on December 15, 1995
- EPA and NYSDEC comments Received in March 1996
- ➤ Final FS due on June 21, 1996

# REMEDIAL INVESTIGATION (RI) AND FEASIBILITY STUDY (FS) OF THE FIRE TRAINING AREAS (SEAD-25 and SEAD-26)



### **Remedial Investigation**

- Fieldwork Completed in December, 1995
- Second Round of GW Sampling Completed April, 1996



Pre-Draft (for Army Review) Submitted in April, 1996



Draft due on June 28, 1996

# COMPLETED REMEDIAL ACTIONS STATUS

(E) PANSONE

PARSONS ENGINEERING SCIENCE

### Restoration Advisory Board Meeting Agenda

### August 20, 1996

7:00	Welcome
	LTC Stephen W. Brooks
	Commander, Seneca Army Depot Activity
7:05	Acceptance of Minutes
	Mr. Stephen M. Absolom/Dr. Dick Durst
	Army Co-chair/Community Co-chair
7:10	The Process of Locating Environmental Sites
	Mr. Bob Mutaw
	Woodward-Clyde
7:45	Break
8:00	Proposed Remedial Action Plan (PRAP), Open Burning Grounds
	Ms. Eliza Schacht
	Parsons Engineering Science, Inc.
8:30	Review of Charter for Acceptance
	Mr. Stephen M. Absolom/Dr. Dick Durst
	Army Co-chair/Community Co-chair
8:40	Open Discussion
9:00	Adjourn

### RAB MEETING

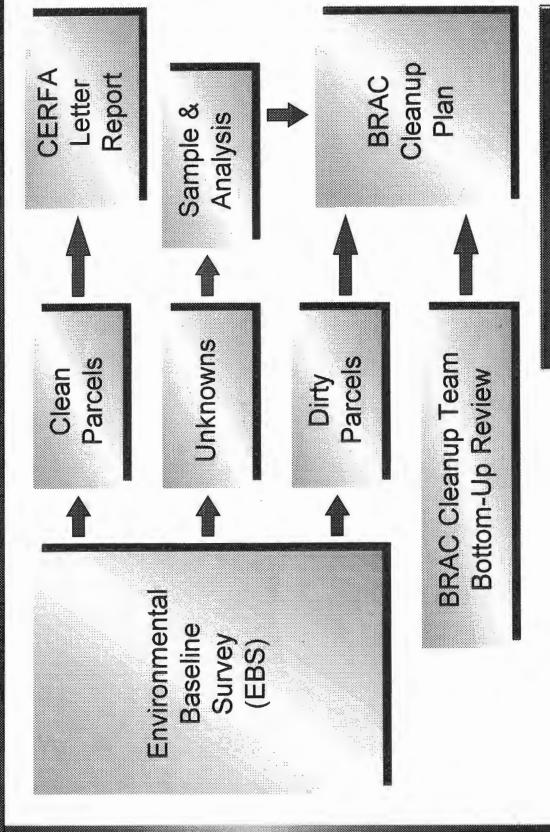
Purpose of presentation:

To inform the RAB of the methods used by Woodward-Clyde during the EBS process to ensure that all contaminated sites have been identified

August 21, 1996



# BRAC Environmental Process





Mood ward-Clyde

### Environmental Baseline Survey

### ◆ Scope:

All parts of the installation were looked at

### **♦** Objective:

To determine the environmental condition of all property at SEDA

### **CERFA Category Definitions**

<u>Cat.</u> #	<u>Color</u>	Environmental Condition of Property
1		Areas where no storage, for one year or longer, release, or disposal of hazardous substances or petroleum products has occurred (including no migration of these substances from adjacent properties). Additionally, includes areas where no evidence exists for the release, disposal, or migration of hazardous substances or petroleum products; however, the area has been used to store less than reportable quantities of hazardous substances (40 CFR 302.4) or 600 or fewer gallons of petroleum products.
2		Areas where only storage of hazardous substances in amounts exceeding their reportable quantity or petroleum products exceeding 600 gallons has occurred, but no release, disposal, or migration has occurred.
3		Concentrations do not require a removal or remedial action.
4		Removal or remedial actions have been taken.
5		Removal or remedial actions are underway, but all required actions have not yet been implemented.
6		Required removal or remedial actions have not yet been initiated.
7		Areas that are not evaluated or require additional evaluation.



### Parcel Qualifiers

- **♦** Asbestos Containing Materials
- **♦** Lead Based Paint
- **♦** PCBs
- **♦** Radon
- **♦** Unexploded ordnance
- **♦** Radiological Sources



### EBS METHODS

**♦** Records Reviews

**◆** Aerial Photograph Analysis

**♦** Personnel Interviews

**♦** Visual Inspections





- **♦** Federal, State and Local Agencies
- **◆ Database Searches**
- **◆ Deed and Title Searches**
- **◆Installation Records and Environmental Reports**



### Aerial Photograph Analysis

- **◆** Purpose: to search for evidence of past activities
- ◆ Review of 1954, 1963, 1969, 1981 & 1988 aerial photographs
- **◆** Areas identified were already SWMUs



### Personnel Interviews

- **◆** Purpose: to obtain information about the Depot's environmental history
- **♦** Past and present employees contacted
- **♦** Consistent approach



### Visual Inspections

- **♦** Purpose: to support the determination of the environmental condition
- **◆** Grounds, buildings, structures and equipment were inspected
- **♦** On-site and off-site inspections
- **♦** Consistent approach



### What did we find?

- **◆** Investigated 17 "rumored" sites
- **♦** Seven of these were confirmed and will be considered as Areas of Concern
- **◆** Ten of these were determined to not be real problem areas



### Conclusion

- **♦** Thorough investigation of all "rumored" sites
- **♦** Additional work will occur at confirmed sites
- ◆ All that can be reasonably done, has been done
- ♦ Your guarantee: the Army has stated that they will clean up any sites identified in the future that they were resposible for





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**AUGUST 20, 1996** 

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# RECEIVANTION NOW INSTRU

AUGUST 20, 1996

DAMSONS ENGINEERING SCIENCE, INC.



# PROPOSED REMEDIAL ACTION PLAN

FOR OPEN BURNING (OB) GROUNDS

AT THE

SENECA ARMY DEPOT ACTIVITY

(SEDA)



### PROPOSED REMEDIAL ACTION PLAN (PRAP) OPEN BURNING GROUNDS



✓ Background of the OB Grounds



Remedial Investigation (RI) Summary



Remedial Action Objectives

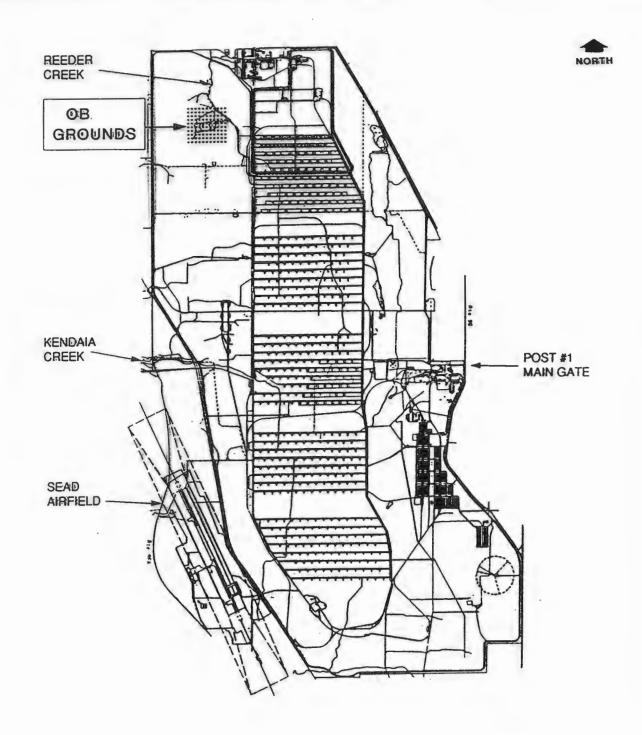


Remedial Alternatives



✓ Preferred Alternative







ENGINEERING-SCIENCE, INC.

CLIENT/PROJECT TITLE

SENECA ARMY DEPOT REMEDIAL INVESTIGATION / FEASIBILITY STUDY OPEN BURNING GROUNDS

DEPT. ENVIRONMENTAL ENGINEERING

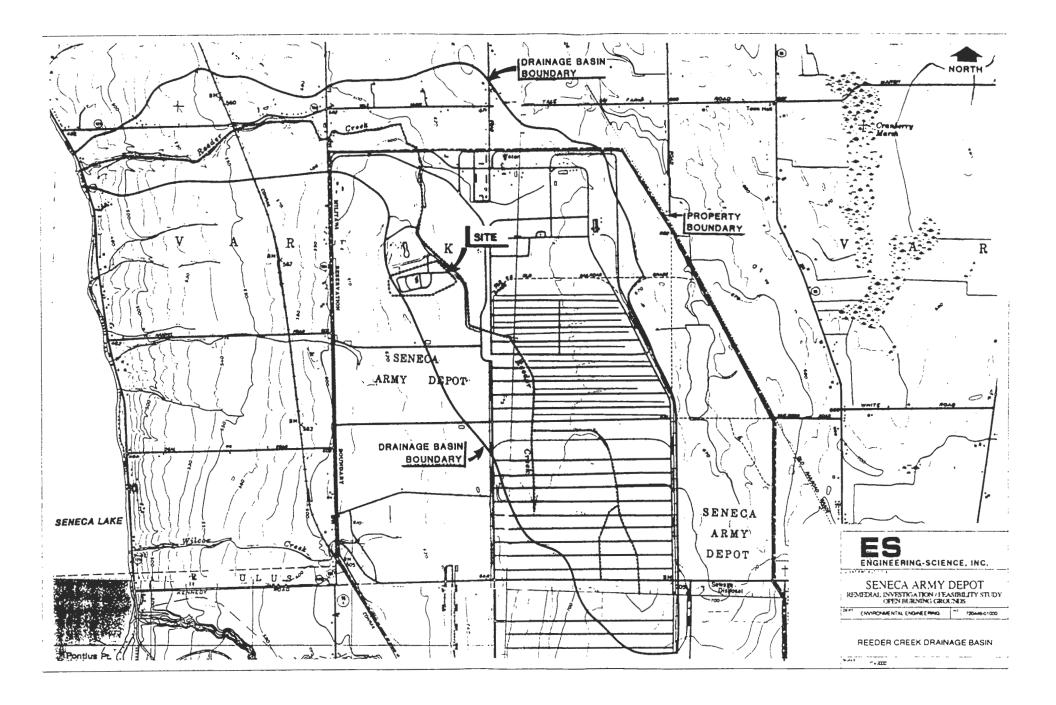
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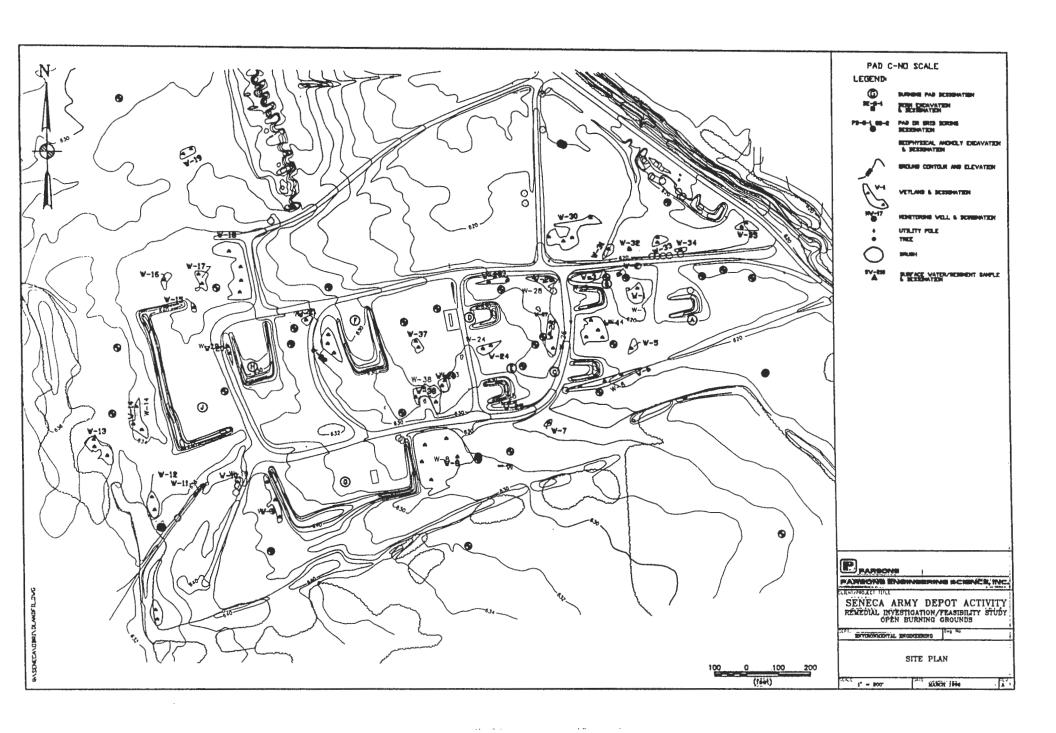
SENECA ARMY DEPOT MAP

SCALE

f" = 5000" (APPROXIMATE)

SOURCE: Seneca Army Depot





### REMEDIAL INVESTIGATION FIELD TASKS



88 Soil Borings

44 Grid Borings

44 Pad Borings



106 Soil Excavations

63 Berm Excavations

43 Low Hill Excavations



13 Groundwater Monitoring Wells Were 22 Groundwater Monitoring Wells

Previously Installed

2 Rounds of Groundwater Sampling

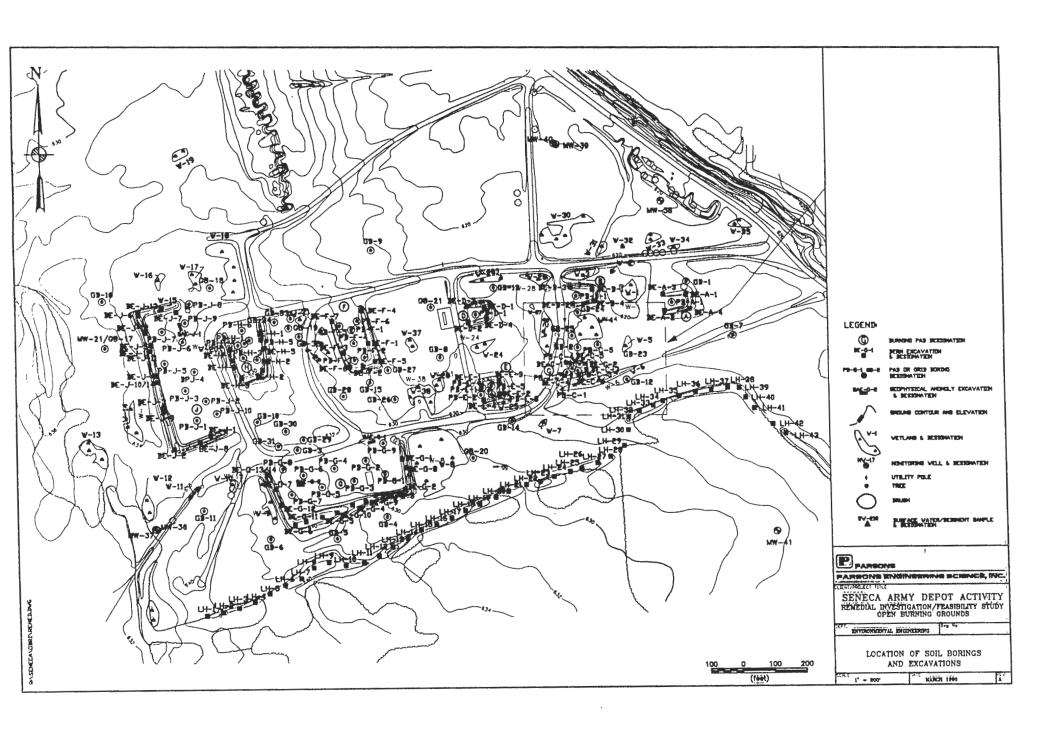
29 Surface Water and Sediment Samples

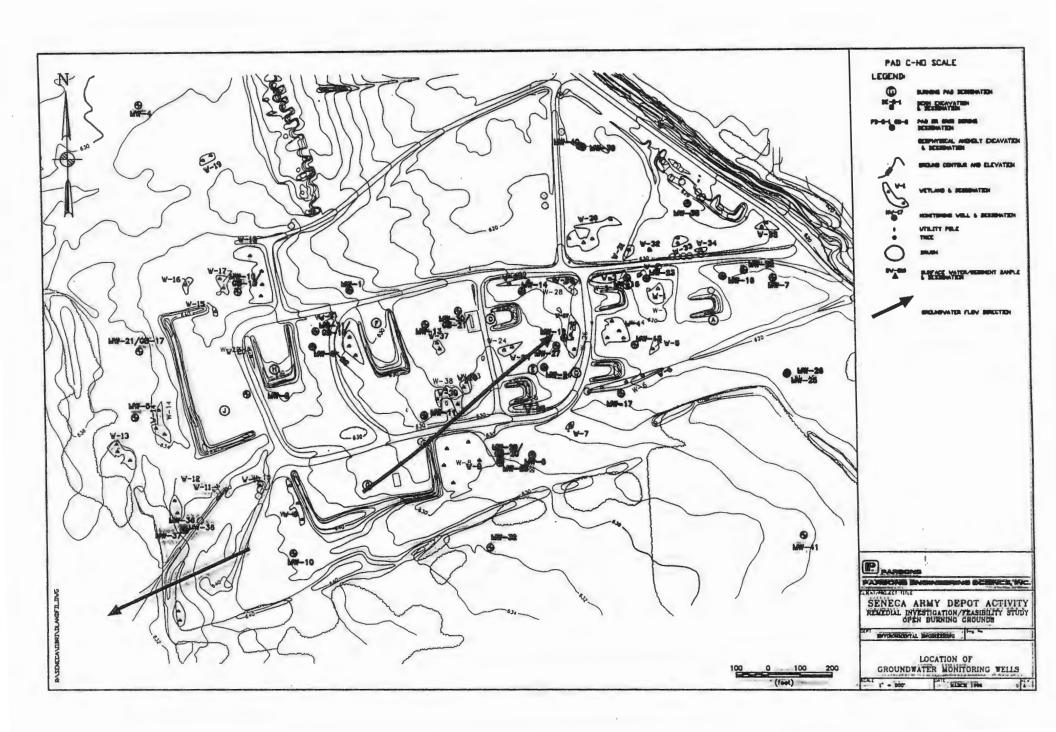


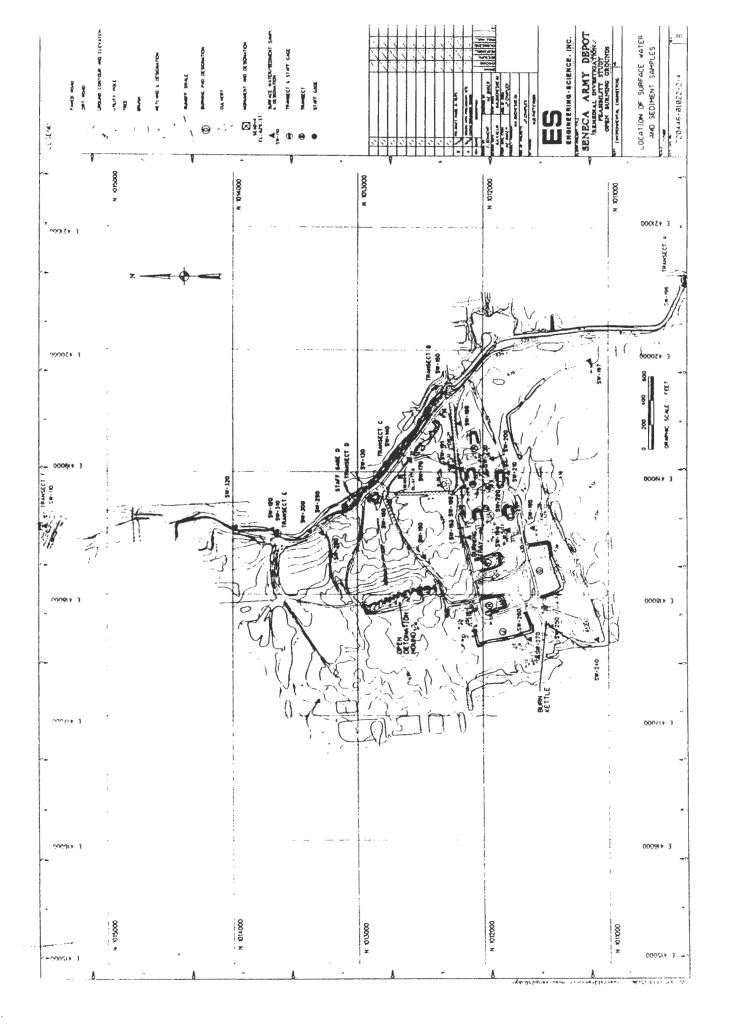
**Ecological Survey** 

Aquatic Sampling in Reeder Creek Terrestrial Study









### ANALYTES OPEN BURNING GROUNDS



Volatile Organic Compounds



Semivolatile Organic Compounds



Pesticides and PCBs

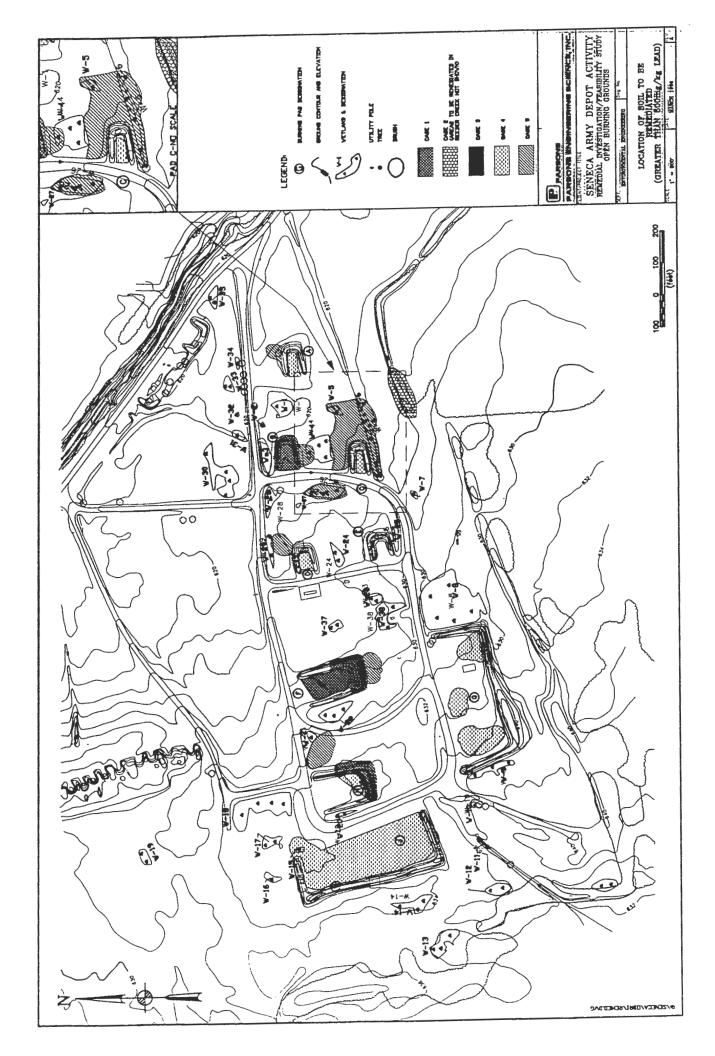


Metals



Explosives





# REMEDIAL ACTION OBJECTIVES FOR OPEN BURNING GROUNDS



500 mg/Kg max. for Lead in Soils On-Site

16 mg/Kg max. for Copper in Sediments in Reeder Creek

31 mg/Kg max. for Lead in Sediments in Reeder Creek

Prevent Surface Water Runoff

Unexploded Ordnance Clearance, as Required

Groundwater Monitoring

Revegetate the Site

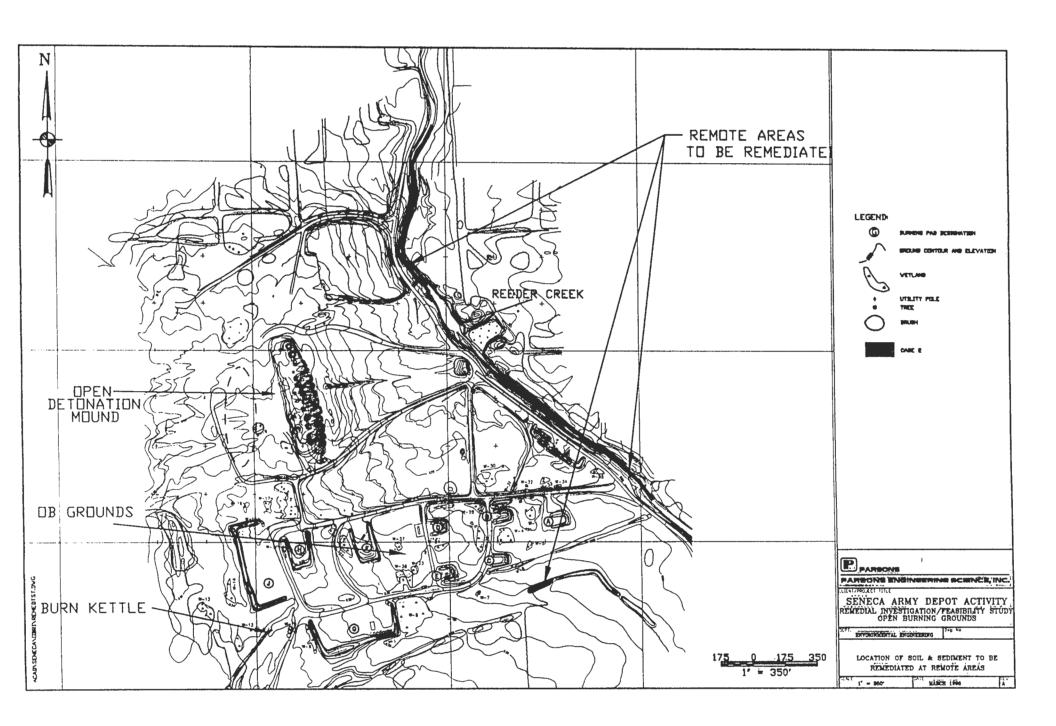
Monitor Sediments in Reeder Creek



### VOLUME OF SOIL TO BE REMEDIATED OPEN BURNING GROUNDS

CASE	LOGIC	LOCATION	VOLUME
Case 1	Soils exceeding TCLP limits	Pads B, F, H	3,746 c.y.
Case 2	Reeder Creek sediments Low Hill Soils	Reeder Creek Low Hill	896 c.y.
Case 3	All berms with concentrations of lead above 500 mg/kg	Pads A, C, D, E, G, J	3,825 c.y.
Case 4	All soils in pads with lead concentrations above 500 mg/kg	Pads A, C, D, G, J, H	7,107 c.y.
Case 5	All grid soils with lead concentrations above 500 mg/kg	Near Pads A, B, C, D, F, H	2,341 c.y.
CUMUL	CUMULATIVE TOTAL VOLUME		17, 915 c.y





### FOR THE OPEN BURNING GROUNDS REMEDIAL ALTERNATIVES



ALTERNATIVE 1: No Action



ALTERNATIVE 4: Off-Site Disposal



ALTERNATIVE 5: On-Site Disposal



ALTERNATIVE 6: Soil Washing



### CRITERIA FOR EVALUATING REMEDIAL ALTERNATIVES



Compliance with Applicable or Relevant and Appropriate requirements (ARARs)

Long-Term Effectiveness and Permanence

Reduction of Toxicity, Mobility, or Volume through Treatment

Short-Term Effectiveness

Implementability

Cost

### SENECA ARMY DEPOT ACTIVITY ALTERNATIVES FOR OPEN BURNING GROUNDS COST ESTIMATES FOR

Alternative	Present Worth Cost	Capital Cost	O&M Costs
7	(in millions) \$2.9 to \$4.5	(in millions) (in millions) \$2.9 to \$4.5 \$2.4 to \$4.0	\$45,300
<b>~</b>	<b>₹</b> ~	84.0	\$49,100
9	6 68	\$9.4	\$45.300



### ALTERNATIVE 4 - OFF-SITE DISPOSAL PREFERRED ALTERNATIVE:



Disposal of all Excavated Soils in an Off-Site Subtitle D Landfill



Treatment of Soils with TCLP Exceedences by Solidification/Stabilization



Construction Time:

Treatability Testing for

Solidification/Stabilization:

2 to 3 months

1 to 2 months



Present Worth Cost:

Remediation:

\$2.9 to \$4.5 million



### OPEN BURNING GROUNDS SOIL DATA RESULTS OF THE REMEDIAL INVESTIGATION

Barium Copper Lead	mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg	001,85 001,85 56,700	40.876 78.804 7445.67	30 30 300 300
Metals				
RDX 1,3,5-Trinitrobenzene Tetryl 2,4,6-Trinitrotoluene 4-amino-2,6-Dinitrotoluene 2-amino-4,6-Dinitrotoluene	ng/kg ng/kg ng/kg ng/kg ug/kg	000'11 006'8 000'08 000'1 008'4 008'4	Presentation 19 115.20	emoved from
Explosives				X
Denzo(a)anthracene Benzo(a)pyrene Bibenz(a,h)anthracene	RS/KB RS/KB RS/KB	049 0048 0068	87.108 61.088 74.848	19 077
Semivolatiles				
COMPOUND	STINO	KAKIXVIV	OE THE ME 95th UCL	VA CRITERIA SOIL AVSDEC

mg/kg 127,000 88431



1.68

Sinc

### RESULTS OF REMEDIAL INVESTIGATION SEDIMENT DATA FOR REEDER CREEK OPEN BURNING GROUNDS

NYSDEC	SEDIMENT	AN CRITERIA
	95TH UCL	UNITS OF THE MEAN
		0
		COMPOUN

<u>0</u>	27	0.11	85
ug/kg 1032.68	ug/kg 418.55	1.22	iia/ka 809.80
ug/kg	ug/kg	ug/kg	10/80
Copper	Lead	Mercury	Zinc

J. PARSONS

### HUMAN HEALTH RISK ASSESSMENT OPEN BURNING GROUNDS EXPOSED POPULATIONS



CURRENT LAND USE:

Off-Site Residents **On-Site Workers** 



**On-Site Residents** 

### SUMMARY OF BASELINE HUMAN SENECA ARMY DEPOT ACTIVITY HEALTH RISK ASSESSMENT OPEN BURNING GROUNDS

EXPOSURE SCENARIO	TOTAL HAZARD INDEX	TOTAL CANCER RISK
Current on-site industrial workers	0.25	6.3 x 10-6
Current local off-site residents	.007	$3.9 \times 10^{-7}$
Future on-site residents	0.33	$1.0 \times 10^{-5}$
EPA (arget value	1.0	10-4 × 10-6



## ANALYSES OF LEAD IN SOIL

### **ANALYSIS METHOD**

EPA Leaching Model (VLEACH)

### **RESULTS OF ANALYSIS**

Allowable concentration of lead in soil

16 mg/kg to 483 mg/kg

EPA Biokinetic Uptake Model (UBK) for Lead in Children

Allowable concentration of lead in soil

500 mg/kg to 1000 mg/kg



### RESULTS OF REMEDIATION OPEN BURNING GROUNDS

Concentrations/ Values Maximum

Maximum Lead Concentration

463 mg/kg

500 mg/kg.

16 mg/kg

Maximum Copper Concentration in Reeder Creek sediment

22.4 mg/kg \*

31 mg/kg

in Reeder Creek sediment

Hazard Index for Future on-site Residents

Maximum Lead Concentration

9.46 x 10-6

10-4 to 10-6

Maximum Lead in Blood

Total Carcinogenic Risk for Future on-site Residents

"The maximum concentration of copper is above the criteria because of the concentrations copper in the background sediment sample



# ALTERNATIVE 4: Off-Site Disposal

Excavation and Treatment of Soils with Concentrations Above TCLP Criteria

Excavation of Sediments in Reeder Creek

Excavation of Remaining Soils with Lead Concentrations Above 500 mg/Kg

Disposal of All Excavated Soils in an Off-Site Subtitle D Landfill

Long Term Groundwater Monitoring

Runoff Prevention

Site Revegetation

Sediment Sampling in Reeder Creek



# ALTERNATIVE 5: On-Site Disposal

Excavation and Treatment of Soils with Concentrations Above TCLP Criteria

Excavation of Sediments in Reeder Creek

Excavation of Remaining Soils with Lead Concentrations Above 500 mg/Kg

Disposal of All Excavated Soils in an On-Site Subtitle D Landfil

Long Term Groundwater Monitoring

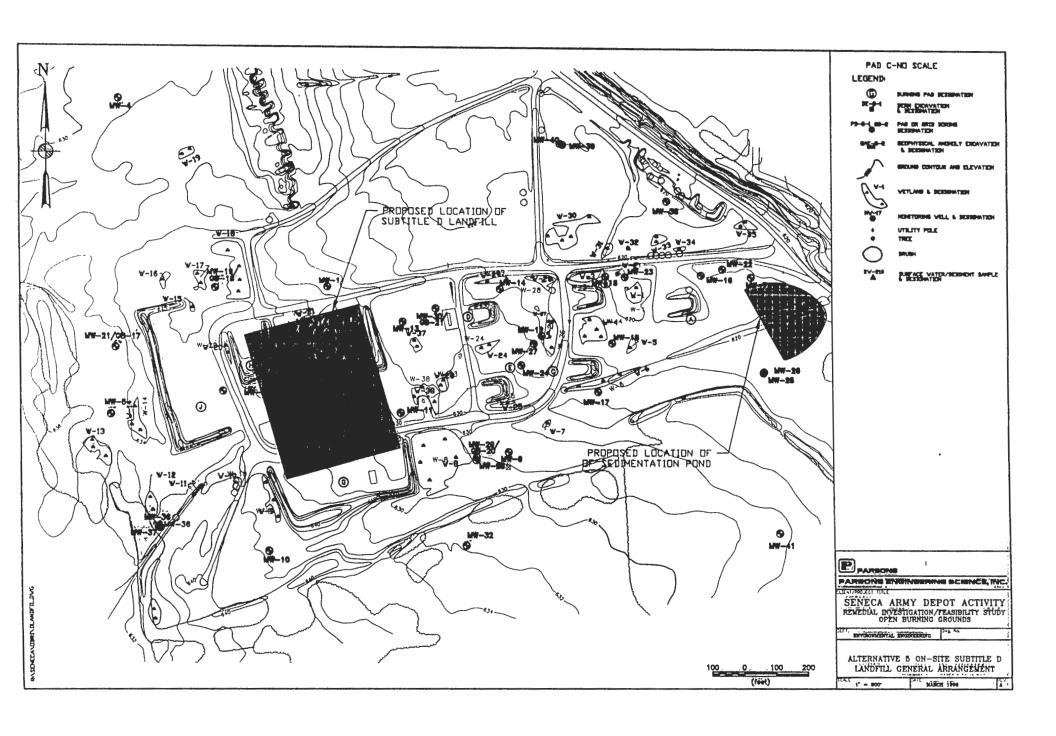
Runoff Prevention

Site Revegetation

Sediment Sampling in Reeder Creek

PARSONS ENGINEERING SCIENCE

SZAMEGE



## ALTERNATIVE 6: Soil Washing

**Excavation of All Soils with Lead Concentrations Above** 500 mg/Kg Including Soils Exceeding TCLP Criteria

**Excavation of Sediments in Reeder Creek** 

Soil Washing with Coarse Soil Backfilled and Fine Soil to Off-Site Treatment and Disposal

Long Term Groundwater Monitoring

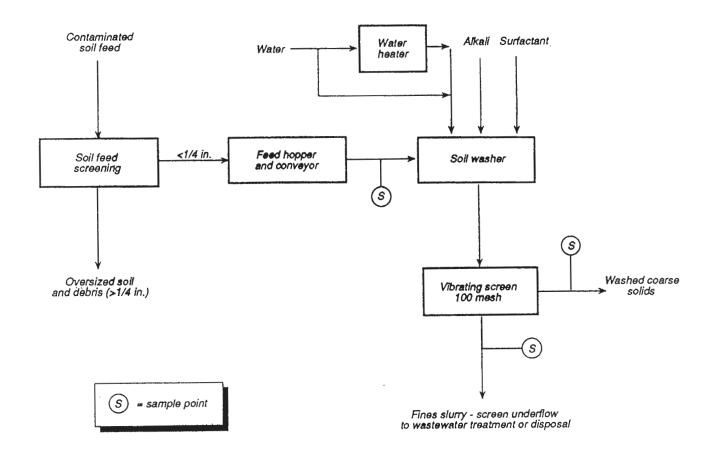
Runoff Prevention

Site Revegetation

Sediment Sampling in Reeder Creek



### SOIL WASHING PROCESS





### MINUTES RESTORATION ADVISORY BOARD AUGUST 20, 1996 MEETING MINUTES

### 1. Attendance:

### Government RAB Members Present:

Stephen M. Absolom, BRAC Environmental Coordinator, SEDA/Army Co-Chair Carla Struble, U.S. Environmental Protection Agency Kamal Gupta, NYS Department of Environmental Conservation

### Government RAB Members Not Present:

Dan Geraghty, NYS Department of Health

### Community RAB Members Present:

Dick Durst/Community Co-Chair, Anne Herman, Henry Van Ness, Carmen Serrett, Brian Dombrowski, Richard Sisson, Al Legasse, David Wagner, Harold Kugelmass, Estelle Coleman

### Community RAB Member Not Present:

Lucinda Sangree, Frank Ives, Mary Ann Krupsak, Richard Lewis, Russell Miller, Diane Demuth

### Government and Technical Support Personnel Present:

LTC Stephen Brooks, SEDA Commander
Thomas Enroth, SEDA Environmental Engineer
Janet Fallo, SEDA Environmental Engineer
Jerry Whitaker, SEDA Base Transition Coordinator
Beverly Lombardo, SEDA Public Affairs Officer
Susan Cooper, SEDA Secretary
Randy Battaglia, U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, NY District, SEDA Resident Office
Dorothy Richards, U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, Huntsville Division
Eliza Schacht, Parsons Engineering Science, Inc.
Robert Mutaw, Woodward-Clyde
Rick Newill, Woodward-Clyde
Marsden Chen, New York State Department of Environmental Conservation
Bruce Nelson, Malcom Pirnie

### Others Present (from sign-in sheet):

Chris Raddell, Community Member/Contractor Nellie Legasse, Community Member Karl Bechler, Community Member Bob Gagnon, Community Member/Contractor Patricia Jones, LRA M. Zackowski, Community Member

- 2. LTC Stephen Brooks welcomed members and support staff to the August Restoration Advisory Board in the NCO Club and delivered opening remarks.
- 3. Stephen Absolom outlined the evening's agenda and asked for introductions. Al Legasse expressed concerns about water, a valuable resource to the community. Minutes from the May RAB meeting were then approved and accepted into record. June minutes were discussed and corrections noted with final minutes to be provided by September's meeting.
- 4. Bob Mutaw of Woodward-Clyde provided a briefing on locating environmental sites as it applies to BRAC. The overview consisted of the Environmental Baseline Survey's category definitions, parcel qualifiers, methods used to research sites, and findings.
- 5. Eliza Schacht, Parsons Engineering Science, Inc. then gave a presentation on the Proposed Remedial Action Plan for the Open Burning (OB) Grounds at Seneca. After discussing the background of the 30-acre site, field sampling was explained and residual compounds identified. Remediation objectives were listed and remedial alternatives shown with their evaluating criteria and cost estimates. The Preferred Alternative, Alternative 4, suggests Off-Site Disposal to a licensed, permitted facility as the most cost effective for \$2.9 to \$4.5 million with a proposed start date for remediation of October 1997.
- 6. Execution of the Final Charter ensued. All comments from the last meeting were incorporated into the draft final and sent to RAB members prior to the meeting. The Charter was signed by the Army and Community Co-Chairs.

### 7. General discussion items follow:

- a. A request was made to provide RAB members with maps better illustrating the OB/OD Grounds' contamination sites identified in para 5 above. These documents will be provided before the September meeting.
- b. A question on cost difference for off-site disposal was raised. Costs for landfilling off-site is presently very competitive compared to costs incurred from on-site disposal and construction. Concerns for off-site disposal as a means of "passing our problem to someone else" were discussed. The current known methods of safe disposal were fully explained by Marsden Chen of the New York State Department of Environmental Conservation. He also stated that he would provide permitted landfill specifications to Steve Absolom for distribution to RAB members.
- c. Reuse efforts at the OB Grounds was questioned. Before offered for reuse, the area would be checked for unexploded conventional ordnance by individuals trained in that area.
- d. Radon testing on the installation was brought up. It was reported that all buildings were tested with only two being above the levels established as safe.

- e. Possible topics for future presentations generated several viable options.
- (1) A presentation by the Local Redevelopment Authority (LRA) to include future uses of the depot as well as the correlation between the RAB and LRA's activities and their impacts.
- (2) Risk Assessment for residential and/or industrial scenarios and how it's developed in accordance with USEPA and State guidance.
  - (3) Radiological contamination--it's impact, extent, future impact, and findings.
- (4) Ongoing activity and status/milestones of Ash Landfill, Remedial Investigation for the Fire Training Areas and Deactivation Furnaces and what was found.
- 8. The next Restoration Advisory Board meeting will be held on September 17, 1996 at 7:00 p.m. at the SEDA NCO Club.
- 9. The meeting was adjourned at 9:25 p.m.

Respectfully submitted,

Susan R. Cooper

SUSAN R. COOPER

Secretary

APPROVED AS SUBMITTED:

STEPHEN M. ABSOLOM

U.S. Army Co-Chair

RICHARD A. DURST

Community Co-Chair